SCHEDULE 1

Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009

The Hon Matt Kean, MP Minister for Energy and Environment

Simplified outline

The following is a simplified outline of this Rule:

• clauses 1-4 set out the commencement of the Rule, the objects of the Rule, the application of the Rule, and status and operation of the Rule.

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- clause 5 sets out the definitions of Energy Saven and Recognised Energy Saving Activity, and eligibility for accreditation as an Accredited Certificate Provider.
- clause 6 sets out the conditions on the creation of Energy Savings Certificates under the Rule.
- clause 7 sets out the calculation method for determining Energy Savings under the Project Impact Assessment Method.
- clause 7A sets out the calculation method for determining Energy Savings under the Project Impact Assessment with Measurement and Verification Method.
- clause 8 sets out the calculation method for determining Energy Savings under the Metered Baseline Method using one of the following sub-methods:
 - Baseline per unit of output (clause 8.5)
 - Baseline unaffected by output (clause 8.6)
 - Normalised baseline (clause 8.7)
 - NABERS baseline (clause 8.8)
 - Aggregated Metered Baseline (clause 8.9)

clause 9 sets out the calculation method for determining Energy Savings under the Deemed Energy Savings Method using one of the following sub-methods:

- Sale of New Appliances (clause 9.3)
- Commercial Lighting Energy Savings Formula (clause 9.4)
- Public Lighting Energy Savings Formula (clause 9.4A)
- High Efficiency Motor Energy Savings Formula (clause 9.5)
- Power Factor Correction Energy Savings Formula (clause 9.6)

Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020 -28 February 2022

- Removal of Old Appliances (clause 9.7) •
- Home Energy Efficiency Retrofits (clause 9.8) •
- Installation of High Efficiency Appliances for Businesses (clause 9.9) •
- clause 10 sets out the definitions and interpretation provisions. •
- clause 11 sets out savings and transitional arrangements relating to the amendment of this Rule.
- Schedule A sets out Default Factors and Classifications. •
- Schedule B sets out Activity Definitions for the Sale of New Appliances (clause 9.3) •
- Schedule C sets out Activity Definitions for the Removal of Old Appliances (clause 9.7) •
- Schedule D sets out Activity Definitions for General Activities for Home Energy Efficiency • Retrofits (clause 9.8)
- Schedule E sets out Activity Definitions for Low Cost Activities for Home Energy Efficiency • Retrofits (clause 9.8)
- entropy of High Schedule F sets out Activity Definitions for the Installation of High Efficiency Appliances for

1 Name and commencement

- 1.1 This Rule is the *Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009* and commences on 30 March-28 February 2022, with the following exceptions:
 - (a) Activities D6, D7, D8 and D9 (Insulation) of Schedule D commence on a date notified by the Minister responsible for the Act by notice published in the NSW Government Gazette;
 - (b) Clauses 5.4(k), 5.4(l) and 5.9 commence on a date notified by the Minister responsible for the Act by notice published in the NSW Government Gazette.

Note: The provisions referred to in clause 1.1(b) may commence on or after an Approved Corresponding Scheme is in operation in the Australian Capital Territory.

2 **Objects of the Rule**

2.1 The object of this Rule is to provide specific arrangements for the creation and calculation of Energy Savings Certificates where energy is saved, with no negative effect on production or service levels, through increased efficiency of electricity consumption or Gas consumption or both, or reduction in electricity consumption or Gas consumption or both. The Rule aims to save energy through measures that improve electricity end-use efficiency or Gas end-use efficiency or both.

3 Application of the Rule

- 3.1 This Rule applies to Accredited Certificate Providers accredited to create Energy Savings Certificates in respect of Recognised Energy Saving Activities in accordance with Part 91, Division 8 of Schedule 4A of the Act, the Regulations and this Rule.
- 3.2 For the avoidance of doubt, unless expressly provided otherwise, this Rule applies to the calculation of Energy Savings used to create Energy Savings Certificates for which an application for registration is made on or after 30 March 2020 <u>28 February 2022</u>.

4 Status and Operation of the Rule

4.1 This Rule is an Energy Savings Scheme Rule made under Part <u>91</u>, Division 13 of <u>Schedule</u> <u>4A of the Act</u>.

5 Definitions of Energy Saver and Recognised Energy Saving Activity, and eligibility for accreditation

Note: Other definitions of terms used in this document are set out at clause 10.

5.1 (deleted)

Energy Saver

5.2 The Energy Saver with respect to Energy Savings arising from a Recognised Energy Saving Activity, as calculated according to a calculation method in this Rule, is either:

- (a) the person defined as the Energy Saver in the relevant calculation method, provided that, as at the relevant Implementation Date, that person has not nominated another person to be the Energy Saver for those Energy Savings in accordance with clause 5.2 (b); or
- (b) the person nominated to be the Energy Saver by the person in clause 5.2 (a), provided that:
 - (i) the nomination has been made in a form and manner approved by the Scheme Administrator; and
 - (ii) as at the relevant Implementation Date, another person has not been nominated as the Energy Saver with respect to the same Energy Savings.

Recognised Energy Saving Activity

- 5.3 A Recognised Energy Saving Activity is any activity that meets all of the following criteria:
 - (a) it increases the efficiency of energy consumption, by:
 - (i) modifying End-User Equipment or the usage of End-User Equipment (including by installing additional components) with the result that there is a reduction in the consumption of energy compared to what would have otherwise been consumed;
 - (ii) replacing End-User Equipment with other End-User Equipment that consumes less energy, subject to clause 5.3A;
 - (iii) installing New End-User Equipment that consumes less energy than other comparable End-User Equipment of the same type, function, output or service, subject to clause 5.3B; or
 - (iv) removing End-User Equipment with the result that there is a reduction in the consumption of energy compared to what would have otherwise been consumed, subject to clause 5.3A; and
 - (b) it does not result in a reduction in energy consumption by reducing production or service levels (including safety levels); and
 - (c) it is implemented at Site or Sites in an ESS Jurisdiction; and
 - (d) it is not unlawful to carry out the activity in that ESS Jurisdiction as at the Implementation Date; and
 - (e) it increases the efficiency of the energy consumption by:
 - (i) Acreasing the efficiency of electricity consumption;



- increasing the efficiency of consumption of a Gas, where the Gas is combusted for stationary energy;
- fuel switching from electricity to Gas, or Gas to electricity; or
- (iv) generating electricity where the electricity is used to provide equivalent goods or services, with the result that there is an overall reduction in the consumption of energy compared to what would have otherwise been consumed, subject to clause 5.4(i).
- 5.3A The replacement or removal of End-User Equipment only constitutes a Recognised Energy Saving Activity if the Accredited Certificate Provider:
 - (a) does not refurbish, re-use or resell that End-User Equipment; and

- (b) if the Implementation Date is on or after 15 May 2016, disposes of that End-User Equipment appropriately, such that:
 - (i) if the postcode of the Implementation is in a Metropolitan Levy Area listed in Table A25 of Schedule A, any lighting End-User Equipment containing mercury must be recycled in accordance with the recycling requirements of a Product Stewardship Scheme; and
 - (ii) recycling evidence is obtained for any refrigerants being disposed of, such as a tax invoice or a recycling receipt, or any other evidence acceptable to the Scheme Administrator.

Note: any refrigerants in the End-User Equipment must be disposed of in a manner that is compliant with the *Ozone Protection and Synthetic Greenhouse Gas Management Act 1989 (Cth).*

- 5.3B The installation of New End-User Equipment only constitutes a Recognised Energy Saving Activity if the Scheme Administrator is satisfied that the efficiency of energy consumption of the New End-User Equipment is greater than the average energy efficiency of End-User Equipment that provides the same type, function, output or service. For these purposes, the energy efficiency of End-User Equipment may be estimated by reference to:
 - (a) baseline efficiency for that class of End-User Equipment which may, from time to time, be Published by the Scheme Administrator;
 - (b) sales-weighted market data for that class of End User Equipment collected from installers, retailers, distributors or manufacturers; or
 - (c) product-weighted averages of Products registered as complying with an AS/NZS that defines how energy efficiency is to be measured for that class of End-User Equipment.

Activities which are not Recognised Energy Saving Activities

- 5.4 Recognised Energy Saving Activities do not include any of the following:
 - (a) the installation of End-User Equipment defined as a:
 - (i) T5 Adaptor kit in Table A9.3 of Schedule A; or
 - (ii) Retrofit Luninaire-LED Linear Lamp in Table A9.3 of Schedule A;
 - (b) an activity undertaken in order to comply with any mandatory legal requirement imposed through a statutory or regulatory instrument of any jurisdiction, including, but not limited to, compliance with <u>BASIX and BCA requirementsBCA and BASIX affected</u> development requirements, except for alterations, enlargements or extensions of a BASIX affected development as defined in clause 3(1)(c) of the *Environmental Planning and*



Assessment Regulation 2000; an activity that is a Standard Control Service or Prescribed Transmission Service undertaken by a Network Service Provider in accordance with the National Electricity Rules under the National Electricity (NSW) Law, except if the activity is a Non-Network

Option;

Note: Clause 5.4(c) does not prohibit the calculation of Energy Savings under the Public Lighting Energy Savings Formula in clause 9.4A.

(d) the supply of electricity by an Electricity Retailer, or the purchase of electricity from an Electricity Retailer by a customer, from the Electricity Network, under a representation by the Electricity Retailer that there is a reduction in greenhouse gas emissions because the

electricity supplied is connected with, or represents an amount equal to, the generation of electricity from a particular energy source. This includes but is not limited to purchases of GreenPower;

Note: This excludes activities involving the purchase of electricity under "GreenPower" accredited or similar schemes that are eligible to create certificates or Renewable Energy Certificates at the point of generation.

(e) an activity that results in a reduction in the consumption of energy by reducing production or service levels (including safety levels);

Note: Reduced energy consumption not directly due to specific actions to improve efficiency does not qualify as a Recognised Energy Saving Activity. Mild weather, lower production, closing down part of a Site, or reducing the quality or quantity of service derived from the use of that energy do not qualify as a Recognised Energy Saving Activity.

Reducing energy consumption where there is no negative effect on production or service levels (e.g. reduction of excessive lighting, removal of redundant installed capacity or the installation of more energy efficient equipment) is a Recognised Energy Saving Activity and is not excluded by this clause.

- (f) an activity that reduces energy consumption by increasing consumption of non-renewable fuels (other than Gas) to provide equivalent goods or services;
- (g) an activity that is eligible to create tradeable certificates under the *Renewable Energy* (*Electricity*) *Act 2000* (*Cth*);), except if the activity is the installation of a new or replacement solar water heater or heat pump water heater:
- (h) an activity that increases the efficiency of Gas consumption and results in flaring of Gas;
- (i) an activity that reduces energy consumption by generating electricity from any source where:
 - (i) the generated electricity is exported to the Electricity Network; or
 - (ii) the generating system has a nameplate rating of 30 MW or higher;

a fuel switching activity under clause 7A, clause 8.5, clause 8.6 or clause 8.7 that leads to a net increase in greenhouse gas emissions, where greenhouse gas emissions are calculated using Electricity Savings, Gas Savings, and full fuel cycle emissions factors and equations from the current version of the National Greenhouse Accounts Factors.

- (k) an activity implemented at a Site in the Australian Capital Territory where the Site is required to report energy consumption under any of the following:
 - (i) the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 (Cth); or
 - (ii) the Australian Government's Energy Efficiency in Government Operations Policy; or
 - (iii) the Carbon Neutral ACT Government Framework.

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- (1) if the Site is in the Australian Capital Territory, any Lighting Upgrade (as referred to in clause 9.4) that is undertaken as part of a development or refurbishment requiring development approval under the *Planning and Development Act 2007* (ACT).
- 5.5 For the purposes of clause 5.3, a Recognised Energy Saving Activity may:
 - (a) involve multiple Activity Definitions or items of End-User Equipment; and
 - (b) occur at a single Site or across multiple Sites where each Implementation has an Implementation Date; and
 - (c) be delivered by Implementations with the same or different Implementation Dates.

Eligibility for accreditation

- 5.6 A person is only eligible for accreditation as an Accredited Certificate Provider of the person is a suitable person to be so accredited.
- 5.7 In considering the suitability of a person to be accredited as an Accredited Certificate Provider, the Scheme Administrator may take into account such matters as it thinks relevant, including:
 - (a) previous commercial dealings of the person and its associates; and
 - (b) the standard of honesty and integrity shown in previous commercial dealings of the person and its associates.
- 5.8 In clause 5.7, "associate", in relation to a person, has the same meaning it would have under Division 2 of Part 1.2 of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* if only sections 10, 11, 12(2), 12(5), 15 and 16(1) formed part of that Division
- 5.9 For Implementations at any Site located in the Australian Capital Territory, the Accredited Certificate Provider must be an Approved Abatement Provider approved by the Energy Efficiency Improvement Scheme Administrator as at the Implementation Date.

6 Creation of Energy Savings Certificates

Note: Only Accredited Certificate Providers may create Energy Savings Certificates (section 134clause 37 of Schedule 4A of the Act).

6.1 (deleted)

An Accredited Certificate Provider may only create Energy Savings Certificates in respect of the Energy Savings for an Implementation where:

- (a) the Accredited Certificate Provider is the Energy Saver for those Energy Savings as at the Implementation Date; and
- (b) the Accredited Certificate Provider's Accreditation Date for that Recognised Energy Saving Activity is prior to the Implementation Date.
- 6.3 (deleted)

- 6.4 An Accredited Certificate Provider may not create Energy Savings Certificates in respect of any Energy Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates have already been created.
- 6.5 An Accredited Certificate Provider may only create a certain Number of Certificates in respect of the Energy Savings arising from a Recognised Energy Saving Activity, calculated in accordance with **Equation 1**.

Equatio	n 1
Number	of Certificates = $\sum_{\text{Implementations}} (Electricity Savings \times Electricity Certificate Conversion)$
Factor -	+ Gas Savings × Gas Certificate Conversion Factor)
Where:	
•	<i>Number of Certificates</i> is rounded down to a whole number of Energy Savings Certificates;
•	the summation is across the Energy Savings arising from one of more implementations of the Recognised Energy Saving Activity;
•	<i>Electricity Savings and Gas Savings</i> are the Electricity Savings and Gas Savings respectively, in MWh, arising from each Implementation as calculated according to (as relevant):
	- the Project Impact Assessment Method (clause 7):
	- the Project Impact Assessment with Measurement and Verification Method (clause 7A);
	- the Metered Baseline Method (clause 8); or
	- the Deemed Energy Savings Weihod (clause 9).
•	<i>Electricity Certificate Conversion Factor</i> is 1.06, as specified in section 130clause 33(1) of Schedule 4A of the Act, or as amended by Regulation.
•	<i>Gas Certificate Conversion Factor</i> is 0.39, as specified in section 130clause 33(1) of <u>Schedule 4A orbite Act</u> , or as amended by Regulation.
Noto: E	for fuel switching activities, either Gas Savings or Electricity Savings may be

Note: For fuel switching activities, either Gas Savings or Electricity Savings may be negative. Energy Savings Certificates may only be created where the result of Equation 1 is a positive number.

6.5A The method used to calculate the Energy Savings arising from a Recognised Energy Saving Activity must:

- (a) be approved by the Scheme Administrator before any Energy Savings Certificates are created using that method. For the purposes of such an approval, the Scheme Administrator may impose additional conditions in respect of the use or application of that method; and
- (b) produce a result reasonably reflecting, to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator, the Energy Savings arising from that Implementation.
- 6.5B Energy Savings may be totalled over more than one Implementations of the same Recognised Energy Saving Activity to create one or more Energy Savings Certificates.

- 6.5C Any Implementation that meets all of the Eligibility Requirements, Equipment Requirements and Implementation Requirements for the relevant Recognised Energy Saving Activity on the Implementation Date, is deemed to meet the requirements of this Rule for Energy Savings Certificate creation, unless otherwise advised in writing by the Scheme Administrator.
- 6.6 (deleted)
- 6.7 (deleted)
- 6.8 For the purpose of applying to register the creation of Energy Savings Certificates for one or more Implementations, an Accredited Certificate Provider must provide the following data to the Scheme Administrator in a manner and form determined by the Scheme Administrator
 - (a) the Accredited Certificate Provider identifier;
 - (b) the Recognised Energy Saving Activity identifier;
 - (c) the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took places
 - (d) any other identifiers required to identify the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place;
 - (e) the Implementation Date of the Implementation(s);
 - (f) the Electricity Savings, Regional Network Factor applied and Gas Savings for each Implementation, and the estimated percentage of each attributable to fuel switching from electricity to Gas, and Gas to electricity;
 - (g) the Australian Business Number of
 - (i) the entity utilising the End Use Service, where applicable;
 - (ii) or, for the purpose of classe 9.3, the Appliance Retailer;
 - (h) the cost to the person who pays for the goods or services that comprise the Implementation, excluding GST,
 - (i) the type of the End-Use Service for which energy was saved in accordance with Table A17 of Schedule A:
 - (j) the Business Classification of the entity utilising the End-Use Service in accordance with Table A18 of Schedule A;
 - (k) the Method or sub-method and Activity Definition, where relevant, used to calculate the Energy Savings;

the Electricity Savings and Gas Savings calculated under each Activity Definition that is used for the Implementation, if the Energy Savings are calculated under clause 9.8 or 9.9 of the Deemed Energy Savings Method; and

m) any other data providing evidence of Energy Savings from the Implementation as Published, from time to time, by the Scheme Administrator.

6.9 Before registering the creation of an Energy Savings Certificate, the Scheme Administrator may review the data provided in accordance with clause 6.8 to ensure that the calculation of the Energy Savings used to create the Energy Savings Certificate is based on complete data.

Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020

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Note: An Energy Savings Certificate has no force or effect until the creation of the certificate is registered by the Scheme Administrator (section 143<u>clause 46 of Schedule</u> <u>4A</u> of the Act).

7 Project Impact Assessment Method

Note: The Project Impact Assessment Method may only be used to "forward create" (under clause 7.4.4) or "top-up" (under clause 7.4.6) Energy Savings Certificates in relation to Implementations with an Implementation Date on or before 30 October 2015.

The Project Impact Assessment Method may only be used for "annual creation" (using Equation 2) to create Energy Savings Certificates in relation to Implementations with an Implementation Date on or before 15 April 2016.

7.1 Energy Savings under the Project Impact Assessment Method

- (a) An Accredited Certificate Provider may only use the Project Impact Assessment Method to calculate the Energy Savings of Implementations if the Accredited Certificate Provider is authorised, on or before 30 September 2014, to use clause 7 to calculate those Energy Savings under its accreditation conditions.
- (b) (deleted)
- (c) Energy Savings calculated in accordance with clause 7.4.4 or 7.4.6, may only be used to create Energy Savings Certificates where those Energy Savings are for Implementations with an Implementation Date on or before 30 October 2015.
- (d) Using the Project Impact Assessment Method, the Energy Savings of an Implementation may be calculated using Equation 2, where:
 - (i) those Energy Saungs are for Implementations with an Implementation Date on or before 15 April 2016; and
 - (ii) those Energy Savings are for a maximum period of 10 years after the Implementation Date.

Electricity Savings = Reduced Electricity Consumption x Confidence Factor

Where:

Equation 2

- *Reduced Electricity Consumption* is the extent to which the electricity consumption of the equipment, process, or system is, as a consequence of the Recognised Energy Saving Activity, different to what it otherwise would have been, and is to be calculated in accordance with the engineering assessment in clause 7.2; and
- *Confidence Factor* is the number determined in accordance with clause 7.3 (depending on the type of engineering assessment performed).

7.2 Engineering assessment of reduced electricity consumption

Accredited Certificate Providers using the Project Impact Assessment Method in respect of any Recognised Energy Saving Activity must calculate the reduced electricity consumption of only the equipment, process, or system that is the subject of the Recognised Energy Saving Activity using an engineering assessment or model:

- (a) that uses reasonable assumptions and generally accepted engineering methods, models, and formulae;
- (b) in which the methods, models and formulae used to assess the Recognised Energy Saving Activity are chosen by the Accredited Certificate Provider, but the assessment is assigned a Confidence Factor under clause 7.3 reflecting the accuracy of the engineering assessment conducted; and
- (c) that takes account of:
 - (i) the consumption of the existing equipment, systems or processes, or for the purposes of clause 5.3B, the average energy efficiency of comparable New End-User Equipment as described in that clause;
 - (ii) the performance of the equipment, systems or processes, including degradation over time;
 - (iii) the operating characteristics of the equipment, systems or processes, including hours of use, degree of loading, usage, operating patterns and behaviour, ambient conditions and any other relevant factors; and
 - (iv) any of the factors or constants used in a Deemed Energy Savings Method under clause 9, if the variable that the value represents is relevant to the assessment or, if the Accredited Certificate Provider proposes to use a different value for the same purpose, that value is acceptable to the Scheme Administrator.

7.3 Confidence Factor

The Confidence Factor is:

- (a) 1.0, if the engineering assessment determines energy consumption to a high level of accuracy based on logged or equivalent data from the End-User Equipment such as:
 - (i) hours of operation for the End-User Equipment determined from measurements taken over time or other logged data, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy;
 - (ii) anovances for any variance in input characteristics and usage, degree of loading, or output characteristics for the End-User Equipment over time determined from measurements or other logged data, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy;

- (iii) operating environment and ambient conditions over time for the End-User Equipment determined from measurements or other logged data, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy;
- (iv) End-User Equipment characteristics using a full performance curve from manufacturers' or measured data, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy; and
- (v) performance degradation of the End-User Equipment over time using detailed calculations and manufacturers' or measured degradation characteristics, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy, (including where the engineering assessment relies upon factors or constants used in a Deemed Energy Savings Method set out in this Rule);

or,

- (b) 0.9, if the engineering assessment determines energy consumption to a lesser level of accuracy from that described in clause 7.3(a), based on estimations from logged data, records or equivalent data such as:
 - (i) hours of operation for the End-User Equipment estimated from records, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy;
 - (ii) allowances for any variance in input characteristics and usage, degree of loading, or output characteristics for the End-User Equipment over time estimated from records, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy;
 - (iii) operating environment and ambient conditions over time estimated for the End-User Equipment from records or average measurements, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy;
 - (iv) End-User Equipment characteristics taking account of performance at full and part load or discrete operating modes, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy; and
 - (v) estimates of performance degradation of the End-User Equipment over time using manufacturers' or other representative degradation characteristics, or a simpler method where this yields an equivalent level of accuracy.
- or,
- (c) 0.8, or another value approved by the Scheme Administrator, if the engineering assessment does not meet the level of accuracy set out in clause 7.3 (a) or (b).

7.4 Energy Savings able to be brought forward using the Project Impact Assessment Method

Note: Section 131Clause 34 of Schedule 4A of the Act provides that the Rules may specify when Energy Savings arising from a Recognised Energy Saving Activity are considered to have occurred.

Therefore, under the Rule, Accredited Certificate Providers may elect to 'forward create' Energy Savings Certificates by deeming Energy Savings which will cumulatively occur for a future period, to have occurred on the Implementation Date or a later date per the requirements of clause 7.4.3. However, a discount will be applied to the calculation of those Energy Savings.

7.4.1 For the purposes of <u>section 131 clause 34 of Schedule 4A</u> of the Act, an Accredited Certificate Provider may elect for future Energy Savings for an Implementation to be deemed to have occurred on a date determined in accordance with clause 7.4.3.

7.4.2 The time period of future Energy Savings for an Implementation which may be deemed to have occurred on a date determined by clause 7.4.3, must be set such that:

- (a) the period does not exceed 5 years;
- (b) the sum of all time periods of future Energy Savings for an Implementation does not exceed the life of the Implementation (in years) determined by the Accredited Certificate Provider, to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator, with reference to:

- (i) the number of Energy Savings Certificates that are otherwise eligible to be created over a given period, determined in accordance with this Rule and to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator;
- (ii) any likely performance degradation of the End-User Equipment that will tend to result in Energy Savings in one period being lower than Energy Savings in preceding periods of equal duration; and
- (iii) the expected lifetime of the End-User Equipment, taking into account its characteristics, usage and typical frequency of replacement assuming that the use of the Site and End-User Equipment remains the same; and
- (c) the end date of the period is not later than 10 years after the Implementation Date.
- 7.4.3 If an Accredited Certificate Provider makes the election in clause 7.4.1, the date on which the Energy Savings for that Implementation are deemed to occur is the later of:
 - (a) the Implementation Date; and
 - (b) in respect of an Implementation prior to 1 July 2014, the first date by which all the Energy Savings previously brought forward under clause 7.4.1 to create Energy Savings Certificates in respect of the same Recognised Energy Saving Activity have actually occurred.
- 7.4.4 The amount of Energy Savings deemed to occur on the date determined by clause 7.4.3 must be calculated in accordance with the method set out in Equation 3.

Equation 3

Electricity Savings = Reduced Electricity Consumption_n x Confidence Factor x Decay Factor_n

Where:

- *Reduced Electricity Consumption* is the extent to which the electricity consumption of the equipment, process, or system is, as a consequence of the Recognised Energy Saving Activity, different to what it otherwise would have been in year *n*;
- *Confidence Factor* depends on the type of engineering assessment performed under clause 7.2 and is assigned according to clause 7.3;
 - C_{cay} Factor_n is set out in **Table A16** of Schedule A for year n; and

is the year from 1 (the first year of Energy Savings claimed) to the number of years in the time period determined by clause 7.4.2.

Note: At the end of the period for which Energy Savings Certificates were 'forward created', Accredited Certificate Providers can apply to create Energy Savings Certificates for the Energy Savings which were previously discounted.

7.4.5 For the purposes of section 131clause 34 of Schedule 4A of the Act, Energy Savings which are used to create Energy Savings Certificates in accordance with clause 7.4.6 are taken to occur on the date on which the time period as determined in clause 7.4.2 ends.

- 7.4.6 At the end of the time period determined by clause 7.4.2, the Accredited Certificate Provider may create Energy Savings Certificates using Energy Savings for the relevant Implementation equal to:
 - (a) the Energy Savings for each year in the time period other than the first year as calculated using **Equation 2**; less
 - (b) the Energy Savings for each year in the time period other than the first year as calculated for the relevant year in **Equation 3**,

provided the Accredited Certificate Provider establishes, to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator, that the Energy Savings calculated in clause 7.4.6(a) have actually occurred.

- 7.4.7 (deleted)
- 7.5 The Implementation Date is the date that the Implementation commenced normal operations.
- 7.6 The Energy Saver is the Purchaser.
- 7.7 (deleted)
- 7A Project Impact Assessment with Measurement and Verification Method

7A.1 Equations to calculate Energy Savings

Using the Project Impact Assessment with Measurement and Verification Method, the Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using:

- (a) **Equations 7A.1 and 7A.2 for forward creation for a single Site model,** for Energy Savings calculated from a Baseline Energy Model and Operating Energy Model established to model performance before and after the Implementation; or
- (b) **Equations 7A.3 and 7A.4 for annual creation or top-up,** for Energy Savings calculated from actual measurements taken after Implementation compared with expected performance of a Baseline Energy Model under the same conditions; or
- (c) Equations 7A.1 and 7A.5 for creation based on a multiple Site model, for Energy Savings calculated from a Baseline Energy Model and Operating Energy Model using a Sampling Method.

7A.2 Acceptable energy model types



Raseline Energy Models and Operating Energy Models must be established in accordance with the following criteria:

- (i) An Estimate of the Mean that is based on measurements of energy consumption, Independent Variables and Site Constants, where relevant, specifies a Measurement Period, and where the Coefficient of Variation of the energy consumption over the Measurement Period is less than 15%; or
- (ii) Regression Analysis that is based on measurements of energy consumption, Independent Variables and Site Constants, specifies a Measurement Period, and where the number of independent observations for each Site when calculated in accordance with clause 7A.6 is at least six times the Number of Model Parameters in the energy model; or

- (iii) Computer Simulation that uses a commercially available software package approved by the Scheme Administrator for use in modelling the relevant type of End-User Equipment, and that is calibrated against measurements taken from the actual End-User Equipment being simulated to meet any requirements as Published by the Scheme Administrator.
- (b) Baseline Energy Models and Operating Energy Models may be developed for:
 - (i) a single Site based on measurements taken from that Site; or
 - (ii) multiple Sites based on measurements taken from Sample Sites, using a Sampling Method in accordance with clause 7A.20.

7A.3 Baseline Energy Model

A Baseline Energy Model must estimate either electricity consumption or Gas consumption in the absence of the Implementation and must:

- (a) be dependent on Independent Variables and Site Constants, where relevant, that are established by measurements taken under normal operating conditions in accordance with clause 7A.5 of this Rule;
- (b) if the model is for New End-User Equipment, be established based on Independent Variables and Site Constants that incorporate the average energy performance of the same type of equipment in accordance with clause 5.3B of this Rule;
- (c) have an Effective Range determined in accordance with clause 7A.8 of this Rule;
- (d) if using **Equation 7A.1**, estimate annual electricity consumption or Gas consumption based on a Normal Year established in accordance with clause 7A.7 of this Rule;
- (e) if using **Equation 7A.3**:
 - (i) estimate annual electricity consumption or Gas consumption based on measurements of Independent Variables and Site Constants; and
 - (ii) use a baseline Measurement Period that has an end date that is no more than 10 years earlier than the end date of the Measurement Period that Energy Savings are being claimed for
- (f) be deemed appropriate for the Implementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided.

7A.4 Operating Energy Model

An Operating Energy Model must estimate electricity consumption or Gas consumption after an Implementation during a Normal Year and must:

- (a) be dependent on Independent Variables and Site Constants, where relevant, that are established by measurements taken under normal operating conditions in accordance with clause 7A.5 of this Rule;
- (b) have an Effective Range determined in accordance with clause 7A.8 of this Rule;
- (c) estimate annual electricity consumption or Gas consumption based on a Normal Year established in accordance with clause 7A.7 of this Rule; and
- (d) be deemed appropriate for the Implementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided.

7A.5 Measurement Procedures

When measuring electricity consumption, Gas consumption, Independent Variables, Site Constants, or any other relevant parameter, the Accredited Certificate Provider must:

- (a) define the Measurement Period so that it consists of a start date and an end date, and optionally a time of day for each of those dates;
- (b) define the Measurement Period so that it will have:
 - (i) in relation to the Baseline Energy Model under clause 7A.3 of this Rule, an end date that occurs before the Implementation Date;
 - (ii) in relation to the Operating Energy Model under clause 7A.4 of this Rule, a start date that occurs after the Implementation Date; and
 - (iii) in relation to Measured Annual Electricity Savings or Gas Savings calculated using Equation 7A.4 of this Rule, a start date that occurs on or after the Implementation Date and an end date that is the day before the anniversary of the start date (such that the Measurement Period is for a full year); and
 - (iv) in relation to Additional Energy Savings calculated in accordance with clause 7A.14 of this Rule, a start date that occurs on the Implementation Date or the anniversary of the Implementation Date (as the case may be) and an end date that is the day before the anniversary of the start date (such that the Measurement Period is for one or more full years and within the Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation determined under clause 7A.12).
- (c) define the frequency of measurements over the Measurement Period;
- (d) define which items of End-User Equipment will have their electricity consumption, Gas consumption, or both, measured the measurement boundary);
- (e) specify measurement equipment (meters) or other sources of measurements;
- (f) define the calibration procedures, accuracy and precision of such measurement methods;
- (f1) ensure that the Measurement Period includes any time periods during which Independent Variables may reasonably be expected to lead to the Implementation increasing electricity consumption or Gas consumption or both;
- (g) record and exclude any Non-Routine Events that occurred during the Measurement Period ensuring that the percentage of time excluded is less than 20% of the Measurement Period; and
- (h) have the Measurement Procedures defined by clauses 7A.5 (a) to (g) deemed appropriate for the Implementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided.

Measurement Procedures in relation to the Baseline Energy Model

For the purposes of satisfying clause 7A.5(h), Measurement Procedures in relation to the Baseline Energy Model under clause 7A.3 must be deemed appropriate for the Implementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided prior to the Implementation Date.

7A.6 Energy consumption, Independent Variables and Site Constants

When identifying and assigning values for electricity consumption, Gas consumption, Independent Variables and Site Constants an Accredited Certificate Provider must:

- (a) define procedures for converting measurements to electricity consumption, Gas consumption, Independent Variables and Site Constants, if relevant;
- (b) assign values for electricity consumption, Gas consumption, Independent Variables and Site Constants for each time period in each Measurement Period, where relevant;
- (c) ensure the frequency of independent observations for the Independent Variables and electricity consumption or Gas consumption within the Measurement Period for each energy model are the same; and
- (d) have the electricity consumption, Gas consumption, Independent Variables and Site Constants deemed appropriate for the Implementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided.

7A.7 Normal Year

When determining a Normal Year an Accredited Certificate Provider must:

- (a) provide values for each Independent Variable and Site Constant over a full year;
- (b) ensure the Normal Year represents a typical year for operation of the End-User Equipment within the Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation determined in accordance with clause 7A.12;
- (c) describe the assumptions used to establish the Normal Year; and
- (d) for a single Site model, have the Normal Year deemed appropriate for the Implementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided; and
- (e) for a multiple Site model:
 - (i) develop a procedure for determining the Normal Year for each Site in the Population; and
 - (ii) have the procedure for determining the Normal Year deemed appropriate by a Measurement and verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided.

7A.8 Effective Range

When defining the Effective Range of the energy models in clauses 7A.3 and 7A.4 an Accredited Certificate Provider must:

(a) ensure that the Effective Range is based on the range of measured values for each independent Variable used to develop the energy model, where each Independent Variable has:

- (i) a lower limit that is calculated as the minimum of the measured values, minus 5% of difference between the minimum and maximum of the measured values; and
- (ii) an upper limit that is calculated as the maximum of the measured values, plus 5% of difference between the minimum and maximum of the measured values; and
- (b) (deleted)
- (c) have the Effective Range deemed appropriate for the Implementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided.

7A.9 Interactive Energy Savings

When estimating Interactive Energy Savings an Accredited Certificate Provider, in relation to **Equations 7A.2, 7A.4** or **7A.5**, must:

- (a) estimate the changes to electricity consumption from End-User Equipment for which electricity consumption will not be measured (Interactive Electricity Savings);
- (b) estimate the changes to Gas consumption from End-User Equipment for which Gas consumption will not be measured (Interactive Gas Savings);
- (c) ensure that Interactive Electricity Savings and Interactive Gas Savings are not greater than 10% of total Electricity Savings and Gas Savings respectively, unless estimated in accordance with Method Requirements; and
- (d) have the Interactive Energy Savings deemed appropriate for the Implementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided.

7A.10 Accuracy Factor

The Accuracy Factor, in relation to Equations 7A.1 and 7A.3, is between 1 and 0; and

- (a) is either;
 - (i) the value corresponding to the energy model type and relative precision of the Electricity Savings or Gas Savings estimate at 20% confidence level as listed in Table A23 of Schedule A; or
 - (ii) determined by another process as Published by the Scheme Administrator; and
- (b) must be deemed appropriate for the Implementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided.

7A.11 Energy Savings brought forward

- (a) For the purposes of section 131 clause 34 of Schedule 4A of the Act, the Energy Savings for an Implementation calculated using Equation 7A.1, based on Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings calculated using Equation 7A.2, are taken to occur on the last date of the Measurement Period for the Operating Energy Model as defined in clause 7A.4 of this Pule.
- (b) For the purposes of section 131clause 34 of Schedule 4A of the Act, the Energy Savings for an implementation calculated using Equation 7A.1, based on Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings calculated using Equation 7A.5, are taken to occur on the later of:

the last date of the Measurement Period for the Operating Energy Model; and

- (ii) the Implementation Date.
- c) A maximum of 50,000 Energy Savings Certificates can be brought forward from each Implementation.

7A.12 Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation

The Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation of Energy Savings Certificates in respect of Energy Savings for an Implementation calculated using **Equation 7A.1**, and for the purposes of clauses 7A.7, 7A.13 and 7A.14, must be set such that:

- (a) if a Persistence Model is used, the period does not exceed the expected lifetime of the End-User Equipment in whole years, as determined by that Persistence Model;
- (b) if Energy Savings Certificates have previously been created for the Implementation using the Project Impact Assessment Method, the period does not exceed 5 years; and
- (c) the start date of the period is the Implementation Date, and the end date of the period is not later than 10 years after the Implementation Date.

7A.13 Persistence Model

- (a) A Persistence Model must not be used in connection with the calculation of Energy Savings unless it has first been determined to be acceptable for use by the Scheme Administrator.
- (b) A Persistence Model must:
 - (i) estimate the expected lifetime of the End-User Equipment in whole years;
 - (ii) estimate the Decay Factor for each future year within the Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation;
 - (iii) be publicly accessible; and
 - (iv) satisfy any requirements Published by the Scheme Administrator.
- (c) The use of a Persistence Model to forecast the Energy Savings from an Implementation must take into account:
 - (i) the Business Classification from Table Are of Schedule A for the Site, if known and relevant;
 - (ii) the End-User Equipment type:
 - (iii) the operating hours for the End-User Equipment; and
 - (iv) typical ambient conditions for the Site, including, where relevant, temperature, humidity and salinity.
- (d) The Accredited Certhicate Provider must have the use of the Persistence Model deemed appropriate for the Infolementation by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided.

7A.14 Top-up certificate creation

Accredited Certificate Providers may create new Energy Savings Certificates in respect of Additional Energy Savings which have been calculated using **Equations 7A.3** and **7A.4** for one or more Measurement Periods for the Implementation, according to the following:



(a) the term 'Measured Annual Electricity Savings or Gas Savings' in **Equation 7A.3** is taken to be the sum of Electricity Savings or Gas Savings for each Measurement Period for the relevant Implementation, calculated in accordance with **Equation 7A.4**; and

(b) the term 'Counted Energy Savings_i' in Equation 7A.3 is taken to be the sum of total Electricity Savings and Gas Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates have previously been created for the Implementation, for each Measurement Period for the relevant Implementation.

7A.14A Date on which Energy Savings are taken to occur

For the purposes of <u>section 131clause 34 of Schedule 4A</u> of the Act, the Energy Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates are created using **Equations 7A.3** and **7A.4** are taken to occur on the end date of the Measurement Period of the Energy Savings.

7A.15 Measurement and Verification Professional

- (a) A Measurement and Verification Professional is a person who is approved by the Scheme Administrator on the basis that such person meets the following criteria to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator:
 - (i) the person has an understanding of clause 7A and relevant measurement and verification techniques;
 - (ii) the person has an understanding of how the relevant End-User Equipment converts energy into End-Use Services and is affected by the Independent Variables;
 - (iii) the person is able to perform Regression Analysis, if relevant;
 - (iv) the person is able to perform an Estimate of the Mean, if relevant
 - (v) the person is able to calibrate outputs from a computer simulation, if relevant;
 - (vi) the person has an understanding of the Sampling Method, it relevant; and
 - (vii) the person satisfies such additional requirements as Published, from time to time, by the Scheme Administrator.
- (b) An application for approval as a Measurement and Verification Professional must be in the manner and form (if any) as determined and Pablished by the Scheme Administrator.
- (c) The Scheme Administrator may withdraw its approval of a person as a Measurement and Verification Professional if the Scheme Administrator considers that the person does not, or ceases to, satisfy the criteria set out in clause 7A.15(a).
- (d) The Scheme Administrator may approve or refuse an application made under clause 7A.15(a).

7A.16 Method Requirements

- (a) The Scheme Administrator may Publish, from time to time, PIAM&V Method Requirements.
- (b) PIAM&V Method Requirements:

i) may complement and/or supplement the requirements of this clause 7A; but(ii) must not be inconsistent with this Rule.

An Accredited Certificate Provider must comply with PIAM&V Method Requirements.

For the avoidance of doubt, for all purposes, including the purposes of section $\frac{133(1)}{133(1)}$ of Schedule 4A of the Act, a contravention of a PIAM&V Method Requirement by an Accredited Certificate Provider is a contravention of this Rule.

7A.17 Implementation Date

The Implementation Date is the date that the Implementation commenced normal operations.

7A.18 Energy Saver

The Energy Saver is the Purchaser.

7A.19 (deleted)

7A.20 Sampling Method

When using the Sampling Method to establish a Baseline Energy Model and Operating Energy Model for multiple Sites, an Accredited Certificate Provider must:

- (a) define the Eligibility Requirements to test if a Site can be included in the Population, based on the:
 - (i) existing End-User Equipment:
 - (ii) End-Use Services being provided;
 - (iii) Recognised Energy Saving Activity to be undertaken;
 - (iv) Site Constants; and
 - (v) any additional requirements as Published, from time to time, by the Scheme Administrator;
- (b) only include Sites, that meet the Eligibility Requirements, in the Population;
- (c) describe the expected distribution of Site Constants across the Population;
- (d) define the Representativeness Test to determine if the Sample Sites are representative of the Population with respect to Site Constants;
- (e) define conditions under which additional Sample Sites must be selected to ensure Representativeness Tests are met;
- (f) ensure that the number of Sample Sites is at least six times the number of Site Constants in each energy model;
- (g) ensure the process of selecting Sample Sites minimises bias;
- (h) determine the Normal Year for each Site prior to the Implementation Date, according to the procedure that is deemed appropriate under clause 7A.7 (e);
- (i) have the Sampling Method deemed appropriate for the Population by a Measurement and Verification Professional, with their written explanatory reasoning provided; and
- (j) meet any other criteria as Published, from time to time, by the Scheme Administrator.

7A.21 Additional Requirements for Lighting Upgrades

The Project Impact Assessment with Measurement and Verification Method in this clause 7A may only be used to calculate Energy Savings for a Lighting Upgrade where each item of End-User Equipment used in the Lighting Upgrade is either:



(a) a Standard Equipment Class as listed in Table A9.1 of Schedule A or,

b) an Other Equipment Class as listed in Table A9.3 of Schedule A, provided that the item is accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the Equipment Requirements relating to safety Published, from time to time, by the Scheme Administrator in accordance with clause 7A.21A.

7A.21A Acceptable End-User Equipment for Lighting Upgrades

7A.21A.1 Under the Project Impact Assessment with Measurement and Verification Method, Equipment Requirements apply to End-User Equipment used in a Lighting Upgrade. The Equipment Requirements are specified in clause 7A.21, and also include any additional Equipment Requirements relating to safety (as Published from time to time by the Scheme Administrator) that apply to the relevant calculation method of this Rule.

- 7A.21A.2 The Scheme Administrator may Publish, from time to time, a list of Products that are accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the Equipment Requirements referred to in clause 7A.21 by:
 - (a) Publishing a detailed list identifying each Product;
 - (b) Publishing a reference to a list from a certifying body, along with any restrictions on that list; and/or
 - (c) Publishing a requirement for labelling in accordance with a labelling scheme, along with any restrictions on that labelling.
- 7A.21A.3 Subject to clause 7A.21A.4, any Accredited Certificate Provider (or other persons as Published by the Scheme Administrator), may apply to the Scheme Administrator to have a Product accepted as meeting the Equipment Requirements, provided that they:
 - (a) apply in a form and manner required by the Scheme Administrator;
 - (b) pay any fee required by the Scheme Administrator in respect of the investigation and determination of the application on a cost recovery basis and including an allowance for:
 - (i) the recovery by the Scheme Administrator of its costs in establishing, operating and maintaining the systems and databases required in connection with the assessment, acceptance and rejection of applications made under this clause 7A.21A.3;
 - (i) the exercise of the Scheme Administrator's powers under clauses 7A.21A.2 and 7A.21A.5; and
 - (ii) the payment and collection of fees under this clause 7A.21A.3(b);
 - (c) identify the Product; and
 - (d) provide evidence that the Product meets all of the Equipment Requirements.
- 7A.21A.4 The Scheme Administrator may limit the number of applications that may be made during a period under clause 7A.21A.3, either in aggregate or by particular persons or classes of persons, by Publishing a notice that sets out that period and limit.
- 7A.21A.5 The Scheme Administrator may, at any time, cease to accept a Product as meeting the Equipment Requirements, provided that it:
 - (a) notifier all Accredited Certificate Providers accredited for the relevant Recognised Energy Saving Activity of the change and the reason for the change, prior to the Product ceasing to be accepted for this purpose; and

ensures that all Published lists reflect the change in a timely manner.

7A.31 54 The Scheme Administrator may accept or reject an application made under clause 7A.21A.3.

7A.21A.6 Without limiting clause 7A.21A.5A, the Scheme Administrator may reject an application made under clause 7A.21A.3 where the applicant has not provided additional information requested by the Scheme Administrator in support of that application within a timeframe Published by the Scheme Administrator.

Note: Equations 7A.1 to 7A.5 are used as required to:

- calculate Electricity Savings for projects that affect electricity consumption;
- calculate Gas Savings for projects that affect Gas consumption; or

Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020

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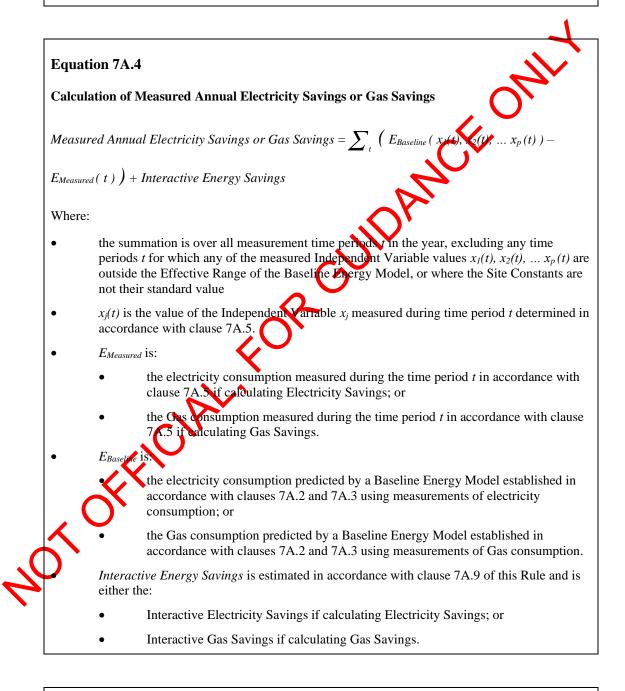
• calculate Electricity Savings and Gas Savings separately for projects that affect both electricity consumption and Gas consumption.

Equat	ion 7A.1
Energ	y Savings calculated from a Baseline Energy Model and Operating Energy Model
Electric	city Savings = \sum_i ((Normal Year Electricity Savings × Accuracy Factor × Decay Factor $_i$) × Regional
Networ	k Factor – Counted Energy Savingsi)
Gas Sa	$vings = \sum_{i} (Normal Year Gas Savings \times Accuracy Factor \times Decay Factor_i - Counted Energy Savings_i)$
Where:	
•	the summation is over each year <i>i</i> over the <i>Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation</i> of the Electricity Savings or Gas Savings.
•	Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings, in MWr, is the estimated electricity savings, if calculating Electricity Savings, or estimated Gas savings, if calculating Gas Savings, attributable to the Implementation from a Normal Year of operation before taking into account equipment degradation, and is calculated using
	• Equation 7A.5 if a Sampling Method is used, and
	• Equation 7A.2 in all other cases
•	Accuracy Factor, is a number between 0 and 1, as determined by clause 7A.10 of this Rule.
•	Decay Factor _i , is a number between 0 and 1, which quantifies the decay of the Electricity Savings or Gas Savings in year i due to equipment degradation over time, and is:
	• equal to 1 for Electricity Savings in any years the Normal Year Electricity Savings are negative; and
	• equal to Vior Gas Savings in any years the Normal Year Gas Savings are negative; and
	• in all other cases, determined by either:
	applying the value corresponding to the relevant year since the Implementation Date in Table A16 of Schedule A, or
, (• assigning a value for that year from a Persistence Model in accordance with clause 7A.1 of this Rule.
$\mathbf{\cdot}$	Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation is determined in accordance with clause 7A.12 of this Rule.
•	<i>Counted Energy Savings</i> _i is the:
	• total Electricity Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates have previously been created for the Implementation in the year <i>i</i> if calculating Electricity Savings; or
	• total Gas Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates have previously been created for the Implementation in the year <i>i</i> if calculating Gas Savings.
•	<i>Regional Network Factor</i> is the value from Table A24 of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.

 \$\$\vec{x}_p(t)\$) \$\vec{y}\$ + Interactive Energy Savings Where: the summation is over all time periods t in the Normal Year, excluding any time thridds for of \$\$\vec{x}_t(t)\$, \$\$\vec{x}_t(t)\$, are outside the Effective Range of either the Baseline Fleerer Wodel on Energy Model; or where the Site Constants are not their standard value. \$\$\$\vec{x}_t(t)\$ is the value of each of the Independent Variables \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$, for time period t word the Normal Y determined in accordance with clause 7A.7 of this Rule. Ensume is: the electricity consumption predicted by a Baseline Floregy Model established in accordance with clauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of Vectricity consumption; or the Gas consumption predicted by a Baseline Floregy Model established in accorda clauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of electricity consumption; or the electricity consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accord clauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accord clauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of Gas consumption. Interactive Energy Savings vestimated in accordance with clause 7A.9 of this Rule and is end to the clause flore the savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Gas Savings. Equation 7A.5 Energy Strings = (Measured Annual Electricity Savings × Accuracy Factor) × Regional cetwork Factor - Counted Energy Savings, Gas Savings in Gas Savings, in MWh, is the Electricity Savings or Gas Savings, in MWh, is the Electricity Savings or Gas Savings attributable to the Implementation from the actual measured conditions over a full year i, and is calculated in Equation 7A.4.	Calculation of Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings = $\sum_{i} (E_{Basedaw}(\tilde{x}_{i}(t), \tilde{x}_{2}(t),, \tilde{x}_{p}(t)) - E_{Operating}(\tilde{x}_{i}(t), \tilde{x}_{p}(t))) + Interactive Energy Savings Where: • the summation is over all time periods t in the Normal Year, excluding any time periods for w of \tilde{x}_{i}(t), \tilde{x}_{2}(t),, \tilde{x}_{p}(t) are outside the Effective Range of either the Baseline Energy Model orEnergy Model; or where the Site Constants are not their standard value.• \tilde{x}_{i}(t) is the value of each of the Independent Variables x_{p} for time period t such the Normal Yeare determined in accordance with clause 7A.7 of this Rule.• Ensuetime is:• the electricity consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordanceclauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of lectricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordanceclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of lectricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordanceclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of lectricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption preducted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordanceclauses 7A.2 and 7A to using the measurements of Gas consumption.• Interactive Energy Savings is estimated in accordance with clause 7A.9 of this Rule and is eit• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Gas Savings.Equation 7A.:Energy Savings = (Measured Annual Electricity Savings × Accuracy Factor) × Regionalenvork Factor – Counted Energy Savings;Gas Savings = Measured Annual Gas Savings × Accuracy Factor – Counted Energy Savings;Where:$	 Calculation of Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings Calculation of Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings = ∑_i (E_{Basebas}(x̃_i(t), x̃_i(t), x̃_p(t)) – E_{Operating}(x̃_i(t), ỹ_i(t))) + Interactive Energy Savings Where: the summation is over all time periods t in the Normal Year, excluding any time periods for w of x̃_i(t), x̃_i(t), x̃_p(t) are outside the Effective Range of either the Baseline Eacros Model or Energy Model; or where the Site Constants are not their standard value. x̃_p(t) is the value of each of the Independent Variables x_p for time period t base the Normal Ye determined in accordance with clause 7A.7 of this Rule. EBuseline is: the electricity consumption predicted by a Baseline that gy Model established in accordance (aluses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of Dectricity consumption; or the electricity consumption predicted by a Doperating Energy Model established in accordance (aluses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of Beetricity consumption; or the electricity consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordance clauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of Gas consumption; or the electricity consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordance clauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of Gas consumption. Interactive Energy Savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Gas Savings. 		avings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020 -28 February 2022
Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings = $\sum_{i} (E_{Baseline}(\hat{x}_{i}(t), \hat{x}_{2}(t),, \hat{x}_{p}(t)) - E_{Operating}(\hat{x}_{i}(t), \hat{x}_{p}(t))) + Interactive Energy Savings Where: • the summation is over all time periods t in the Normal Year, excluding any time derived of Energy Model; or where the Site Constants are not their standard value. • \hat{x}_{i}(t) is the value of each of the Independent Variables x_{p} for time period report the Normal Ydetermined in accordance with clause 7A.7 of this Rule.• E_{Baseline} is:• the electricity consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in acwith clauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurement of detertive consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of detricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by a Deprating Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A to using measurements of Gas consumption.• Expensiong is:• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Gas Savings; or• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Gas Savings; or• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Gas Savings;Gas Savings = (Measured Annual Electricity Savings × Accuracy Factor) × Regionaltetwork Factor – Counted Energy Savings;Gas Savings = Measured Annual Gas Savings × Accuracy Factor – Counted Energy Savings;Where:• Measured Annual Gas Savings or Gas Savings, in MWh, is the Electricity Savings orGas Savings attributable to the Implementation from the actual measured conditions over afull year i, and is calculated in Equation 7A.4.$	Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings = $\sum_{x} (E_{Humehand}(\tilde{x}_{1}(t), \tilde{x}_{2}(t),, \tilde{x}_{p}(t)) - E_{Operating}(\tilde{x}_{1}(t), \tilde{x}_{p}(t))) + Interactive Energy Savings Where: • the summation is over all time periods t in the Normal Year, excluding any time periods for w of \tilde{x}_{1}(t), \tilde{x}_{2}(t), \tilde{x}_{r}(t) are outside the Effective Range of either the Baseline Eaerer, blodel orEnergy Model; or where the Site Constants are not their standard value.• \tilde{x}_{r}(t) is the value of each of the Independent Variables x_{p} for time period rewrite Normal Yedetermined in accordance with clause 7A.7 of this Rule.• the electricity consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordanceclauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of electricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordanceclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordanceclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of Gas consumption.• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Gas Savings.Equation fA.:Energy Savings calculated from measurements and Baseline Energy ModelElectricity Savings = (Measured Annual Electricity Savings × Accuracy Factor) × Regionalsetwork Factor – Counted Energy Savings;Gas Savings = Measured Annual Gas Savings × Accuracy Factor – Counted Energy Savings;Where:$	Kormal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings = $\sum_{i} (E_{Baseline}(\tilde{x}_{i}(t), \tilde{x}_{2}(t),, \tilde{x}_{p}(t)) - E_{Operating}(\tilde{x}_{i}(t), \tilde{x}_{q}(t))) + Interactive Energy Savings Where: the summation is over all time periods t in the Normal Year, excluding any time period for w of \tilde{x}_{i}(t), \tilde{x}_{2}(t),, \tilde{x}_{p}(t) are outside the Effective Range of either the Baseline Energy Model orEnergy Model; or where the Site Constants are not their standard value.\tilde{x}_{q}(t) is the value of each of the Independent Variables x_{p} for time period t barents Normal Yedetermined in accordance with clause 7A.7 of this Rule.E_{Baseline} is:• the electricity consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of teetricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or• the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordclauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of Gas consumption.Interactive Energy Savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or• Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Gas Savings.Equation 74.8Experime 74.8Energy Savings = (Measured Annual Electricity Savings × Accuracy Factor) × Regionaletwork Factor - Counted Energy Savings;Tas Savings = Measured Annual Gas Savings × Accuracy Factor - Counted Energy Savings,Where:Measured Annual Electricity Savings or Gas Savings, in MWh, is the Electricity Savings orGas Savings attributable to the Implementation f$	Equa	tion 7A.2
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Equation 7A.4. <i>Model established from measurements and Baseline Energy Model established in accord active Factor – Counted Energy Savings;</i> Gas Savings = Measured Annual Electricity Savings × Accuracy Factor – Counted Energy Savings; Where: <i>Measured Annual Electricity Savings or Gas Savings,</i> in MWh, is the Electricity Savings or Gas Savings attributable to the Implementation from the actual measured conditions over a full year <i>i</i>, and is calculate</td><td>•</td><td></td></p<>	 the electricity consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordance with clauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of electricity consumption; or the Gas consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordance clauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of electricity consumption. <i>Eoperating</i> is: the electricity consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordance clauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or the electricity consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordance clauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordate clauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of Gas consumption. <i>Interactive Energy Savings</i> estimated in accordance with clause 7A.9 of this Rule and is either interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Gas Savings. 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Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020
-28 February 2022
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- total Electricity Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates have previously been created for the Implementation in the year *i* if calculating Electricity Savings; or
- total Gas Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates have previously been created for the Implementation in the year *i* if calculating Gas Savings.
- *Regional Network Factor* is the value from **Table A24** of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.



Equation 7A.5

Calculation of Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings using a Sampling

Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009

Effective from 4 September 2020 Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020 -28 February 2022

Method

Normal Year Electricity Savings or Gas Savings = $\sum_{t} \left(E_{Baseline}(\tilde{x}_{1}(t), \tilde{x}_{2}(t), \dots \tilde{x}_{p}(t), y_{1}, y_{2}, \dots y_{q}) - \right)$

 $E_{Operating}$ ($\tilde{x}_1(t), \tilde{x}_2(t), \dots \tilde{x}_p(t), y_1, y_2, \dots, y_q$) + Interactive Energy Savings

Where:

- the summation is over all time periods *t* in the Normal Year, excluding any time periods for which any of $\tilde{x}_1(t)$, $\tilde{x}_2(t)$, ... $\tilde{x}_p(t)$ are outside the Effective Range of either the Baseline Energy Model or Operating Energy Model, or where the Site Constants are not their standard value for the Site.
- $\tilde{x}_{j}(t)$ is the value of the Independent Variable x_{j} for time period t in the Normal Year for the Site determined in accordance with clause 7A.7 of this Rule.
- y_k is the value of the Site Constant k for the Site measured in accordance with clause 7A.6.
- $E_{Baseline}$ is:
 - the electricity consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordance with clauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of electricity consumption; or
 - the Gas consumption predicted by a Baseline Energy Model established in accordance with clauses 7A.2 and 7A.3 using measurements of Gas consumption.
- $E_{Operating}$ is:
 - the electricity consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordance with clauses 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of electricity consumption; or
 - the Gas consumption predicted by an Operating Energy Model established in accordance with classes 7A.2 and 7A.4 using measurements of Gas consumption.
- *Interactive Energy Sayings* is estimated in accordance with clause 7A.9 of this Rule and is either the:
 - Interactive Electricity Savings if calculating Electricity Savings; or
 - Interactive Gas Savings if calculating Gas Savings.

8 Metered Baseline Method

Note: The Metered Baseline Method uses measurements of energy consumption "before" the Implementation has been undertaken to establish a "baseline" energy consumption standard for the Site being considered. The same measurements performed "after" the Implementation has been undertaken will establish new levels of energy consumption, with the difference representing the impact of the Implementation.

Energy Savings are adjusted by a confidence factor that is calculated based on the size of the Energy Savings relative to the unexplained variance in the baseline.

8.1 The Metered Baseline Method in this clause 8 may only be used to calculate Energy Savings if measurements made are of a standard, duration, and to a level of accuracy, satisfactory to the Scheme Administrator.

Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009 Effective from 4 September 2020 Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020

-28 February 2022

- 8.2 Using the Metered Baseline Method, the Energy Savings are calculated under:
 - (a) clause 8.5, using the Baseline per unit of output sub-method;
 - (b) clause 8.6, using the Baseline unaffected by output sub-method;
 - (c) clause 8.7, using the Normalised baseline sub-method;
 - (d) clause 8.8, using the NABERS baseline sub-method; or
 - (e) clause 8.9, using the Aggregated Metered Baseline sub-method,

provided that all Energy Savings can (to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator) be attributed to the corresponding Recognised Energy Saving Activity.

- 8.3 The time period over which any baseline is determined under this clause 8, using energy measurements before the Implementation Date of the Implementation, must include one or more time periods preceding the Implementation Date. The time period(s) used to determine the baseline must be acceptable to the Scheme Administrator.
- 8.3A For the purposes of clauses 8.5, 8.6 and 8.7, where the Accreditation Date, with respect to the Recognised Energy Saving Activity, is:
 - (a) on or after 15 April 2016, Energy Savings may only be calculated for up to a maximum of 10 years from the end date of the baseline Measurement Period;
 - (b) before 15 April 2016 and the end date of the baseline Measurement Period is less than or equal to 10 years before 15 April 2016, Energy Savings may only be calculated for a maximum of 10 years from the end date of the baseline Measurement Period; and
 - (c) before 15 April 2016 and the end date of the baseline Measurement Period is more than 10 years before 15 April 2016, Energy Savings may only be calculated for a period that is, as a maximum, equal to the length of the period from the end date of the baseline Measurement Period to 15 April 2016.
- 8.4 The Accredited Certificate Provider must use utility meters or other metering equipment acceptable to the Scheme Administrator.

Note: Sub-metering may be used to effectively reduce the size of the Site considered for baseline calculations, thereby increasing the accuracy of the baseline and hence the Confidence Factor.

8.4A Additional Requirements for Lighting Upgrades

The Metered Baseline Method in this clause 8 may only be used to calculate Energy Savings for a Lighting Upgrade where each item of End-User Equipment used in the Lighting Upgrade is either:

- (a) a Standard Equipment Class as listed in Table A9.1 of Schedule A or,
- (b) an Other Equipment Class as listed in Table A9.3 of Schedule A, provided that the item is accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the Equipment Requirements relating to safety Published, from time to time, by the Scheme Administrator in accordance with clause 8.4B.

8.4B Acceptable End-User Equipment for Lighting Upgrades

- 8.4B.1 Under the Metered Baseline Method, Equipment Requirements apply to End-User Equipment used in a Lighting Upgrade. The Equipment Requirements are specified in clause 8.4A, and also include any additional Equipment Requirements relating to safety (as Published from time to time by the Scheme Administrator) that apply to the relevant calculation method of this Rule.
- 8.4B.2 The Scheme Administrator may Publish, from time to time, a list of Products that are accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the Equipment Requirements referred to in clause 8.4A by:
 - (a) Publishing a detailed list identifying each Product;
 - (b) Publishing a reference to a list from a certifying body, along with any restrictions on that list; and/or
 - (c) Publishing a requirement for labelling in accordance with a labelling scheme along with any restrictions on that labelling.
- 8.4B.3 Subject to clause 8.4B.4, any Accredited Certificate Provider (or other persons as Published by the Scheme Administrator), may apply to the Scheme Administrator to have a Product accepted as meeting the Equipment Requirements, provided that they:
 - (a) apply in a form and manner required by the Scheme Administrator;
 - (b) pay any fee required by the Scheme Administrator in respect of the investigation and determination of the application on a cost recovery basis and including an allowance for:
 - (i) the recovery by the Scheme Administrator of its costs in establishing, operating and maintaining the systems and databases required in connection with the assessment, acceptance and rejection of applications made under this clause 8.4B.3;
 - (ii) the exercise of the Scheme Administrator's powers under clauses 8.4B.2 and 8.4B.5; and

(iii) the payment and collection of fees under this clause 8.4B.3(b);

- (c) identify the Product; and
- (d) provide evidence that the Product meets all of the Equipment Requirements.
- 8.4B.4 The Scheme Administrator may limit the number of applications that may be made during a period under clause 8.4B.3, either in aggregate or by particular persons or classes of persons, by Publishing a notice that sets out that period and limit.
- 8.4B.5 The Scheme Administrator may, at any time, cease to accept a Product as meeting the Equipment Requirements, provided that it:



notifies all Accredited Certificate Providers accredited for the relevant Recognised Energy Saving Activity of the change and the reason for the change, prior to the Product ceasing to be accepted for this purpose; and

- (b) ensures that all Published lists reflect the change in a timely manner.
- 8.4B.5A The Scheme Administrator may accept or reject an application made under clause 8.4B.3.
- 8.4B.6 Without limiting clause 8.4B.5A, the Scheme Administrator may reject an application made under clause 8.4B.3 where the applicant has not provided additional information requested by the Scheme Administrator in support of that application within a timeframe Published by the Scheme Administrator.

8.5 **Baseline per unit of output**

Note: This Metered Baseline Method is most appropriate where energy consumption is strongly linked to output (for example, in aluminium smelting).

Where the relationship is non-linear, or there are multiple products or changes in raw materials affecting consumption, another method of normalising the baseline should be used.

- 8.5.1 The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using **Method 1**, provided that:
 - (a) the energy consumption for the Site is a linear function of output;
 - (b) fixed energy consumption, which is the energy consumption of the Site that does not vary with variations in output, can be measured or estimated;
 - (c) output has not changed from the average output over the period during which the variable energy baseline is measured by more than 50%; and
 - (d) the variable energy baseline is calculated using data from periods immediately preceding the Implementation Date, up to a maximum of 5 years, excluding any periods that are not representative of the long term Site consumption due to factors including plant shutdown or major maintenance. Where this is not possible, due to data unavailability or other reasons, a baseline may be set using other periods acceptable to the Scheme Administrator.
 - (e) Electricity Savings and Gas Savings are calculated for Implementations that increase either electricity consumption or Gas consumption.
- 8.5.2 The Implementation Date is the earlier of the start date of the first Measurement Period that occurs after the end of the last period T_b referred to in Method 1 or the date on which the reduction of energy consumption commenced due to the Implementation.
- 8.5.3 The Energy Saver is the person who is liable (contractually or otherwise) to pay for the energy consumption at the Site at the Implementation Date.
- 8.5.4 For the purposes of <u>section 131 clause 34 of Schedule 4A</u> of the Act, Energy Savings calculated index this clause 8.5 are taken to have occurred on the last date of the Measurement Period.

Method 1 – Baseline per unit of output

Step (1) Select a *Measurement Period* acceptable to the Scheme Administrator, that will be the duration of time over which all measurements in this method will be taken and that is:

- (a) a minimum of one day and a maximum of one year; and
- (b) if there is a regular cycle to the consumption of energy on the Site, an integer multiple of the period of that cycle.

<u>Step (2)</u> Determine *Electricity Savings*, or *Gas Savings*, or both, by completing Steps (2A) to (2G) for each energy source, and for each time period T_a by reference to which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates by repeating Steps (2E) to (3) for each energy source for each such period.

Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020 -28 February 2022

Step (2A) Determine the *Fixed Consumption* (in MWh), which is the consumption of electricity or Gas for the Site that does not vary with variations in output, and is:

- determined by estimating or extrapolating from measurements taken during plant downtime or estimated or determined mathematically from multiple periods;
- a reasonable reflection of the consumption unaffected by output, and will lead to Energy Savings calculations that are reasonable, and
- over a period T_b before Energy Savings commence and the duration of which is equal to the Measurement Period.

<u>Step (2B)</u> Calculate Variable Consumption_{Tb} (in MWh / unit of output) for n time periods T_b as follows:

Variable Consumption_{Tb} = (Total Consumption_{Tb} – Fixed Consumption) / Output_{Tb} –

Where:

- T_b denotes a time period, before the Implementation Date, the duration of which is equal to the Measurement Period, and where each time period is mutually exclusive with each other such time period;
- *Total Consumption*_{Tb} (in MWh) is the consumption of electricity or Gas for the Site measured by metering that consumption over each time period T_b ;
- $Output_{Tb}$ is the number of units of output during each time period T_b ; and
 - n is the number of time periods, T_b , where n must be a least 1.

Step (2C) Calculate Variable Baseline (in MWh / unit of output)

Variable Baseline = { $\sum_{n=1}^{n} Variable Consumption_{Tb}$ / n

Step (2D) Calculate *Baseline Variability* (in MWh / unit of output), which is the unexplained variance in the baseline, as follows:

If n > 2:

Baseline Variability = $(maximum Variable Consumption_{Tb} - minimum Variable Consumption_{Tb}) / 2$

Where:

- maximum Variable Consumption_{Tb} is the maximum value of Variable Consumption_{Tb} over n time periods T_b ; and
- minimum Variable Consumption_{Tb} is the least value of Variable Consumption_{Tb} over n time periods T_b .

Baseline Variability = 10% of Variable Baseline

Step (2E) Calculate *Reduced Consumption* (in MWh) for the time period T_a (after the Implementation Date) for which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates as follows:

Reduced Consumption = $(Output_{Ta} \times Variable Baseline + Fixed Consumption) - Total Consumption_{Ta}$

Where:

- T_a denotes a time period, after the Implementation Date, the duration of which is equal to the *Measurement Period*;
- *Total Consumption*_{Ta} (in MWh) is the consumption of electricity or Gas for the Site measured by metering that consumption over a time period T_a ; and
- $Output_{Ta}$ is the number of units of output during the time period T_a .

Step (2F) Calculate the Confidence Factor as follows:

Confidence Factor = 1 – (Baseline Variability / Variable Baseline)

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Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020
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<u>Step (2G)</u> If measuring electricity consumption, calculate *Electricity Savings* (in MWh) for each time period T_a by reference to which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates as follows:

Electricity Savings = Reduced Consumption × Confidence Factor × Regional Network Factor

Where:

• *Regional Network Factor* is the value from **Table A24** of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.

If measuring Gas consumption, calculate Gas Savings (in MWh) for each time period T_a by reference to which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates as follows:

Gas Savings = Reduced Consumption × Confidence Factor

<u>Step (3)</u> Ensure net *Energy Savings* are non-negative.

If Electricity Savings \times Electricity Certificate Conversion Factor + Gas Savings \times Gas Certificate Conversion Factor < 0, then Electricity Savings = 0 and Gas Savings = 0

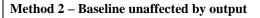
8.6 **Baseline unaffected by output**

Note: This Metered Baseline Method is most appropriate where consumption is not linked to output of the End-User Equipment subject to the energy savings activity. To use this method the output of the End-User Equipment should not be affected by temperature or other standard normalisation variables.

- 8.6.1 The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using **Method 2**, provided that:
 - (a) the consumption of all energy sources for the Site is independent of output; and
 - (b) the *Baseline* is calculated using data from periods immediately preceding the Implementation Date, to a maximum duration of 5 years, and excluding any periods that are not representative of long term Site consumption due to factors including plant shutdown or major maintenance. Where this is not possible, due to data unavailability or other reasons, a baseline may be set using other periods acceptable to the Scheme Administrator.
 - (c) Electricity Savings and Gas Savings are calculated for Implementations that increase either electricity consumption or Gas consumption.
- 8.6.2 The Implementation Date is the earlier of the start date of the first Measurement Period that occurs after the end of the last period T_b referred to in Method 2 or the date on which the reduction of energy consumption commenced due to the Implementation.

The Energy Saver is the person who is liable (contractually or otherwise) to pay for the energy consumption at the Site at the Implementation Date.

8.6.4 For the purposes of <u>section 131clause 34 of Schedule 4A</u> of the Act, Energy Savings calculated under this clause 8.6 are taken to have occurred on the last date of the Measurement Period.



<u>Step (1)</u> Select a *Measurement Period* acceptable to the Scheme Administrator, that will be the duration of time over which all measurements in this method will be taken and that is:

- (a) a minimum of one day and a maximum of one year; and
- (b) if there is a regular cycle to the consumption of electricity or Gas on the Site, an integer multiple of the period of the respective cycle.

<u>Step (2)</u> Determine *Electricity Savings*, or *Gas Savings*, or both, by completing Steps (2A) to (2E) for each energy source, and for each time period T_a by reference to which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates by repeating Steps (2C) to (3) for each energy source for each such period.

Step (2A) Calculate Baseline (in MWh) as follows:

Baseline = {
$$\sum_{T=1}^{n}$$
 Total Consumption_{Tb} } / n

Where:

- T_b denotes a time period, before the Implementation Date, the duration of which is equal to the Measurement Period, and where each time period is mutually exclusive with each other such time period
- Total Consumption_{Tb} (in MWh) is the consumption of electricity or Gas for the Site measured by metering that consumption over each time period T_b ; and T_b is the number of time periods T_b where n must be at least 1.
- n is the number of time periods T_b , where n must be at least 1.

Step (2B) Calculate *Baseline Variability* (in MW) which is the variance in the baseline, as follows:

If n > 1:

2

Baseline Variability = $(mutum Total Consumption_{Tb} - minimum Total Consumption_{Tb}) /$

Where:

- maximum Total Consumption_{Tb} is the maximum value of Total Consumption_{Tb} over a time periods T_b ; and
 - minimum Total Consumption_{Tb} is the least value of Total Consumption_{Tb} over n time periods T_b

Baseline Variability = 10% of Baseline

Step (2C) Calculate *Reduced Consumption* (in MWh) for the time period T_a (after the implementation Date) for which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates as follows:

Reduced Consumption = Baseline – Total Consumption_{Ta}

Where:

- T_a denotes a time period, after the Implementation Date, the duration of which is equal to the Measurement Period; and
- *Total Consumption*_{Ta} (in MWh) is the consumption of electricity or Gas for the Site measured by metering that consumption over a time period T_a

<u>Step (2D)</u> Calculate *Confidence Factor* as follows:

Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020 -28 February 2022

Confidence Factor = 1 – (*Baseline Variability / Baseline*)

<u>Step (2E)</u> If measuring electricity consumption, calculate *Electricity Savings* (in MWh) for the time period T_a for which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates as follows:

- •
- *Electricity Savings = Reduced Consumption × Confidence Factor × Regional Network Factor*

Where:

• *Regional Network Factor* is the value from **Table A24** of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.

If measuring Gas consumption, calculate *Gas Savings* (in MWh) for each time period 7 by reference to which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates as follows:

Gas Savings = Reduced Consumption × Confidence Factor

Step (3) Ensure net Energy Savings are non-negative.

If Electricity Savings × Electricity Certificate Conversion Factor + Gas Savings × Gas Certificate Conversion Factor < 0, then Electricity Savings = 0 and Gas Savings = 0

8.7 Normalised baseline

Note: This Metered Baseline Method normalises energy consumption for a Site to remove explainable variation from the baseline, for example, adjusting for variations in ambient conditions or variations in input characteristics. The factors chosen for the normalisation must cause the variability (that is the subject of removal) and not be the result of spurious correlations.

Option C of the IPMVP can be used for guidance as to the normalisation of baselines, particularly for complex cases.

- 8.7.1 The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using **Method 3**, provided that:
 - (a) the *Normalisation Variables* in respect of which the *Total Consumption* is normalised are variables corresponding to the specific activities that are a reason for change in *Total Consumption*; and



the *Normalised Baseline* is calculated using data from periods immediately preceding the Implementation Date, to a maximum duration of 5 years, and excluding any periods that are not representative of long term Site consumption due to circumstances such as plant shutdown or major maintenance. Where this is not possible, due to data unavailability or other reasons, a baseline may be set using other periods acceptable to the Scheme Administrator.

- (c) Electricity Savings and Gas Savings are calculated for Implementations that increase either electricity consumption or Gas consumption.
- 8.7.2 The Implementation Date is the earlier of the start date of the first Measurement Period that occurs after the end of the last period T_b referred to in Method 3 or the date on which the reduction of energy consumption commenced due to the Implementation.

- 8.7.3 The Energy Saver is the person who is liable (contractually or otherwise) to pay for the energy consumption at the Site at the Implementation Date.
- 8.7.4 For the purposes of section 131clause 34 of Schedule 4A of the Act, Energy Savings calculated under this clause 8.7 are taken to have occurred on the last date of the Measurement Period.

Method 3 – Normalised baseline

<u>Step (1)</u> Select a *Measurement Period* acceptable to the Scheme Administrator, that will be the duration of time over which all measurements in this method will be taken and that is:

- (a) a minimum of one day and a maximum of one year; and
- (b) if there is a regular cycle to the consumption of energy on the Site, an integer multiple of the period of that cycle.

<u>Step (2)</u> Determine Savings, or *Gas Savings*, or both, by completing Steps (2A) to (2F) for each energy source and for the time period T_a for which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates, by repeating Steps (2D) to (3) for each energy source for each such period.

<u>Step (2A)</u> Calculate *Normalised Consumption*_{Tb} (in MWh) for nume periods T_b by normalising the *Total Consumption*_{Tb} to determine the consumption that would have occurred for period T_b had the conditions at time T_a existed, using:

- (a) a set of normalisation coefficients, which are one of more coefficients calculated to account for the variation in *Total Consumption* per unit of change for each corresponding normalisation variable used in Step(2A)(b); and
- (b) a set of values, which are the difference between the values of the normalisation variables for each time period T_b , and the values of the normalisation variables for one time period T_a , determined by measurements or other data sources.

Where:

 T_b denotes a time period, before the Implementation Date, the duration of which is equal to the Measurement Period, and where each time period is mutually exclusive with each other such time period

- a denotes a time period, after the Implementation Date, the duration of which is equal to the Measurement Period
 - **Notal** Consumption_{Tb} (in MWh) is the consumption of electricity or Gas for the Site measured by metering that consumption over each time period T_b
 - *n* is the number of time periods, T_b , where *n* must be at least 1; and
 - *Normalisation Variables* are the variables in respect of which the *Total*

Consumption_{Tb} is normalised and must correspond to factors that are a reason for change in *Total Consumption*_{Tb}

Step (2B) Calculate Normalised Baseline (in MWh) as follows:

Normalised Baseline = {
$$\sum_{T=1}^{n}$$
 Normalised Consumption_{Tb}} / n

<u>Step (2C)</u> Calculate *Baseline Variability* (in MWh), which is the unexplained variance in the baseline, as follows:

If n > 1:

Baseline Variability = (maximum Normalised Consumption_{Tb} – minimum Normalised Consumption_{Tb}) / 2

Where:

Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009

Effective from 4 September 2020 Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020

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maximum Normalised Consumption_{Tb} is the maximum value of Normalised Consumption_{Tb} over *n* time periods Tb; and minimum Normalised Consumption_{Tb} is the least value of Normalised Consumption_{Tb} over n time periods Tb If n = 1: Baseline Variability = 10% of Normalised Baseline <u>Step (2D)</u> Calculate *Reduced Consumption* (in MWh) for the time period T_a (after the Implementation Date) for which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates, as follows: Reduced Consumption = Normalised Baseline – Total Consumption_{To} Where: Ta denotes a time period, after the Implementation Date, the duration of which is equal to the Measurement Period; and Total Consumption_{Ta} (in MWh) is the consumption of electricity or Gas for the Site measured by metering that consumption over a time period Ta Step (2E) Calculate Confidence Factor: Confidence Factor = 1 – (Baseline Variability / Normalised Baseline) Step (2F) If measuring electricity consumption, calculate Electricity Savings (in MWh) for each time period T_a by reference to which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates: *Electricity Savings = Reduced Consumption × Confidence Factor × Regional* Network Factor Where: Regional Network Factor is the value from Table A24 of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation() took place. If measuring Gas consumption, calculate Gas Savings (in MWh) for each time period T_a by reference to which the Accredited Certificate Provider seeks to create Energy Savings Certificates as follows: Gas Savings = Reduced Consumption × Confidence Factor <u>Step (3)</u> Ensure net *Energy Savings* are non-negative: If Electricity Swings × Electricity Certificate Conversion Factor + Gas Savings × Gas Certificate Conversion Factor < 0, then Electricity Savings = 0 and Gas Savings = 0 ABERS baseline The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using **Method 4** for a

NABERS Building, provided that:

8.8

- (a) the NABERS Rating is calculated using one of the following NABERS tools:
 - (i) NABERS for Offices;
 - (ii) NABERS for Hotels;
 - (iii) NABERS for Shopping Centres;
 - (iv) NABERS for Data Centres;
 - (v) NABERS for Hospitals;-or

Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020 -28 February 2022

- (vi) NABERS for Apartment Buildings;
- (vii) NABERS for Residential Aged Care; or
- (viii) NABERS for Retirement Living;
- (b) the NABERS Rating excludes any GreenPower in accordance with clause 5.4(d);
- (c) the NABERS Rating meets the eligibility criteria applied in clause 8.8.3;
- (d) all sources of on-site electricity generation have been identified; and
- (e) all electricity generated from sources of On-site Unaccounted Electricity (as referred to in Method 4) has been metered and recorded over the Rating Period.
- 8.8.2 For the purposes of this clause 8.8:
 - (a) the NABERS Rating is a current NABERS rating that will be used to calculate Energy Savings;
 - (b) the Historical Baseline NABERS Rating is a previous NABERS Bating for the same NABERS Building, and is used for Calculation Method 2 at Step 2 of Method 4;
 - (c) the Rating Period is the time over which measurements were taken to establish the NABERS Rating or the Historical Baseline NABERS Rating for the NABERS Building;
 - (d) the Current Rating Year is the year for which Energy Sayings Certificates will be created, and is the year that the Rating Period ended for the NABERS Rating; and
 - (e) the Baseline Rating Year is the year that the Rating Period ended for the Historical Baseline NABERS Rating-; and
 - (e)(f) the forward creation of Energy Savings Certificates in respect of Energy Savings for an Implementation must be calculated using Calculation Method 2 at Step 2 of Method 4.

8.8.3 The NABERS Rating must:

(a) if using Calculation Method 1

- (i) exceed the Benchmark NABERS Rating from Table A20 of Schedule A by at least 0.5 stars; and
- (ii) be the first NABERS Rating for the building; and
- (iii) not be obtained in order to comply with any mandatory legal requirement imposed through a statutory or regulatory instrument of any jurisdiction, including, but not limited to, the Commercial Building Disclosure Program.

exceed the Historical Baseline NABERS Rating by at least 0.5 stars if using Calculation Method 2.

When calculating a Benchmark NABERS Rating using Calculation Method 2 at step 2 of Method 4:

- (a) the Benchmark NABERS Rating can only be calculated using a fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating which was calculated no more than 7 years before the end date of the Current Rating Year; or
- (b) if this Calculation Method is to be used for Additional Energy Savings and the fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating does not meet the requirements of clause 8.8.4(a), it must be reset using a previous NABERS Rating that is at least 7 years later than the end date of the Rating Period for the previous fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating;

- (c) the Historical Baseline NABERS Rating must meet the 'similar configuration' criteria that has been determined by the Scheme Administrator which is listed in the NABERS Baseline Method Guide.
- 8.8.5 The Implementation Date is the end date of the first Rating Period for which Energy Savings will be calculated under clause 8.8.7.
- 8.8.6 The Energy Saver is:
 - (a) the person whose name is identified on the NABERS Rating certificate, or
 - (b) the building owner or manager of the building or buildings identified on the NABERS Rating certificate if the person's name is not identified on the NABERS Rating certificate,

as issued by the NABERS National Administrator, in respect of the NABERS Rating.

Note: An example of the building owner includes the Owners Corporation for apartment buildings.

- 8.8.7 For the purposes of section 131<u>clause 34 of Schedule 4A</u> of the Act, Energy Savings are taken to occur on the date that the Scheme Administrator determines that the relevant NABERS Rating was completed.
- 8.8.8 Energy Savings Certificates cannot be created for a NABERS Rating more than twelve months after the end of the Rating Period applicable to that NABERS Rating.
- 8.8.9 The requirements of clauses 6.8(h) and 6.8(h) do not apply in relation to Energy Savings Certificates for Energy Savings calculated in accordance with clause 8.8.
- 8.8.10 When calculating Energy Saving using Calculation Method 2 at step 5 of Method 4:
 - (a) The Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation of Energy Savings Certificates in respect of Energy Savings for an Implementation calculated using Calculation Method 2 at step 5 of Method 4 is 3 years;
 - (b) The Benchmark NABERS Rating can only be calculated using a fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating with the end date of no more than 15 months before the end date of the NABERS Rating;
 - (c) NABERS Rating of the same value can only be used once to set a fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating for a NABERS Building. A lower Rating cannot be used as a new fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating in the future.

When calculating Energy Savings after forward creation:

- (a) In years 2 to 7, Energy Savings for annual creation or top-up must be calculated at Calculation Method 2 at step 4 of Method 4 using the Benchmark NABERS Rating calculated at step 2 of Method 4. When calculating the Benchmark NABERS Rating, the Historical Baseline NABERS Rating established in accordance with clause 8.8.10 (b) must be used; and
- (b) If the fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating is used for the purposes of Calculation Method 2 at steps 4 and 5 of Method 4, it must be reset no later than 7 years after the end date of the fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating.

8.8.12 Top-up certificate creation

Accredited Certificate Providers may create new Energy Savings Certificates in respect of Additional Energy Savings which have been calculated using Calculation Method 2 at step 4 of Method 4 for one or more Rating Periods for the Implementation, according to the following:

(a) the term 'Counted Energy Savings' in Calculation Method 2 at step 4 of Method 4 is taken to be the sum of total Electricity Savings and Gas Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates have previously been created for the Implementation, for each Rating Year for the relevant Implementation.

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Method 4 – NABERS Benchmark

Step 1 - Calculate Measured Electricity Consumption and Measured Gas Consumption

Using the measurements taken to establish the NABERS Rating, and other measurements taken as necessary, calculate total energy consumption for the NABERS Building as follows:

Measured Electricity Consumption (MWh) = NABERS Electricity + On-site Unaccounted Electricity

Measured Gas Consumption (MWh) = NABERS Gas

Where:

- NABERS Electricity, in MWh, is the electricity purchased or imported from the Electricity Network and accounted for in the NABERS Rating, including electricity purchased as GreenPower; and
- On-site Unaccounted Electricity, in MWh, is electricity generated on-site from energy sources which have not been accounted for in the NABERS Rating including electricity generated from photovoltaic cells or Gas generators fed from on-site biogas sources, but excluding Gas generators where the imported Gas has been accounted for in the NABERS Rating; and
- NABERS Gas, in MWh, is the total of the Gas accounted for in the NABERS Rating.

Step 2 – Calculate Benchmark NABERS Rating

Calculate the Benchmark NABERS Rating, by using either:

- (a) Calculation Method 1: Look up the Benchmark NABERS Rating in Table A20 of Schedule A which corresponds to the relevant Current Rating Year, NABERS Rating tool and building category; or
- (b) Calculation Method 2: Coculate the Benchmark NABERS Rating based on a Historical Baseline NABERS Rating as follows:

Benchmark NABERS Raying = Historical Baseline NABERS Rating + Annual Rating Adjustment × 🕻 🕻 vrent Rating Year – Baseline Rating Year)

- *Historical Baseline NABERS Rating* is as defined in clause 8.8.2 and meets the equirements set out in clause 8.8.4
 - Annual Rating Adjustment is the amount by which average NABERS Ratings increase each year and is the value in Table A21 of Schedule A which corresponds to the relevant NABERS Rating tool and building category; and
- Baseline Rating Year is as defined in clause 8.8.2(e)

Step 3 – Calculate Benchmark Electricity Consumption and Benchmark Gas Consumption

Benchmark Electricity Consumption is the electricity consumption that would be required for that same NABERS Building to achieve the Benchmark NABERS Rating over the Rating Period, assuming the same breakdown of energy consumption. It is the electricity component of maximum allowable energy consumption, converted to MWh.

Benchmark Gas Consumption is the Gas consumption that would be required for that same NABERS Building to achieve the Benchmark NABERS Rating over the Rating Period, assuming

the same breakdown of energy consumption. It is the Gas component of maximum allowable energy consumption, converted to MWh.

Calculate the *Benchmark Electricity Consumption* and *Benchmark Gas Consumption* in MWh by using the NABERS Reverse Calculator for the relevant NABERS method, setting the target star rating to the *Benchmark NABERS Rating*, and giving all other input parameters the same value as for the actual NABERS Rating over that Rating Period, including:

- Rating type;
- Building information (e.g. Rated Area, number of computers); and
- Percentage breakdown of energy consumption (on an energy use basis in MWh).

If necessary for use with the relevant NABERS Reverse Calculator, round down the Beaching *NABERS Rating* to the nearest half or whole star increment.

Next use Step 4 or Step 5

Step 4 – Calculate Energy Savings for annual creation or top-up

Calculate Electricity Savings and Gas Savings, in MWh as follows

Electricity $Savings_{NRYi} = (Benchmark Electricity Consumption – Measured Electricity Consumption) × Regional Network Factor – Counted Energy Savings_{NRYi} + Electricity Savings_{NRYi-1}$

Gas Savings_{NRYi} = Benchmark Gas Consumption – Measured Gas Consumption – Counted Energy Savings_{NRYi} + Gas Savings_{MXi}

Where:

- *NRYi* is the NABERS Rating Year;
- *NRYi-1* is the NABERS Rating Year immediately preceding *NRYi*;
- the term *Electricity Savings*_{NRYi-1} or *Gas Savings*_{NRYi-1} should only be included in each formala if.
 - calculating from year 3 onwards of using the fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating; and
 - the term is a negative number;

Counted Energy Savings_{NRYi} is the:

- total Electricity Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates have previously been created for the Implementation for the Rating Year *i* if calculating Electricity Savings; or
- total Gas Savings for which Energy Savings Certificates have previously been created for the Implementation for the Rating Year *i* if calculating Gas Savings;
- *Regional Network Factor* is the value from Table A24 of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.

Step 5 – Calculate Energy Savings with forward creation

Calculate *Electricity Savings* and *Gas Savings*, in MWh as follows:

Electricity Savings = \sum_{NRYi} (Benchmark Electricity Consumption – Measured Electricity Consumption_{NRYi}) × Regional Network Factor

Gas Savings = \sum_{NRYi} (Benchmark Gas Consumption – Measured Gas Consumption_{NRYi})

Where:

- *NRYi* is the NABERS Rating Year;
- the summation is over each NABERS Rating Year *i* over the *Maximum Time Period* for *Forward Creation* of the Electricity Savings or Gas Savings;
- Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation is determined by clause 8.8.10(a);
- The value of *Measured Electricity Consumption_{NRYi}* is the same for all NARERS Rating Years and is calculated at Calculation Method 2 at step 1 of Method 4 for NABERS Rating Year 1 when using the fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating;
- The value of *Measured Gas Consumption_{NRYi}* is the same for all NAPERS Rating Years and is calculated at Calculation Method 2 at step 1 of Method 4 for NABERS Rating Year 1 when using the fixed Historical Baseline NABERS Rating;
- *Regional Network Factor* is the value from Table A24 of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.

8.9 Aggregated Metered Baseline

Note: The Aggregated Metered Baseline sub-method allows for Energy Savings to be calculated on the basis of measured savings across a group of electricity and/or natural gas customers, using statistical techniques. To use this method, the Accredited Certificate Provider must engage an Accredited Statistician to perform the randomised Site allocation and validate the statistical methods prior to the Implementation Date. This method may be used for any Recognised Energy Saving Activity, but it is best suited to those activities where:

- Energy Savings are small on a Site by Site basis; and/or
- Energy Savings can vary greatly from Site to Site; and/or
- there is insufficient evidence that the Recognised Energy Saving Activity will not be reversed.

This method requires a group of energy customers (the Population) to be assigned without bias into a Treatment Group and a Control Group. The Treatment Group is offered goods or services that are designed to deliver Energy Savings over the Implementation Period. The Treatment is the offering of goods and services (and any subsequent provision, engagement and promotion activities) and is not just the provision of goods and services. The Control Group is not offered the Treatment, but instead is used to estimate what the energy consumption of the Treatment Group would have been in the absence of the Treatment.

The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using **Method 5.1** provided that all of the conditions in clauses 8.9.2 to 8.9.11 are met.

- 8.9.2 For each Implementation, a number of Sites must be identified and assigned to a Population, and every Site in that Population must be allocated to either a Treatment Group or a Control Group prior to the Implementation Date. Additionally:
 - (a) a Site may choose to join the Population, but once in the Population, must be allocated to the Treatment Group or the Control Group using an Unbiased Selection Method;

- (b) Prior to allocating the Site to the Treatment Group or the Control Group, the Accredited Certificate Provider must:
 - (i) choose for each Site that is or will be in the Population, whether to measure the consumption of electricity or natural gas (or both), subject to clause 8.9.2(f)(ii); and
 - (ii) not decide which energy source(s) are included for measurement based on whether the Site is subsequently allocated in the Treatment Group or the Control Group; and
 - (iii) where the Population includes Sites that have measurements of different energy source combinations, ensure that the Treatment Group size to Control Group size ratio is, as close as possible, the same for each of the energy source combinations (electricity only; natural gas only; both electricity and natural gas).
- (c) persons at Sites must not be informed explicitly that they have been allocated to the Treatment Group or the Control Group;
- (d) once a Site has been allocated to the Treatment Group and the Implementation Date has occurred, persons managing End-User Equipment at that Site may be offered a choice as to whether they wish to receive the goods and services component of the Treatment;
- (e) if a Site chooses not to receive the goods and services component of the Treatment, that Site must be retained in the Treatment Group for measurement purposes, except where clauses 8.9.2(g) and 8.9.2(h) apply;
- (f) the Population should not be targeted with the offer of goods and services that;
 - (i) are aimed at increasing electricity or natural gas use with the intent of creating a greater difference in electricity or natural gas use between the Control Group and Treatment Group; or
 - (ii) promote switching from using grid electricity to natural gas, or vice versa, if both grid electricity and natural gas consumptions is not measured at all Sites in the Population; or
 - (iii) promote switching to a non-renewable energy source other than grid electricity or natural gas.
- (g) a Site must be removed from the Population, and hence Treatment Group or Control Group, if Measured Electricity Consumption or Measured Gas Consumption data or both, as per Clause 89.2(b)(i), are not available for that Site during the Implementation Period;
- (h) all Sites with Measured Electricity Consumption or Measured Gas Consumption data or both, as per Clause 8.9.2(b)(i), for only part of an Implementation Period due to Attrition, must be:
 - (i) removed from the Population; or



(i) included in the Population until the last date Measured Electricity Consumption or Measured Gas Consumption data or both, are available for a given Site; and

-) if data for a Pre-Implementation Period are used, the Accredited Certificate Provider must specify prior to the Implementation Date a period for which the data are available for the total Population.
- 8.9.3 Measurements of electricity consumption under this method must use Measured Electricity Consumption data for each Site in the Population, where the Measured Electricity Consumption for a Measurement Period means the metered amount of electricity used by a Site:
 - (a) as determined by the metering data held by the Electricity Retailer or Network Service Provider for that Site, pro-rated across the period, as measured and estimated in

accordance with the provisions of the National Energy Retail Rules under the *National Energy Retail Law (NSW)*, and in accordance with the provisions of the *Electricity Supply (General) Regulation 2014*; or

- (b) from a metering arrangement compliant with the accuracy requirements of National Measurement Institute document M6 (Electricity Meters), or another metering benchmark accepted by the Scheme Administrator, provided that:
 - (i) all metering devices are installed without bias as to whether that Site is in the Treatment Group or Control Group, and by parties who have no knowledge of whether each Site is part of the Treatment Group or Control Group; and
 - (ii) the reading of metering devices and checking, measurement, estimation and prorating of data is done without bias as to whether that Site is in the Treatment Group or Control Group, and by parties who have no knowledge of whether each Site is part of the Treatment Group or Control Group.
- 8.9.3A Measurements of natural gas consumption under this method must use Measured Gas Consumption data for each Site in the Population, where the Measured Gas Consumption for a Measurement Period means the metered amount of natural gas used by a Site:
 - (a) as determined by the metering data held by the Gas Retailer or gas network operator for that Site, pro-rated across the period, as measured and estimated in accordance with the provisions of the National Energy Retail Rules under the National Energy Retail Law (NSW), and in accordance with the provisions of the Oas Supply (Consumer Safety) Regulation 2012; or
 - (b) from a metering arrangement compliant with the accuracy requirements of National Measurement Institute document R137 (Gas Meters), or another metering benchmark accepted by the Scheme Administrator provided that:
 - (i) all metering devices are installed without bias as to whether that Site is in the Treatment Group or Control Group, and by parties who have no knowledge of whether each Site is part of the Treatment Group or Control Group; and
 - (ii) the reading of metering devices and checking, measurement, estimation and prorating of data is done without bias as to whether that Site is in the Treatment Group or Control Group, and by parties who have no knowledge of whether each Site is part of the Treatment Group or Control Group.
- 8.9.4 For the purposes of calculating Energy Savings, the Measured Electricity Consumption or Measured Gas Consumption data or both, for a given Population must be recorded over one or more Measurement Periods, where:



Implementation Periods and Pre-Implementation Periods are both Measurement Periods;

the Implementation Period and the Pre-Implementation Period do not have to be immediately sequential in time;

- (c) Measurement Periods must not overlap; and
- (d) each Implementation Period must be at least 3 months and no more than 15 months in length.
- 8.9.4A Measured Energy Consumption is calculated for each Site in the Population in accordance with **Equation 8.9.1**.

Equation 8.9.1

Measured Energy Consumption

= Measured Electricity Consumption × Regional Network Factor +

Gas Certificate Conversion Factor

 $Measured Gas Consumption \times \frac{Gas Control for the conversion Factor}{Electricity Certificate Conversion Factor}$

Where:

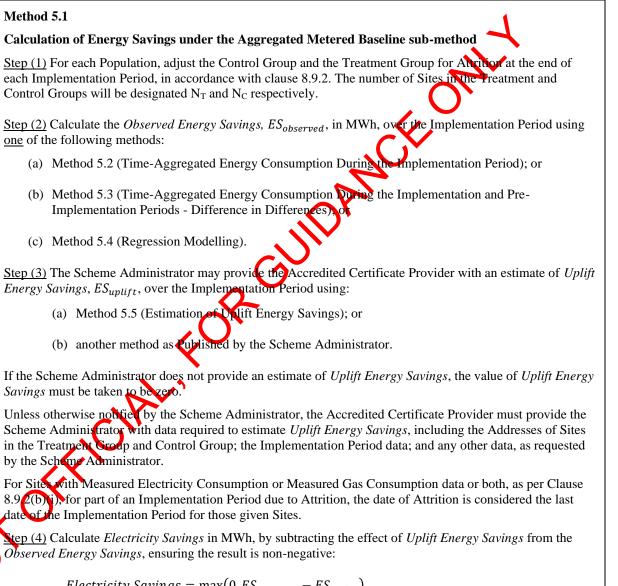
- Regional Network Factor is the value from Table A24 of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place
- Electricity Certificate Conversion Factor is 1.06, as specified the Act, or as amended by Regulation.
- Gas Certificate Conversion Factor is 0.39, as specified in the Act, or as amended by Regulation.
- 8.9.5 For the purposes of section 131 clause 34 of Schedule 4A of the Act, Energy Savings for each Implementation are taken to have occurred on the last date of that Implementation Period.
- Where required, the Energy Savings for the Implementation will be the sum of estimated 8.9.6 Energy Savings for all Sites in a Treatment Group for each Implementation Period.
- The records that must be kept of the method, data and assumptions used to calculate Energy 8.9.7 Savings under Method 5.1 must include:
 - (a) the Addresses of the Sites in the Population and whether they are allocated to the Treatment Group or the Control Group;
 - (b) evidence that Sites were assigned to the Population and were allocated to the Treatment Group and Control Group in accordance with clause 8.9.2;
 - (c) information on metering arrangements used according to clause 8.9.3 and 8.9.3A;
 - (d) information on the Treatment offered to the Treatment Group;
 - (e) confirmation in writing (together with reasoning) from an Accredited Statistician prior to the Implementation Date, that the:
 - (i) Accredited Statistician has randomly allocated Sites from the Population into the Control Group and the Treatment Group;
 - (ii) analysis method used to calculate the observed Energy Savings in Step 2 of Method 5.1 has been selected and is valid;
 - (iii) explanatory variables, including any interactions between them, have been documented if Method 5.4 is used;

(iv) lengths of the Implementation Period and the Pre-Implementation Period (if

applicable) have been determined and documented; information on Sites removed from the Population in accordance with clauses 8.9.2(g)

- and 8.9.2(h), including reasoning for each Site's removal;
- (g) documentation of reproducible steps and log files for the calculations performed; and
- (h) any additional requirements as Published, from time to time, by the Scheme Administrator.
- 8.9.8 The Accredited Certificate Provider can only modify the methods in clause 8.9.7(e) for subsequent Implementation Periods. If modified, the Accredited Certificate Provider must obtain from an Accredited Statistician prior to the Implementation Date of the subsequent Implementation Periods, a new verification in writing.

- 8.9.9 The Implementation Date is the start date of the Implementation Period.
- 8.9.10 The Energy Saver is the person who holds the Measured Electricity Consumption or Measured Gas Consumption data or both, for all Sites in a Population in accordance with clause 8.9.3 or 8.9.3A.
- 8.9.11 For the purposes of this clause 8.9, the requirements under clause 6.8 are as Published by the Scheme Administrator for the purposes of this calculation method.



 $Electricity \ Savings = \max(0, ES_{observed} - ES_{uplift})$

Gas Savings = 0

Method 5.2

Calculation of *Observed Energy Savings* from Time-Aggregated Energy Consumption During the Implementation Period

Effective from 4 September 2020 Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020 -28 February 2022

> <u>Step (1)</u> Calculate the mean daily energy use of the Treatment Group (E_T) over the Implementation Period: $E_T = \frac{(\sum_s E_s)}{(\sum_s E_s)}$

$$E_T = \frac{(\sum_s D_s)}{(\sum_s D_s)}$$

where:

- s indexes over Sites in the Treatment Group
- E_s is the Measured Energy Consumption for Site (s) in the Treatment Group over the Implementation Period, calculated in accordance with clause 8.9.4A of this Rule; and
- D_s is number of days of Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s) in the Treatment Group over the Implementation Period

<u>Step (2)</u> Calculate the mean daily energy use of the Control Group (E_c) over the Implementation Period:

$$\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{C}} = \frac{(\sum_{\mathrm{s}} \mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{s}})}{(\sum_{\mathrm{s}} \mathbf{D}_{\mathrm{s}})}$$

where:

- s indexes over Sites in the Control Group
- E_s is the Measured Energy Consumption for Site (s) in the Control Group over the Implementation Period, calculated in accordance with clause 8.94A of this Rule; and
- D_s is number of days of Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s) in the Control Group over the Implementation Period

<u>Step (3)</u> Using the Treatment Group measurements, the Control Group measurements and the standard error for the Control Group mean, perform the following hypothesis test:

$$H_{0}: E_{C} \leq E_{T}$$

$$H_{alt}: E_{C} > E_{T}$$
Calculate $t = (E_{C} - E_{T}) / \left(sd * \sqrt{\frac{fpc_{T}}{N_{T}} + \frac{fpc_{C}}{N_{C}}} \right)$
Reject H₀ (and accept H_{alt}) if $t > T_{(p=0.95)}$

where:

d is the standard deviation of mean daily energy use at Sites in the Control Group in the Implementation Period, weighted by the number of days in the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Sites in the Control Group, as worked out using the formula

$$sd = \sqrt{\left\{\sum_{s} f_{s} * \left(\frac{E_{s}}{D_{s}} - E_{C}\right)^{2}\right\} * \frac{N_{c}}{N_{c} - 1}}$$

where:

 f_s means the number of days in the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s), as a proportion of the sum of all the days in the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Sites in the Control Group, as follows:

$$f_s = \frac{D_s}{(\sum_s D_s)}$$

- N_C is the number of Sites in the Control Group and N_T is number of Sites in the Treatment Group;
- $T_{(p=0.95)}$ is the value from standard T tables with $(N_c 1)$ degrees of freedom. For degrees of freedom exceeding 2400 use the value of 1.6449. Note that 0.95 values of the T statistic are from the upper 5% points of the distribution;
- fpc_C is an optional finite population correction for estimating the Population mean from the Control Group, $fpc_C = (N N_C)/(N 1)$; and
- fpc_{T} is an optional finite population correction when using the Population mean to predict the Treatment Group mean, $\text{fpc}_{T} = (N N_{T})/(N 1)$.

If able to reject H_0 , proceed to step (4). Otherwise, E_C is taken to be less than or equal to E_T and $ES_{observed}$ is taken to be zero.

Step (4) Calculate the Observed Energy Savings, ESobserved, in MWh, over the Implementation Period:

$$ES_{observed} = (E_C - E_T) * \left(\sum_s D_s\right)$$

where:

- s indexes over Sites in the Treatment Group; and
- D_s is number of days of Measured Energy Comumption at Site (s) in the Treatment Group over the Implementation Period

Method 5.3

where:

Calculation of *Observed Energy Savings* from Time-Aggregated Energy Consumption During the Implementation and Pre-Implementation Periods – Difference in Differences

<u>Step (1)</u> Calculate the change in mean daily energy use (C_s) between the Implementation Period and the Pre-Implementation Period for each Site in the Population:

$$C_{s} = \mathbf{E}_{s,i} + E_{s,p} * \left(\frac{D_{s,i}}{D_{s,p}}\right)$$

 $E_{s,i}$ is the Measured Energy Consumption at each Site (s) over the Implementation Period, calculated in accordance with clause 8.9.4A of this Rule;

- E_{s,p} is the Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s) over the Pre-Implementation Period, calculated in accordance with clause 8.9.4A of this Rule;
- $\left(\frac{D_{s,i}}{D_{s,p}}\right)$ corrects for minor differences in length of Implementation Period compared to Pre-Implementation Period due to leap year;
- D_{s,i} is the number of days of over the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s); and
- D_{s,p} is the number of days in the Pre-Implementation Period and must cover the same period of time in a previous year as D_{s,i}.

<u>Step (2)</u> Calculate the change in mean daily energy use of the Treatment Group (C_T) between the Implementation Period and the Pre-Implementation Period:

$$C_{\rm T} = \frac{\sum_{s} C_{s}}{\sum_{s} D_{s,i}}$$

where:

- s indexes over Sites in the Treatment Group; and
- $D_{s,i}$ is the number of days over the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s).

<u>Step (3)</u> Calculate the change in mean daily energy use of the Control Group (C_C) between the Implementation Period and the Pre-Implementation Period:

$$C_C = \frac{\sum_s C_s}{\sum_s D_{s,i}}$$

where:

• s indexes over Sites in the Control Group; and

 $D_{s,i}$ is the number of days over the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s).

<u>Step (4)</u> Using the Treatment Group measurements, the Control Group measurements and the standard error for the Control Group mean difference, perform the following hypothesis test:

$$H_0: C_C \le C_T$$

$$H_{alt}: C_C > C_T$$

Calculate $t = (C_C - C_C)$

Reject H_0 (and accept H_{alt}) if $t > T_{(p=0.95)}$

where:

• sd is the standard deviation of change, between the Pre-Implementation Period and Implementation Period in the mean daily energy use at Sites in the Control Group, weighted by the number of days in the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Sites in the Control Group, as worked out using the formula

$$\mathbf{S}_{sd} = \sqrt{\left\{\sum_{s} f_{s} * \left(\frac{C_{s}}{D_{s,i}} - C_{C}\right)^{2}\right\} * \frac{N_{c}}{N_{c} - 1}}$$

where:

 f_s means the number of days in the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s), as a proportion of the sum of all the days in the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Sites in the Control Group, as follows:

$$\mathbf{f}_{s} = \frac{D_{s,i}}{\sum_{s} D_{s,i}}$$

• N_C is number of Sites in the Control Group and N_T is number of Sites in the Treatment Group:

- $T_{(p=0.95)}$ is the value from standard *T* tables with $(N_c 1)$ degrees of freedom. For degrees of freedom exceeding 2400 use the value of 1.6449. Note that 0.95 values of the T statistic are from the upper 5% points of the distribution;
- fpc_c is an optional finite population correction for estimating the Population mean from the Control Group, $fpc_c = (N N_c)/(N 1)$; and
- fpc_T is an optional finite population correction when using the Population mean to predict the Treatment Group mean, $fpc_T = (N N_T)/(N 1)$.

If able to reject H_0 , proceed to step (5). Otherwise, C_C is taken to be less than or equal to C_T and $ES_{observed}$ is taken to be zero

Step (5) Calculate the Observed Energy Savings, ESobserved, in MWh, over the Implementation Period:

$$ES_{observed} = (C_C - C_T) * \left(\sum_s D_s\right)$$

where:

- s indexes over Sites in the Treatment Group; and
- $D_{s,i}$ is the number of days over the Implementation Period for which there is data about Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s).

Method 5.4

Calculation of Observed Energy Sayings from Regression Modelling

<u>Step (1)</u> Calculate the mean daily energy use $(DE_{s,i})$ for each Site in the Population for the Implementation Period:

where:

• $E_{s,j}$ is the Measured Energy Consumption for Site (s) over the Implementation Period, calculated in accordance with clause 8.9.4A of this Rule; and

 $\mathbf{x}_{s,i}$ is the number of days of Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s) over the Implementation Period

<u>Step (2)</u> Calculate the mean daily energy use $(DE_{s,p})$ for each Site in the Population for the Pre-Implementation Period:

$$DE_{s,p} = E_{s,p}/D_{s,p}$$

where:

- $E_{s,p}$ is the Measured Energy Consumption for each Site (s) over the Pre-Implementation Period, calculated in accordance with clause 8.9.4A of this Rule; and
- $D_{s,p}$ is the number of days of Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s) over the Pre-Implementation Period.

<u>Step (3)</u> Create the evaluation data set consisting of one observation for each Site in the Population containing $DE_{s,i}$, $DE_{s,p}$, T_s and other appropriate explanatory variables, where:

- T_s is a variable taking the value 1 if a Site (s) is in the Treatment Group and 0 if it is in the Control Group; and
- OtherVariables_s is the vector of other appropriate explanatory variables.

Step (3B) For cases where there are Sites with Measured Energy Consumption data for part of an Implementation Period due to Attrition, create another variable $W_{s,m}$, where:

- W_{s,m} is a variable taking the value 1 if the Site (s) has Measured Energy Consumption during time period m and 0 otherwise. m = 1 ... NTP; and
- NTP is the number of non-overlapping and exhaustive time periods for the implementation.
- The time periods are to be allocated so that each time period has the close as is possible) the same number of Sites subject to Attrition during that period.

<u>Step (4)</u> Estimate the average treatment effect per day ($\hat{\beta}$) by estimating the following regression via Weighted Least Squares (WLS) and weighting by D_{s,i}:

$$DE_{s,i} = \alpha + \beta T_s + \delta DE_{s,p} + \sum \lambda_m W_{s,m} + \sum \gamma_k Other Variables_{s,k} + \varepsilon_s$$

where:

- α is the intercept;
- β is the treatment effect;
- δ is the impact of Pre-Implementation Period energy consumption;
- $\lambda_{\rm m}$ accounts for time period (m) variation;
- γ_k is the effect of the kth other explanatory variable, k=1....K where K is the total number of other explanatory variables; and
- ε_s is the error term.

Step (5) Using the estimated treatment effect (denoted as $\hat{\beta}$) and its standard error perform the following hypothesis test:

 $H_0: \hat{\beta} \ge 0$

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H_{alt}: \hat{\beta} < 0
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Calculate $t = \hat{\beta} / se(\hat{\beta})$

Reject H_0 (and accept H_{alt}) if $t < T_{(p=0.05)}$

where:

- $se(\hat{\beta})$ is the standard error of $\hat{\beta}$; and
- T(p=0.05) is the value from the standard T table with $N_T + N_C (3 + K + NTP)(N_T + N_C 2)$ degrees of freedom. For degrees of freedom exceeding 2400 use the value of -1.6449. Note that 0.05 values of the T statistic are from the lower 5% points of the distribution.

A negative value for $\hat{\beta}$ indicates a reduction in energy usage. Therefore, if able to reject H₀, proceed to step (6). Otherwise, $\hat{\beta}$ is taken to be non-negative and ES_{observed} is taken to be zero.

Step (6) Calculate the Observed Energy Savings, ESobserved, in MWh, over the Implementation Period:

$$ES_{observed} = -\hat{\beta} * \left(\sum_{s} D_{s}\right)$$

where:

- s indexes over Sites in the Treatment Group; and
- at Site (s D_s is the number of days of Measured Energy Consumption at Site (s) in the Treatment Group over

Effective from 4 September 2020 Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020 -28 February 2022

Method 5.5 - Estimation of Uplift Energy Savings

<u>Step (1)</u> Estimate the *Lifetime Energy Savings*, $LES_{s,a}$, from each *Other Activity (a)* implemented in each Site (s) in the Population, within the Implementation Period.

Where:

- Other Activity (a) means either:
 - any other Recognised Energy Saving Activity, apart from the Recognised Energy Saving Activity that is the subject of this calculation; or
 - \circ an activity referred to in clauses 5.4(f) 5.4(g), or 5.4(i) of this Rule.

<u>Step (2)</u> Calculate the Energy Savings, $ES_{s,a}$, for each Site *s* due to each *Other Activity a* during the Implementation Period:

$$ES_{s,a} = LES_{s,a} * \left(\frac{Overlap_a}{Lifetime_a}\right)$$

where:

and

whe

- Lifetime_a, in years, is the Lifetime of the Energy Savings for each Other Activity (a), or 10 years if it is not defined in this Rule; and
- *Overlap_a*, in years, is the length of time of the Implementation Period that overlaps with the Lifetime of the Energy Savings for each *Other Activity (a)*.
- If the *Other Activity* (*a*) had one or more Energy Savings calculated using the Metered Baseline Method, then the Lifetime of the Energy Savings is the length of the Measurement Period of that calculation.
- The calculation of the duration of overlap must take account of Attrition of Sites.

<u>Step (3)</u> Calculate the average Energy Savings, $ES_{T,all \ Other \ Activities}$ and $ES_{C,all \ Other \ Activities}$, due to all *Other Activities (a)* for all Sites in the Treatment Group and Control Group respectively, over the Implementation Period:

$$ES_{T,all \ Other \ Activities} = \frac{\sum_{s \ in \ Treament \ Group, a} ES_{s, a}}{N_{T}}$$

$$ES_{T,all \ Other \ Activities} = \frac{\sum_{s \ in \ Control \ Group, a} ES_{s, a}}{N_{C}}$$

The summation is over all Sites (s) in the Treatment Group (for $ES_{T,all Other Activities}$) and Control Group (for $ES_{C,all Other Activities}$), respectively, and all Other Activities that overlap with the Implementation Period; and

• The N_T and N_C are the number of Sites in the Treatment Group and Control Group respectively for Implementation Period.

<u>Step (4)</u> Calculate the *Uplift Energy Savings*, ES_{uplift} , from *Other Activities* due to participation in the program:

$$ES_{uplift} = (ES_{T,all\ Other\ Activities} - ES_{C,all\ Other\ Activities}) * N_T$$

<u>Step (5)</u> Ensure the Uplift Energy Savings, ESuplift, are non-negative:

 $ES_{uplift} = \max(0, ES_{uplift})$

9 Deemed Energy Savings Method

Note: The Deemed Energy Savings Method can be used for the replacement, installation and delivery of common End-User Equipment such as lighting, refrigerators and electric motors.

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- 9.1 Energy Savings for Implementations may be calculated in accordance with:
 - (a) clause 9.3 (Sale of New Appliances), for the Activity Definitions set out in Schedule B
 - (b) clause 9.4 (Commercial Lighting Energy Savings Formula);
 - (c) clause 9.4A (Public Lighting Energy Savings Formula);
 - (d) clause 9.5 (High Efficiency Motor Energy Savings Formula);
 - (e) clause 9.6 (Power Factor Correction Energy Savings Formula);
 - (f) clause 9.7 (Removal of Old Appliances), for the Activity Detimions set out in Schedule C;
 - (g) clause 9.8 (Home Energy Efficiency Retrofits), for the Activity Definitions set out in Schedules D and E; or
 - (h) clause 9.9 (High Efficiency Appliances for Businesses), for the Activity Definitions set out in Schedule F.
 - (i) (deleted).
- 9.2 For the purposes of <u>section 131 clarss 34 of Schedule 4A</u> of the Act, where the Energy Savings for an Implementation are calculated using the Deemed Energy Savings Method in this clause 9, those Energy Savings are taken to occur on the Implementation Date.

9.2A Acceptable End-User Emipment

- 9.2A.1 Under the Deemed Energy Savings Method, Equipment Requirements apply to End-User Equipment. The Equipment Requirements are specified in clauses 9.3 to 9.9, and also include any additional Equipment Requirements (as Published from time to time by the Scheme Administrator) that apply to the relevant calculation method of this Rule.
- 9.2A.2 The Scheme Administrator may <u>Publish, from time to time, a list of, on its own motion or on</u> an application made under clause 9.2A.3, accept Products that are accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the Equipment Requirements referred to in clause 9 by:
 - (a) Publishing a detailed list identifying each Product;
 - (b) Publishing a reference to a list from a certifying body, along with any restrictions on that list; and/or
 - (c) Publishing a requirement for labelling in accordance with a labelling scheme, along with any restrictions on that labelling=: and/or
 - (d) Publishing a reference to a product register, as in force from time to time, published by a specified body, along with any restrictions on that product register so long as the Scheme Administrator is satisfied that the requirements for listing a product on the product register are substantially the same as the relevant Equipment Requirements set

out in clause 9 other than any additional Equipment Requirements published by the Scheme Administrator in accordance with clause 9.2A.1.

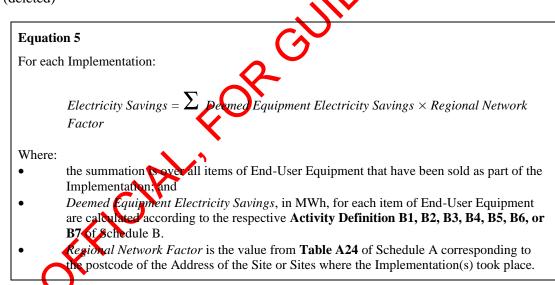
Note: For example, the Scheme Administrator publishes a reference to the energy upgrades register of products published by the Victorian Essential Services Commission along with the restriction that only those products on the register that are solar or heat pump water heaters are accepted as meeting the Equipment Requirements for the purposes of cl 9.2A.2.

- 9.2A.3 Subject to clause 9.2A.4, any Accredited Certificate Provider (or other persons as Published by the Scheme Administrator), may apply to the Scheme Administrator to have a Product accepted as meeting the Equipment Requirements, provided that they:
 - (a) apply in a form and manner required by the Scheme Administrator;
 - (b) pay any fee required by the Scheme Administrator in respect of the investigation and determination of the application on a cost recovery basis and including an allowance for:
 - (i) the recovery by the Scheme Administrator of its costs in establishing, operating and maintaining the systems and databases required in connection with the assessment, acceptance and rejection of applications made under this clause 9.2A.3;
 - (ii) the exercise of the Scheme Administrator's powers under clauses 9.2A.2 and 9.2A.5; and
 - (iii) the payment and collection of fees under this clause 9.2A.3(b);
 - (c) identify the Product; and
 - (d) provide evidence that the Product meet all of the Equipment Requirements.
- 9.2A.4 The Scheme Administrator may limit the number of applications that may be made during a period under clause 9.2A.3, either in aggregate or by particular persons or classes of persons, by Publishing a notice that sets out that period and limit.
- 9.2A.5 The Scheme Administrator may, at any time, cease to accept a Product as meeting the Equipment Requirements, provided that it:
 - (a) notifies all Accredited Certificate Providers accredited for the relevant Recognised Energy Saving Activity of the change and the reason for the change, prior to the Product ceasing to be accepted for this purpose; and
 - (b) ensures that all Published lists reflect the change in a timely manner.
- 9.2A.5A The Scheme Administrator may accept or reject an application made under clause 9.2A.3.
- 924 Without limiting clause 9.2A.5A, the Scheme Administrator may reject an application made under clause 9.2A.3 where the applicant has not provided additional information requested by the Scheme Administrator in support of that application within a timeframe Published by the Scheme Administrator.

9.3 Sale of New Appliances

9.3.1 The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using **Equation 5**, provided that:

- (a) each item of End-User Equipment meets the Equipment Requirements in one of the Activity Definitions set out in Schedule B;
- (b) each item of End-User Equipment was sold by an Appliance Retailer;
- (c) each item of End-User Equipment was new at the time it was sold by the Appliance Retailer;
- (d) each item of End-User Equipment was delivered to an Address, or was sold to a Purchaser with an Address recorded by the Appliance Retailer; and
- (e) compliance with the requirements in clauses (a) to (d) above is evidenced by a tax invoice and/or other evidence acceptable to the Scheme Administrator.
- 9.3.2 For the purposes of clause 5.3(a), End-User-Equipment under clause 9.3 is deemed to be installed upon its sale.
- 9.3.3 For the purposes of clause 6.8, the Site of the Implementation is the Address referred to in clause 9.3.1 (d) of this Rule.
- 9.3.4 The Implementation Date is the date that the End-User Equipment was sold.
- 9.3.5 The Energy Saver is the Appliance Retailer who sells the App
- 9.3.6 (deleted)



9.4 Commercial Lighting Energy Savings Formula

The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using **Equations 6** and 9 and either 7 or 8, provided that:

- (a) the activity is a Lighting Upgrade of:
 - (i) Lighting for Roads and Public Spaces;
 - (ii) Traffic Signals; or
 - (iii) Building Lighting;
- (b) the Lighting Upgrade meets or exceeds the relevant lighting standards for each upgrade, to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator;

- (c) if the Lighting Upgrade is of Building Lighting, then each space, after implementation of the Lighting Upgrade must, to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator, achieve:
 - (i) the relevant requirements of AS/NZS 1680, specifically including but not limited to maintained illuminance accounting for lumen depreciation, control of glare, and uniformity of illuminance, or another benchmark approved by the Scheme Administrator where the Lighting Upgrade is outside the scope of AS/NZS1680;
 - (ii) the requirements of the BCA section F4.4, Safe Movement (as updated from time to time);
 - (iii) an IPD that equals or is less than the maximum IPD for each space, as defined in Part J6 of the BCA; and
 - (iv) any other minimum performance requirements as Published by the Scheme Administrator;
- (d) the Lighting Upgrade is performed by a person authorised to carry out electrical wiring work under section 14 (1) of the *Home Building Act 1989*;
- (e) the Purchaser has paid a net amount of at least \$5 (excluding GST) per MWh of Electricity Savings, which must not be reimbursed, for the goods or services making up the Implementation, and which payment is evidenced to the sansfaction of the Scheme Administrator;
- (f) each item of End-User Equipment used in the Lighting Upgrade is either:
 - (i) a Standard Equipment Class as listed in Table 49.1 of Schedule A or,
 - (ii) an Other Equipment Class as listed in Table A9.3 of Schedule A, provided that the item is accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the Equipment Requirements specified in Table A9.4 of Schedule A.
- (g) if the Lighting Upgrade is of Lighting for Roads and Public Spaces, then the Lighting Upgrade, must, to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator, achieve:
 - (i) the requirements of the AS/NZS 1158 series of standards; or
 - (ii) any other standard or benchmark specified by the Scheme Administrator.
- (h) if the Lighting Upgrade is of Traffic Signals, then the Lighting Upgrade must, to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator, achieve:
 - (i) the recevant requirements of AS 2144:2014; or
 - (ii) an other standard or benchmark specified by the Scheme Administrator.

(i) Space types Un-switched Maintained Emergency Luminaire and Switched Maintained Emergency Luminaire in Table A10. 2 do not apply unless the existing lighting End-User Equipment is an Un-Switched Maintained Emergency Luminaire.

Note: In-kind payments are not an acceptable form of payment for the purposes of clause 9.4.1(e). For example, the purchaser cannot provide goods and services in exchange for goods and services that make up the Implementation for the purposes of clause 9.4.1(e).

- 9.4.2 The Implementation Date is the date when the Lighting Upgrade was completed.
- 9.4.3 The Energy Saver is the Purchaser.
- 9.4.4 (deleted).

Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009

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Effective from 4 September 2020
Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020
-28 February 2022
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Equation 6

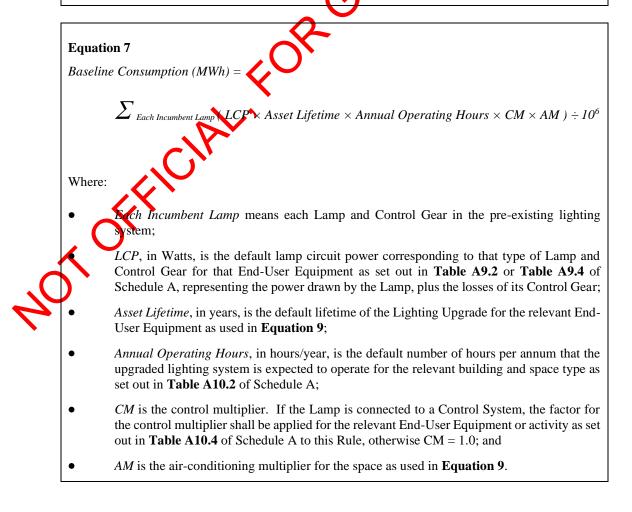
For each Implementation:

Electricity Savings = [Baseline Consumption – Upgrade Consumption] × Regional Network Factor

Where:

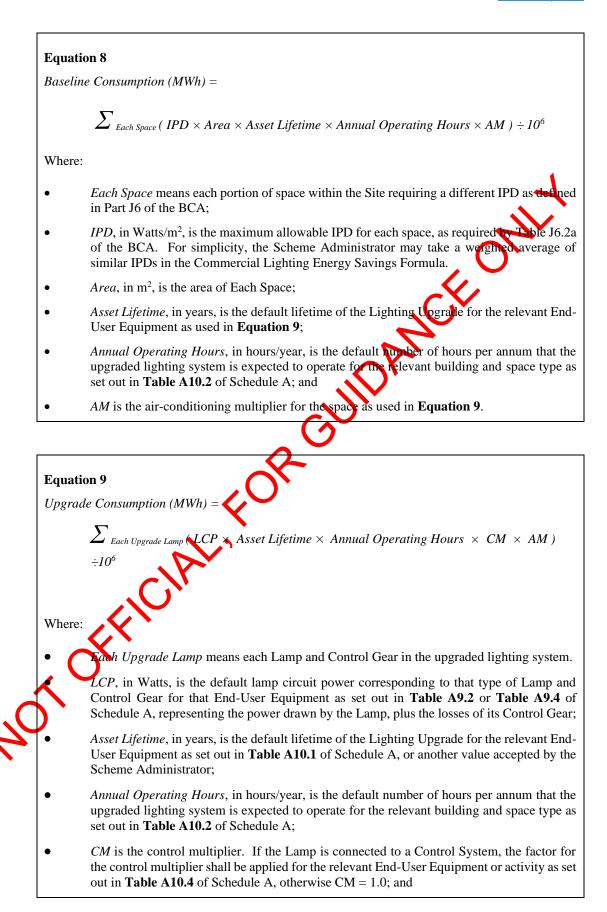
•

- Baseline Consumption, in MWh, is calculated:
 - using **Equation 7**, if the Lighting Upgrade is part of a refurbishment that would not have been required to comply with the BCA Part J6, had the Lighting Upgrade component of the refurbishment not occurred;
 - using **Equation 7** if the Lighting Upgrade is part of a refurbishment bat would have been required to comply with the BCA Part J6, had the Lighting Upgrade component of the refurbishment not occurred and where the existing lighting meets or is below the maximum IPD requirements of the BCA Part J6; or
 - using **Equation 8** if the Lighting Upgrade is part of areful bishment that would have been required to comply with the BCA Part I6, had the Lighting Upgrade component of the refurbishment not occurred, and where the existing lighting does not meet the IPD requirements of the BCA Part J6.
- Upgrade Consumption, in MWh, is calculated using Equation 9
- *Regional Network Factor* is the value from **Table A24** of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.



Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009 Effective from 4 September 2020

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Includes Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.1) Rule 2020 and Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No.2) Rule 2020
-28 February 2022
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AM is the air-conditioning multiplier for the space, after Implementation, as set out in Table A10.5 of Schedule A.

9.4A **Public Lighting Energy Savings Formula**

- 9.4A.1 The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using Equations 6A, 7A and 9A, provided that:
 - (a) the activity is a Lighting Upgrade of:
 - (i) Lighting for Roads and Public Spaces; or
 - (ii) Traffic Signals; and
 - (b) the Luminaire is an asset owned and/or maintained by a Distributor or Roads Maritime Services; and
 - (c) each item of End-User Equipment used in the Lighting Upgrade is of ther.
 - a Standard Equipment Class as listed in Table A9.1 of Schedule A; or i.
 - an Other Equipment Class as listed in Table A9.3 of Schedule A, provided that ii. the item is accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the Equipment Requirements specified in Table A9.4 of Schedule A.
- 9.4A.2 The Implementation Date is the date when the Lighting Upgrade was completed.
- 9.4A.3 The Energy Saver is:
 - (a) the Distributor or Roads and Maritime Services that is the owner of the Luminaire; or
 - (b) the Council or Roads and Maritime Services if they:
 - (i) are a public lighting customer, for billing, regulatory or management purposes, of the Distributor that owns the Luminaire, and
 - (ii) request the Lighting Upgrade from the Distributor that owns the Luminaire, in writing.
- 9.4A.4 If the Lighting Upgrade involves an existing or replacement Lamp or Luminaire that:
 - (a) is registered on a national electricity market load table for unmetered connection points, the device load value listed in that load table must be used as the LCP in Equations 7A and 9A. or

is not registered on a national electricity market load table for unmetered connection points, the device load value as listed in a Public Lighting Inventory must be used as the LCP in Equations 7A and 9A.

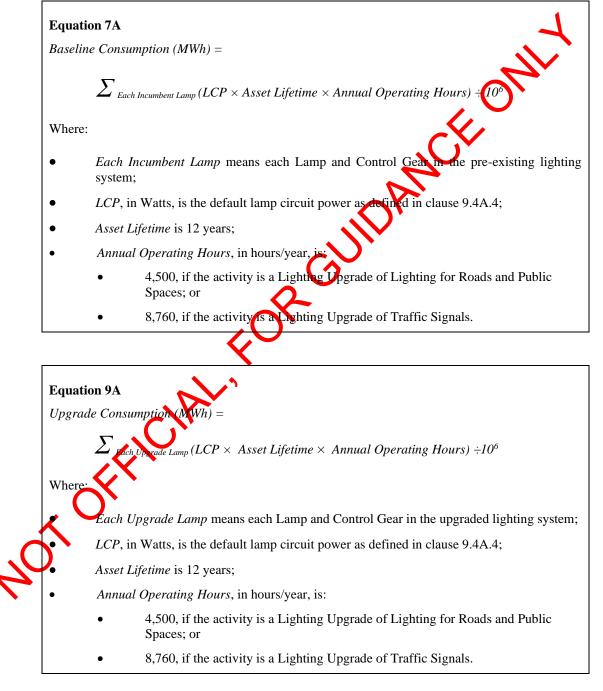
Equation 6A

For each Implementation:

Electricity Savings = [Baseline Consumption – Upgrade Consumption] \times Regional Network Factor

Where:

- Baseline Consumption, in MWh, is calculated using Equation 7A
- Upgrade Consumption, in MWh, is calculated using Equation 9A
- *Regional Network Factor* is the value from **Table A24** of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.



9.5 High Efficiency Motor Energy Savings Formula

9.5.1 The Energy Savings may be calculated using **Equation 12**, provided that:

- (a) the End-User Equipment is a new High Efficiency Motor; and
- (b) the High Efficiency Motor is installed.
- 9.5.2 The Implementation Date is the date that the High Efficiency Motor was installed.
- 9.5.3 The Energy Saver is the Purchaser.
- 9.5.4 (deleted).
- 9.5.5 An Accredited Certificate Provider may only calculate Energy Savings for an Implementation using **Equation 12** if they were accredited by the Scheme Administrator to create Energy Savings Certificates using the High Efficiency Motor Energy Savings Formula on or before 15 April 2016.

Equation 12

For each Implementation:

Electricity Savings = $P \times LUF \times DEI \times Asset Life \times 8760 \times Regional Network Factor$

Where:

- *P*, in kW, is the rated output of the High Efficiency Motor
- *LUF* is the Default Load Utilisation Factors for the relevant High Efficiency Motor as set out in **Table A12** of Schedule A, where the Business Classification and End-Use Service relevant to the Energy Savings is known or **Table A13** of Schedule A otherwise;
- *DEI* is the default efficiency improvement (as a fraction, not as a percentage) for the relevant High Efficiency Motor as set out in **Table A11** of Schedule A; and
- *Asset Life*, in years, of the High Efficiency Motor is set out in **Table A14** of Schedule A to this Rule for the corresponding rated output of the High Efficiency Motor.
- *Regional Network Factor* is the value from **Table A24** of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.

9.6 **Power Factor Correction Energy Savings Formula**

9.6.1 The Energy Savings may be calculated using **Equations 13** and **14**, provided that:

(a) the capacitors to provide the power factor correction services are installed at a Site where electricity is supplied from the Electricity Network at less than 50 kilovolts (kV);

the capacitors improve the power factor of the Site to achieve a minimum of 0.9 lagging;

- (c) the capacitors are not installed as part of a mandatory program of installation;
- (d) the capacitors are installed at the main switchboard, where the Site is connected to the Electricity Network; and
- (e) the capacitors are new.
- 9.6.2 The Implementation Date is the date on which the capacitors were installed.
- 9.6.3 The Energy Saver is the Purchaser.
- 9.6.4 (deleted)

Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009

Equation 13

For each Implementation:

 $Electricity \ Savings = \ (Power \ Savings) / \ 1000 \times (Annual \ operating \ hours) \times (Site \ Life) \times Regional \ Network \ Factor$

Where:

- *Power Savings*, in kW, is the line loss power savings, less capacitor losses, during operating hours, and is calculated according to **Equation 14**;
- Annual operating hours, in hours/year, is the number of hours per year that the Site is operating and equals 1750; and
- *Site Life*, in years, is the expected remaining lifetime of the Site and the capacitors and equals 10.
- *Regional Network Factor* is the value from **Table A24** of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.

Equation 14

Power Savings (kW) = Real Power $\times 0.7 \times (DLF + 1) \times (1 - (Initial power factor)^2 / (Final power factor)^2) - 0.0039 \times (Rating of instelled capacitors)$

Where:

- *Real Power*, in kW, is the real power component of the average Site load during operating hours;
- *DLF* is the distribution loss factor for the Distribution District that the Site is connected to, as detailed in **Table A19** of Schedule A;
- *Initial power factor* is the power factor of the load before the capacitors are installed, or 0.9, whichever is greater:
- *Final power factor* is the power factor of the load after the capacitors have been installed, or 0.98, whichever is lesser; and
- *Rating of installed capacitors*, in kvar, is the rated reactive power of the installed capacitors.

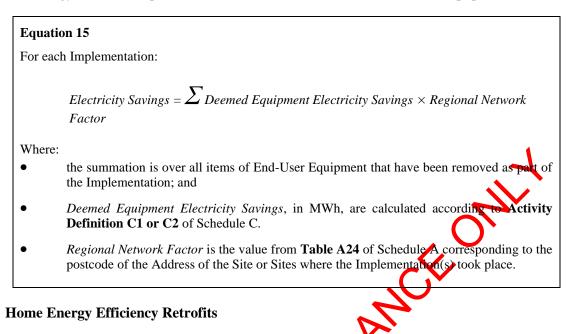
9.7 **Removal of Old Appliances**

9.7.1 The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using Equation 15, provided that:

(a) the Site is a Residential Building or a Small Business Site;

- (b) each item of End-User Equipment meets one of the Equipment Requirements in Activity Definition C1 or C2 of Schedule C;
- (c) each item of End-User Equipment is removed from the Site and disposed of; and
- (d) compliance with the requirements in clauses 9.7.1(a) to (c) above is evidenced by a copy of the disposal agent's refrigerant handling Licence, and/or other evidence acceptable to the Scheme Administrator.
- 9.7.2 The Implementation Date is the date that the End-User Equipment was removed from the Site.

9.7.3 The Energy Saver is the person who is contracted to remove the End-User Equipment.



- 9.8.1 The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using **Equation 16**, provided that:
 - (a) the Site is a Residential Building or a Small Business Site, as evidenced to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator;
 - (b) a Site Assessment has been conducted on or before the Implementation Date;
 - (c) the Eligibility Requirements for the relevant Activity Definition are met immediately prior to the Implementation Eate;
 - (d) installed End-User Equipment or Products that modify End-User Equipment meet all of the Equipment Requirements for the relevant Activity Definition;
 - (e) the completed Implementation satisfies all of the relevant Implementation Requirements;
 - (f) the Purchaser has paid a net amount of at least \$30 (excluding GST) which must not be reimbursed, for the Implementation, assessment and other associated works carried out at the Site, and which payment is evidenced to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator, unless delivered through a Low-income Energy Program or an Exempt Energy Program.

Note: In-kind payments are not an acceptable form of payment for the purposes of clause 9.8.1(<u>ef</u>). For example, the purchaser cannot provide goods and services in exchange for goods and services that make up the Implementation for the purposes of clause 9.8.1(<u>ef</u>).

- 9.8.2 The Implementation Date is the date that the End-User Equipment is installed.
- 9.8.3 The Energy Saver is the Purchaser.
- 9.8.4 (deleted)

9.8

9.8.5 The activities that make up the Implementation must be identified, recorded and reported to the Scheme Administrator in a manner and form determined by the Scheme Administrator.

Equation 16

For each Implementation:

Electricity Savings = Σ Deemed Activity Electricity Savings imes Regional Network Factor

$$Gas Savings = \sum$$
 (Deemed Activity Gas Savings)

Where:

- the summation is over all activities at the Site in accordance with this clause 9.8; and
- *Deemed Activity Electricity Savings*, in MWh, are calculated according to the activity Energy Savings formula set out in the relevant **Activity Definition** in Schedule D or Schedule E for each Implementation at the Site.
- *Deemed Activity Gas Savings*, in MWh, are calculated according to the Activity Energy Savings formula set out in the relevant **Activity Definition** in Schedule D or Schedule E for each Implementation at the Site.
- *Regional Network Factor* is the value from **Table A24** of Schedule A corresponding to the postcode of the Address of the Site or Sites where the Implementation(s) took place.

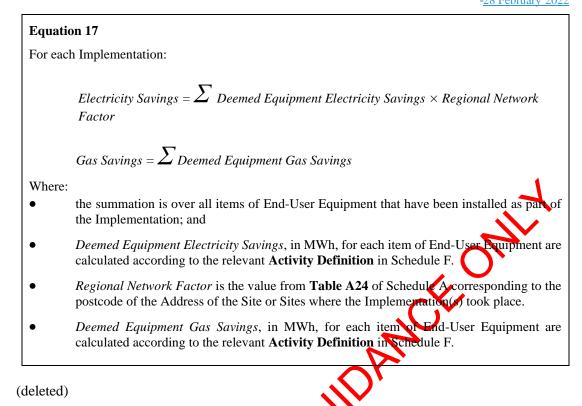
9.9 Installation of High Efficiency Appliances for Businesse

- 9.9.1 The Energy Savings for an Implementation may be calculated using Equation 17, provided that:
 - (a) each item of End-User Equipment meets the Equipment Requirements in an Activity Definition listed in Schedule E
 - (b) each item of End-User Equipment meets the Installation Requirements as specified in the relevant Activity Definition in Schedule F; and
 - (c) each item of End-User Equipment is installed at an Address in an ESS Jurisdiction.
- 9.9.2 The Implementation Date is the date that the End-User Equipment is installed.
- 9.9.3 The Energy Saver is the Purchaser.

9.9.4

(deleted)

Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009



10 Definitions and Interpretation

10.1 In this Rule:

9.10

"Accuracy Factor" has the meaning given to that term in clause 7A.10.

"Accreditation Date" means, with respect to a Recognised Energy Saving Activity, the date on which the Scheme Administrator approves an Accredited Certificate Provider's application:

- (a) for accreditation with respect to that activity; or
- (b) to amend its existing accreditation to add that activity.

"Accredited Certificate Provider" has the same meaning it has in the Act.

-"Accredited Statistician" means a person:

(a) accredited by the Statistical Society of Australia Inc. at the time of carrying out the verification in accordance with clause 8.9.7(e); and

(b) accepted by the Scheme Administrator for the purposes of this Rule.

"Accuracy Factor" has the meaning given to that term in clause 7A.10.

"ACOP" means Annual Coefficient of Performance as defined in the *Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Air Conditioners up to 65kW) Determination 2019.*

"Act" means the *Electricity Supply Act 1995*.

"Activity Definition" means an activity as specified in a Schedule to this Rule.

"Additional Energy Savings" means, in respect of clauses 7, 7A and 8, Energy Savings for which no Energy Savings Certificates have been created, but which arise from an Implementation in relation to which Energy Savings Certificates have been created.

"Address" means a street address within an ESS Jurisdiction, in a format approved by the Scheme Administrator.

"AEER" means Annual Energy Efficiency Ratio as defined in the *Greenhouse and Energy Minimum* Standards (Air Conditioners up to 65kW) Determination 2019.

"ANZSIC" means the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification developed by the Australian Bureau of Statistics and Statistics New Zealand.

"Appliance Retailer" means a person who has sold End-User Equipment which meets the Equipment Requirements of a Recognised Energy Saving Activity set out in Schedule B, in a new condition, to a Purchaser.

"Approved Corresponding Scheme" has the same meaning as it has in <u>section 127</u><u>clause 30(3) of</u> <u>Schedule 4A</u> of the Act.

"AS" means an Australian Standard as published by SAI Globa

"AS/NZS" means an Australian/New Zealand Standard as published by SAI Global.

"AS/NZS 3823.4 Climate Zone" means the three climate Zones defined in AS/NZS 3823.4.1, AS/NZS 3823.4.2 and the E3 Climate Zone Mapping Report listed by postcode, as detailed in Table A27.

"Attrition" means, in relation to clause 89, the termination of the natural gas or electricity account in relation to a specific Site, for example, due to electricity customers switching retailers, relocating to a different Site, or disconnection from their electricity service.

"Ballast EEI" means the ballast energy efficiency index as defined in AS/NZS 4783.2 *Performance of electrical lighting equipment- Ballasts for fluorescent lamps - Energy labelling and minimum energy performance standards requirements.*

"Baseline Energy Model" is the model described in clause 7A.3.

"Baseline NABERS Rating" has the meaning given in Step 2 of Method 4, under clause 8.8.

"Baseline Energy Model" is the model described in clause 7A.3.

"BASIX" means the NSW Building Sustainability Index established under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.*

"BCA" means the Building Code of Australia, forming part of the National Construction Code as updated from time to time.

"BCA Climate Zone" means the BCA Climate Zone number listed by postcode, as detailed in Table A26.

"Building Lighting" means End-User-Equipment lighting affixed to a Commercial/Industrial premises which is classified under the BCA as Class 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10(a) or 10(b) buildings or the Common Area of a BCA Class 2 building.

"Business Classification" is the primary classification of the business making use of the End-Use Service for which energy was saved, detailed in Table A18 of Schedule A.

"Certificate Conversion Factor" has the same meaning as it has in the Act.

"CFL" means compact fluorescent Lamp.

"CFLi" means a compact fluorescent Lamp with integrated ballast.

"CFLn" means a compact fluorescent Lamp with non-integrated ballast.

"Coefficient of Variation" means, for the purposes of clause 7A, the sample standard deviation expressed as a percentage of the sample mean.

"Commercial Building Disclosure Program" is a regulatory program established under the *Building* Energy Efficiency Disclosure (BEED) Act 2010.

"Common Areas" means:

- (a) for buildings owned under strata title, the common property as defined in either the *Strata* Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973, or *Strate Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986; or
- (b) for buildings not owned under strata title (e gunder company title), the non-residential property of BCA Class 2 buildings.

"Computer Simulation" means a method to establish an energy model that uses software to simulate energy consumption by End-User Equipment and can be tested against statistical requirements Published by the Scheme Administrator for the purposes of clause 7A of this Rule.

"Control Gear" means the fighting ballast, transformer or driver.

"Control Group" means, in relation to clause 8.9, the group of Sites selected to not be offered the Treatment.

"Control Multiplier A" is a factor from Table A10.4A of Schedule A for a control device that switches the luminaire on and off and must control a maximum of 6 luminaires (except Occupancy Sensor T)

"**Control Multiplier B**" is a factor from Table A10.4A of Schedule A for a control device that reduces the luminaire's power output and must control a maximum of 6 luminaires (except Occupancy Sensor 1). The luminaire must have at least two rated LCP modes that must not be adjusted after the Implementation.

"Control System" means a system for controlling the light output of a Luminaire, including:

- (a) Occupancy Sensor;
- (b) Daylight-Linked Control;
- (c) Programmable Dimming;

- (d) Manual Dimming; or
- (e) Voltage Reduction Unit.

"Council" means a Council as defined by the *Local Government Act 1993* or corresponding legislation in an approved corresponding scheme jurisdiction.

"Decay Factor" is a number between 0 and 1 which quantifies the decay of the Electricity Savings or Gas Savings due to equipment degradation over time, as determined in accordance with clauses 7 and 7A.

"Deemed Energy Savings Method" means the method in clause 9.

"Default Load Utilisation Factor" is a composite of a deemed load factor and a deemed utilisation factor for HEMs, as set out in Table A12 or Table A13 of Schedule A.

"Distribution District" has the same meaning as it has in the Act.

"Distributor" has the same meaning as it has in the Act.

"Distribution Pipeline" has the same meaning as it has in the Gas Supply Act 1996.

"Distribution System" has the same meaning as it has in the Act.

"Distributor" has the same meaning as it has in the Act.

"Downward Light Output" means the luminous flux (measured in lumens) emitted in the downwards direction, equivalent to the Light Output from a Lamp or Luminaire when installed flush with a ceiling.

"Effective Range" means the range over which values of Independent Variables for which a Baseline Energy Model or Operating Energy model (as the case may be) is valid for the purposes of clause 7A of this Rule.

"Electricity Network" means an electricity Transmission Systems and Distribution Systems located in an ESS Jurisdiction.

"Electricity Retailer" has the same meaning as "retailer" in the National Energy Retail Law (NSW).

"Electricity Savings" means the reduction of the amount or equivalent amount of electricity consumption (in MWh) arising from the Implementation as calculated by the approved calculation method in clauses 7, 7A, 8 or 9. Electricity Savings may be negative for fuel switching activities, or where calculated using Method 4 under clause 8.8.

"Eligibility Requirements" means:

- (a) in relation to clause 7A, the set of defined requirements that a Site must meet to be included in the Population; or
- (b) in relation to the Deemed Energy Savings Method, the eligibility requirements specified in an Activity Definition in the Schedules to this Rule.

"ELV" means extra low voltage, not exceeding 50 volts alternating current (AC) or 120 volts ripple free direct current (DC), as defined in *AS/NZS 3000 Electrical installations (known as the Australian/New Zealand Wiring Rules)*.

"End-Use Service" is the primary service provided by End-User Equipment, such services being as detailed in Table A17 of Schedule A.

"End-User Equipment" means electricity or Gas consuming equipment or both, processes, or systems, including the equipment directly consuming electricity or Gas, or both, and other equipment or products that cause, control or influence the consumption of electricity or Gas, or both, and includes (in the context of clause 8.8) a NABERS Building.

-"Energy Saver" means the person who has the right to create Energy Savings Certificates for particular Energy Savings arising from an Implementation of a Recognised Energy Saving Activity at a Site, as defined in the relevant calculation method of this Rule.

"Energy Savings" means the Electricity Savings or Gas Savings or both.

"Energy Savings Certificate" has the same meaning as it has in the Act.

"Energy Star Rating" means an Energy Star Rating as defined in the relevant AS/NZS

"Equipment Requirements" means the equipment requirements as specified in a Schedule in this Rule or as Published from time to time by the Scheme Administrator in accordance with clauses 7A.21A, 8.4B and 9.2A.

"ESS Jurisdiction" means the state of New South Wales, or a jurisdiction in which an Approved Corresponding Scheme is in operation in accordance with <u>section 127</u><u>clause 30 of Schedule 4A</u> of the Act.

"Estimate of the Mean" means, for the purpose of clause 7A, a method to establish an energy model as described in clause 7A.2 (a)(i).

"Exempt Energy Program" means a NSV Government energy initiative which has been notified to the Scheme Administrator, and approved by the Minister for the Environment, as an Exempt Energy Program for the purposes of this Rule

"Exempt Seller" has the same meaning as it has in the National Energy Retail Law (NSW).

""Fan-Forced Roof Space Ventilators" are products capable of controlled roof cavity ventilation via a powered fan controller and temperature humidity sensors, or both.

"Gas" means any fuel listed in *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting (Measurement)* <u>Determination 2008 (Cth) Schedule 1 Part 2—Fuel combustion—gaseous fuels or liquefied petroleum</u> <u>gas.</u>

"Gas Betailer" has the same meaning as "retailer" in the National Energy Retail Law (NSW).

"Gas Savings" means the reduction of the amount of Gas combusted for stationary energy (in MWh) arising from the Implementation as calculated by the approved calculation method in clauses 7, 7A, 8 or 9. Gas Savings may be negative for fuel switching activities, or where calculated using Method 4 under clause 8.8.

"Gas" means any fuel-listed in *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting (Measurement)* Determination 2008 (Cth) Schedule 1 Part 2—Fuel combustion—gaseous fuels or liquefied petroleum gas. "GEMS Registry" means a published registry of products registered under either Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards or published Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS).

"GreenPower" means renewable energy purchased in accordance with the National GreenPower Accreditation Program Rules.

"GST" means the tax imposed by the *A New Tax System* (*Goods and Services Tax*) *Act 1999* (*Cth*) and the related impositions by Acts of the Commonwealth.

"Guide" means a guidance document Published by the Scheme Administrator.

"High Efficiency Motor" (HEM) is an electric motor meeting the high efficiency requirements of AS/NZS 1359.5 (0.73 to <185kW).

"HSPF" means Heating Seasonal Performance Factor as defined in the *Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Air Conditioners up to 65kW) Determination 2019.*

"Implementation" means the delivery of a Recognised Energy Saving Activity at a Site, or for the purposes of clause 8.9, the delivery of a Recognised Energy Saving Activity across a Population.

"Implementation Date" is defined in each calculation method of this Rule.

"**Implementation Period**" means the Measurement Period for which Energy Savings Certificates may be created.

"**Implementation Requirements**" means the implementation requirements specified in an Activity Definition in the Schedules to this Rule.

"Incumbent Lamp" means, in relation to a Lighting Upgrade, each Lamp and Control Gear in the pre-existing lighting system.

"Independent Variable" means a parameter that varies over time, can be measured, and affects the End-User Equipment's energy consumption for the purposes of clause 7A of this Rule.

-<u>"Installation Requirements</u>" means the installation requirements specified in an Activity Definition in the Schedules to this reque

"Integrated Luminaire" means a Luminaire that integrates Lamp and Control Gear into a single item of End User Equipment and connects to 240V supply.

"Interactive Electricity Savings" means a change in a Site's electricity consumption due to interactions with End-User Equipment for which energy consumption is not measured for the purposes of clause 7A.

"Interactive Energy Savings" refers to either the Interactive Electricity Savings or the Interactive Gas Savings for the purposes of **Equations 7A.2**, **7A.4** or **7A.5** of this Rule.

"Interactive Gas Savings" means a change in a Site's Gas consumption due to interactions with End-User Equipment for which energy consumption is not measured for the purposes of clause 7A.

-**"Integrated Luminaire"** means a Luminaire that integrates Lamp and Control Gear into a single item of End-User Equipment and connects to 240V supply.

"Installation Requirements" means the installation requirements specified in an Activity Definition in the Schedules to this Rule.

"IPD" means the illumination power density as defined in the BCA part J6.

"IPMVP" means the International Performance Measurement and Verification Protocol, published by the Efficiency Valuation Organization.

"kV" means a kilovolt of electrical potential.

"kvar" means a kilovolt-amperes reactive of reactive power.

"kW" means a kilowatt of electrical power.

"kWh" means a kilowatt-hour of electrical energy.

"Lamp" means an artificial source of visible light.

FON "Lamp Life" means the expected operating lifetime of a Lamp, in hours, measured in accordance with Table A9.6 of Schedule A.

"Lamp Only" means the replacement of an existing Lamp with a Damp that consumes less electricity, and could include the installation or replacement of a Control System.

""Large Customer" has the same meaning as it has in the National Energy Retail Law (NSW).

"LCP" means lamp circuit power, which is the power drawn by a single Lamp and its associated Control Gear. If the Control Gear supplies multiple Lamps, then the Control Gear losses are assigned pro rata to each Lamp, according to power drawn by each Lamp.

"LED" means light emitting diode.

"Licensed" means a person that today a current licence that covers activities in the ESS Jurisdiction in which the Recognised Epergy Saving Activity is implemented for the duration of the Implementation.

"Lifetime" means the time period over which Energy Savings will be delivered and for the purposes of Schedules B, E, and G are for reference only, as the relevant time period is already taken into account in the savings factors in those Schedules.

"Light Output" means the luminous flux (measured in lumens) emitted by a Lamp or Luminaire, determined in accordance with a standard accepted by the Scheme Administrator.

"Lighting for Roads and Public Spaces" means lighting covered by AS/NZS 1158: Lighting for roads and public spaces or AS/NZS 60598.2.3 Luminaires - Particular requirements - Luminaires for road and street lighting or both, as applicable.

""Lighting Upgrade"" means the replacement of existing lighting End-User Equipment with new lighting End-User Equipment that consumes less electricity, or the modification of existing lighting End-User Equipment resulting in a reduction in the consumption of electricity compared to what would have otherwise been consumed.

"Low-income Energy Program" means a New South Wales Government low income household energy initiative which has been notified to the Scheme Administrator by the New South Wales Government, and approved by the Minister for the Environment, as a Low-income Energy Program for the purposes of this Rule.

"LUF" means load utilisation factor.

"Luminaire" means the apparatus that distributes, filters or transforms the light emitted from a light source, including Lamps, Control Gear and all components necessary for fixing and protecting the Lamps, including the troffer.

"Maximum Time Period for Forward Creation" is determined in accordance with clauses 7A 12 and 8.8.10 (a), accordingly.

"Measured Electricity Consumption": (a) for the purposes of clause 8.8 means the electricity consumption as determined in accordance with Method 4; and (b) for the purposes of clause 8.9 means the electricity consumption as determined in accordance with clause 8.9.3.

"Measured Gas Consumption": (a) for the purposes of clause 8.8 means the Gas consumption as determined in accordance with Method 4; and (b) for the purposes of clause 8.9 means the natural gas consumption as determined in accordance with clause 8.9.3A.

"Measurement and Verification Professional" is defined in clause 7A.15 of this Rule.

"Measurement Period" means the duration of time over which measurement of energy consumption will be taken for the purposes of calculating the Energy Savings under clause 7, 7A or 8, and defined therein.

"Metered Baseline Method" means the method in clause 8.

-"MWh" means a megawatt-hour of electrical energy.

"NABERS" means the National Australian Built Environment Rating System.

"NABERS Building" means a building that has been rated under NABERS.

"NABERS Rating" means a rating, expressed as a number, for a NABERS Building.

"NABERS Reverse Calculator" means the tool provided by the NABERS National Administrator.

-"National Greenhouse Accounts Factors" means the factors published by the Australian Government's Department of the Environment designed for use by companies and individuals to estimate greenhouse gas emissions.

"National GreenPower Accreditation Program Rules" mean the terms and conditions of participation in the National GreenPower Accreditation Program, available on the GreenPower website at <u>http://www.greenpower.gov.au/Business-Centre/Rules-and-Accreditation/.</u>

"Natural Roof Space Ventilators" are products capable of providing roof cavity ventilation by wind or buoyancy effects and have no external power source.

"Network Service Provider" has the same meaning as it has in the National Electricity (NSW) Law.

"New End-User Equipment" means End-User Equipment where no End-User Equipment of the same type, function, output or service was previously in its place (but does not include additional components installed in the course of modifying existing End-User Equipment).

Note: The installation of one or more air sourced heat pump can claim Energy Savings under Activity Definitions F16 and F17 if the New End User Equipment is installed to add additional capacity at a Site. New End User Equipment can claim savings under Activity Definition F17 if the capacity of the New End User Equipment does not contribute to any of the capacity of the system being replaced.

"NLP", or Nominal Lamp Power, means the manufacturer's rated value (or tested value, as acceptable to the Scheme Administrator) for power drawn by a single Lamp.

"Non-Habitable Building" means a building built as a BCA Class 10a or Class 10b building.

"Non-Network Option" has the same meaning as it has in the National Electricity Rules under the *National Electricity (NSW) Law.*

"Non-Routine Events" means, for the purposes of clause 7A, events which affect energy use, within the chosen Measurement Period, that are not modelled by any independent Variables or Site Constants. They are required to be removed from the Measurement Period to enable like-for-like comparison of before and after energy savings scenarios. They are typically due to static factors that may include fixed, environmental, operational and mantepance characteristics.

"Normal Year" is a typical year for the operation of the End-User Equipment at the Site after the Implementation Date for the purposes of clause 7A of this Rule.

"Number of Certificates" means the number of Energy Savings Certificates permitted to be created by an Accredited Certificate Provider for Energy Savings calculated in accordance with clause 6.5 and the methods set out in clause 7, 74, 8 or 9.

"Number of Model Parameters" means, for the purposes of clause 7A:

- (a) if the energy model is developed for a single Site, the number of Independent Variables; or
- (b) if the energy model is developed for multiple Sites, the sum of the number of Independent Variables and Site Constants.

"Occupied Space Ventilators" are products capable of controlled ventilation in the occupied space of a building via a powered fan, controller and temperature or humidity sensors or both.

"Operating Energy Model" is the model established in accordance with the criteria in clause 7A.2 and described in clause 7A.4.

"Owners Corporation" means an owners corporation constituted under section 8 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* (NSW).

"Persistence Model" means a model that is able to forecast the continuation of Energy Savings from an Implementation over its useful lifetime.

"PIAM&V Method Requirement" means the Project Impact Assessment with Measurement and Verification method requirement and is a requirement Published by the Scheme Administrator under clause 7A.16.

-**"Persistence Model"** means a model that is able to forecast the continuation of Energy Savings from an Implementation over its useful lifetime.

"Population"

- (a) in relation to clause 8.9, means the set of all Sites in the Control Group and Treatment Group; or
- (b) in relation to Implementations under clause 7A using the Sampling Method, means the set of all Sites identified as meeting the Eligibility Requirements.

"Pre-Implementation Period" means the Measurement Period prior to the Implementation Period. If Method 5.3 is used, the Pre-Implementation Period must cover the same period of time in a previous year as the Implementation Period.

"Prescribed Transmission Services" has the same meaning as it has in the National Electricity Rules under the *National Electricity (NSW) Law*.

-"**Prior Accreditation**" means an accreditation with respect to a Recognised Energy Saving Activity where the Accreditation Date is on or before 30 June 2014 and that accreditation has not been cancelled, and includes the conditions to that accreditation

"Product" means a class of End-User Equipment identified uniquely by its manufacturer identifier and manufacturer's model identifier and, in some cases, model year or year of manufacture.

"Product Stewardship Scheme" means a recycling program such as 'Fluorocycle' or equivalent.

"Project Impact Assessment Method" means the method in clause 7.

"Project Impact Assessment with Measurement and Verification Method" means the method in clause 7A.

"Public Lighting Inventor," means the inventory required to be maintained by the Distributor, in accordance with the NSW Public Lighting Code.

"Publish" means to document and make publicly available, on the Energy Savings Scheme website, www.ess.new.gov.au.

"**Purchaser**" means, for the purposes of clause 7, 7A and 9, the person who purchases or leases the goods or services that enable the relevant Energy Savings to be made; except where

- (a) the person is an Accredited Certificate Provider and is not the owner, occupier or operator of the Site; or
- (b) the person purchases or leases the goods or services for the purpose of reselling the End-User Equipment, unless the resale will be an inclusion in a contract for the sale of land, or in a strata scheme, the sale of a lot.

Note: Housing developers that bulk purchase and install appliances in their residential developments are defined as the purchaser if the appliances will be sold in the contract for the sale of the home (as opposed to

display appliances only). This applies to both the sale of land, and covers strata apartments, involving the sale of lots.

"PV Powered Fan-Forced Roof Space Ventilators" are fan-forced roof space ventilators where all or a portion of the fan's electricity consumption is powered by photovoltaic (PV) cells that are directly connected to the ventilator.

"Rating Period" means the continuous 12-month period covered by the data used for a NABERS Rating.

"Recognised Energy Saving Activity" has the same meaning as it has in the Act.

"Regional Site" means a Site that has a regional network factor more than 1 according to Table A24.

"Regression Analysis" means a method to establish an energy model that determines a mathematical function for approximating the relationship between Energy Consumption and Independent Variables and / or Site Constants for the purposes of clause 7A of this Rule, and includes, but is not limited to, linear regression, and mixed models.

"Regulations" means regulations made for the purposes of **Part Schedule** 4A of the Act.

"Representativeness Test" means, for the purposes of clause 7A, a test that can be applied to the set of Site Constants across the Sample Sites to test whether they are distributed in a way that represents the expected distribution of those Site Constants across the Population.

"Residential Building" means a building or part of a building classified as a BCA Class 1, 2 or 4 building, and may include any Non-Habitable Building on the same site.

"Sample Site" means, for the purposes of clause 7A, a Site in the Population where measurements are taken for inclusion in a multiple Site model.

"Sampling Method" — means the statistical method for conducting measurements at Sample Sites in a Population to estimate the Energy Savings of the entire Population for the purposes of clause 7A of this Rule.

"Scheme Administrator" has the same meaning as in the Act.

"Site means the location of the End-User Equipment included in a Recognised Energy Saving Activity, as defined by:

(a) an Address; or

- (b) a unique identifier, as specified for the relevant Implementation that identifies the affected End-User Equipment; or
- (c) a method accepted by the Scheme Administrator.

"Site Assessment" means identification of Energy Savings that may be generated at a Site using **Equation 16** with reference to activities identified in Schedule D and Schedule E.

"Site Constant" means a parameter that varies between Sites, does not vary over time under normal operating conditions, and affects the End-User Equipment's energy consumption for the purposes of clause 7A of this Rule.

"Small Business Site" means a Site:

- (a) that is entirely occupied by one business; and
- (b) where the business, as a consumer of electricity at the Site:
 - i. is a Small Customer (and, for the avoidance of doubt, has not aggregated its load at the Site with consumption at other Sites for the purposes of being treated as a Large Customer under its electricity purchase arrangements); or
 - ii. is a customer of an Exempt Seller, and has an annual electricity consumption below the Upper Consumption Threshold for electricity.

"Small Customer" has the same meaning as it has in the National Energy Retail Law (NSW)

"Standard Control Service" has the same meaning as it has in the National Electricity Rules under the *National Electricity (NSW) Law*.

""Switched Maintained Emergency Luminaire" has the same meaning whit has in the AS/NZS 2293.1: Emergency lighting and exit signs for buildings – System design, installation and operation.

Standard Luminaire" means, in relation to Table A9.4 of Schedule A, a Luminaire that is listed on a Distributor's current maintained list of standard luminaires in accordance with the NSW Public Lighting Code.

-<u>"Switched Maintained Emergency Luminairce Das the same meaning as it has in the AS/NZS</u> 2293.1: Emergency lighting and exit signs for Duratings - System design, installation and operation.

"System U-Value" is a measure of the thornal transmittance, in W/m²K, of a window system including glass, sash and frame, as registered under WERS.

"TCSPF" means Total Cooling Control Performance Factor as defined in the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Air Conditioners up to 65kW) Determination 2019.

"Traffic Signals" means lighting referred to in AS 2144 Traffic signal lanterns series of standards.

"Transmission System" has the same meaning as it has in the Act.

"Treatment" is the offering of goods and services (and any subsequent provision, engagement and promotion activities) to the Treatment Group to deliver Energy Savings.

"Treatment Group" means, in relation to clause 8.9, the group of Sites selected to be offered the Treatment.

"Un-Switched Maintained Emergency- **Luminaire**" has the same meaning as it has in the AS/NZS 2293.1: *Emergency lighting and exit signs for buildings - System design, installation and operation.*

"Unbiased Selection Method" means a randomisation technique which ensures that every Site in the Population has an equal chance of being selected into the Treatment Group. This does not require Treatment Group and Control Group to be of an equal size.

"Uplift Energy Savings" means, in relation to clause 8.9, is the difference in energy consumption between the Control Group and Treatment Group that is estimated to have taken place due to other Recognised Energy Saving Activities or activities excluded as ineligible under clause 5.4 of this Rule.

"Upper Consumption Threshold" has the same meaning as it has in the *National Energy Retail Law* (*NSW*).

"VEU" means the Victorian Energy Upgrades program established under the *Victorian Energy Efficiency Target Act 2007 (Victoria).*

"WERS" means the Window Energy Rating Scheme managed by the Australian Window Association.

"Zoned Energy Rating Label" means a label that assists consumers compare the energy efficiency and energy consumption of air conditioning products covered by the *Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Air Conditioners up to 65kW) Determination 2019* in different climate zones.

- 10.2 Simplified outlines and notes in this Rule do not form part of this Rule
- 10.3 (deleted)
- 10.4 The terms and expressions used in this Rule have the same meaning as they have for the purposes of <u>Part 9Schedule 4A</u> of the Act, unless otherwise defined by this clause 10.

10.4A <u>Any.1</u> Subject to clause 10.4A.2, any reference to "AS" or "AS/NZS" is a reference to that standard as amended from time to time.

10.4A.2 A reference to AS/NZS 4234 in Activity Definitions D17, D18, D19, D20, D21, F16 and F17 means either:

(a) AS/NZS 4234:2008; or

(a)(b) If the Scheme Advantistrator has Published a notice under this clause, the version or versions of AS/NZS 4234 specified in that notice.

- 10.5 A reference to accreditation with respect to a Recognised Energy Saving Activity means accreditation as an Accredited Certificate Provider in respect of that Recognised Energy Saving Activity.
- 11 Savings and Transitional Arrangements

Applications for registration of Energy Savings Certificates made between 28 April 2017 and 30 June 2017

11.1 "Previous Rule" means the Energy Savings Scheme Rule of 2009 as in force immediately prior to the commencement of the Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2017.

An Accredited Certificate Provider may calculate Energy Savings pursuant to the Previous Rule for the calculation of Energy Savings used to create Energy Savings Certificates for which an application for registration is made after 28 April 2017 if all of the following criteria are satisfied:

(a) the Implementation Date of the relevant Implementation is prior to 28 April 2017;

- (b) no previous applications to register Energy Savings Certificates in respect of that Implementation have been made prior to 28 April 2017; and
- (c) an application to register Energy Savings Certificates in respect of those Energy Savings is made on or before 30 June 2017.

Definitions of Energy Saver and Recognised Energy Saving Activity

11.2 Notwithstanding clause 5.2, an Accredited Certificate Provider may create Energy Savings Certificates in respect of the Additional Energy Savings of an Implementation for which they are the Energy Saver in accordance with their Prior Accreditation, if the initial Energy Savings Certificates for that Implementation were created on or before 30 June 2014.

(deleted)

Creation of Energy Savings Certificates

- 11.3 (deleted)
- 11.4 Clause 6.2 does not apply to Energy Savings Certificates created in respect of the Additional Energy Savings of an Implementation if the initial Energy Savings Certificates for that Implementation were created on or before 30 June 2014.

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- 11.5 (deleted)
- 11.6 (deleted)
- 11.7 (deleted)
- 11.8 (deleted)

Transitional arrangements for calculation of Energy Savings under the Commercial Lighting Energy Savings Formula from 31 July 2018 until 31 October 2018

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11.9 In clause 11.10:

"2018 Energy Savings" means Energy Savings for which the Implementation Date is on or before 31 October 2018 and for which an application to register Energy Savings Certificates in respect of those Energy Savings is made on or before 31 October 2018;

"Old Clause 9.4" means clause 9.4 and Tables A9.2, A10.1, A10.2 and A10.3 in Schedule A of the Rule as in force immediately before the commencement of Schedule 2 of the *Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2018.*

1 10 An Accredited Certificate Provider must calculate 2018 Energy Savings in accordance with
 Old Clause 9.4 for the purpose of creating Energy Savings Certificates under the Commercial Lighting Energy Savings Formula after 31 July 2018.

General transitional arrangements arising from the *Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020* for calculation of Energy Savings

11.11 Subject to clauses 11.12 to 11.15, an Accredited Certificate Provider must calculate Energy Savings from an Implementation in accordance with the Rule as in force immediately before the commencement of the *Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020*, where the

Implementation Date determined in accordance with the *Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020* of the relevant Implementation is on or before 29 March 2020.

Project Impact Assessment Measurement & Verification method: transitional arrangements arising from the *Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020* for calculation of Energy Savings

11.12 Clause 7A.5A does not apply to Energy Savings Certificates of an Implementation with an Implementation Date on or before 14 August 2020.

NABERS Baseline sub-method: transitional arrangements arising from the *Energy* Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020 for calculation of Energy Savings

- 11.13 Where the following criteria is satisfied:
 - (a) Calculation Method 1 of clause 8.8 of the previous versions of the Rule has been used to calculate Energy Savings for Implementation with an Implementation Date on or before 29 March 2020; and
 - (b) an application to register Energy Savings Certificates in respect of those Energy Savings is made on or before 30 June 2021,

an Accredited Certificate Provider may calculate Energy Savings using Calculation Method 1 set out in clause 8.8 of the Rule as in force immediately before the commencement of the *Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020.* When calculating these Energy Savings, an Accredited Certificate Provider must

- (c) use Benchmark Rating Index of the relevant NABERS Rating tool and Building Category of 2020 (Table A20 of the previous Rule) for years 2020-2022, and use 0.5 star higher Index from 2023 and onwards; and
- (d) only calculate Energy Savings within the period finishing seven years from the end date of the Rating Period applicable to the NABERS Rating used to create Energy Savings Certificates using Calculation Method 1 for the first time.

Sale of New Appliances sub-method: transitional arrangements arising from the *Energy* Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020 for calculation of Energy Savings

- 11.14 An Accredited Certificate Provider must calculate Energy Savings from an Implementation in accordance with clause 9.3 of the Rule as in force immediately before the commencement of the Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020, where the following criteria are satisfied:
 - (a) the Implementation Date of the relevant Implementation is on or before 14 August 2020; and
 - (b) an application to register Energy Savings Certificates in respect of those Energy Savings is made on or before 30 June 2021.

Installation of High Efficiency Appliances for Businesses sub-method: transitional arrangements arising from the *Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020* for calculation of Energy Savings

- 11.15 An Accredited Certificate Provider may calculate Energy Savings from an Implementation in accordance with Activity Definition F1 of the Rule:
 - (a) as in force immediately before the commencement of the Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2020; or
 - (b) in Schedule F (as amended by the Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 2) Rule 2020),

where the Implementation Date of the relevant Implementation is before the commencement date of the Greenhouse *and Energy Minimum Standards (Refrigerated Cabinets) Determination 2020.*

To avoid doubt, this clause 11.15 does not apply to any Implementation that has an Implementation Date on or after the commencement date of the *Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Refrigerated Cabinets) Determination 2020.*

General transitional arrangements arising from the Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2021 for calculation of Energy Savings

11.16 Subject to clauses 11.17 to 11.18, an Accredited Certificate Provider must calculate Energy
Savings from an Implementation in accordance with the Bane as in force immediately before
the commencement of the Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2021, where the
Implementation Date of the relevant Implementation is an or before 27 February 2022.

Home Energy Efficiency Retrofits sub-method: transitional arrangements arising from the Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2021 for calculation of Energy Savings

- 11.17 An Accredited Certificate Provider must only calculate Energy Savings from an

 Implementation in accordance with Activity Definitions D17, D18, D19, D20 and D21 of

 Schedule D, where the Implementation Date is on and from 1 April 2022.
- <u>11.18 An Accredited Certificate Provider must only calculate Energy Savings from an</u> <u>Implementation in accordance with Activity Definitions F16 and F17 of Schedule F, where the</u> <u>Implementation Date is on and from 1 April 2022.</u>

Saving of references to former Activity Definitions amended by the *Energy Savings* Scheme (Amenament No. 1) Rule 2021

11.19 On and from the date of commencement of the *Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2021, a* reference in a notice of accreditation as an Accredited Certificate Provider to both Accusity Definition D3 and Activity Definition D4 under the Rule as in force immediately before the commencement of the *Energy Savings Scheme (Amendment No. 1) Rule 2021,* is taken to be a reference to Activity Definition D16.

Schedule A – Default Factors and Classifications

Equipment Class	Definition
T12 linear fluorescent Lamp	A double-capped fluorescent Lamp as defined by <i>AS/NZS 4782.1 Double-capped fluorescent lamps – Performance specifications</i> with a tube diameter of 38.1mm. These are also referred to as T38.
T8 linear fluorescent Lamp	A double-capped fluorescent Lamp as defined by <i>AS/NZS 4782.1 Double-capped fluorescent lamps – Performance specifications</i> with a tube diameter of 25.4mm. These are also referred to as T26.
T5 linear fluorescent Lamp	A double-capped fluorescent Lamp as defined by AS/NZS 4782.1 Double-capped fluorestent lamps – Performance specifications with a tube diameter of 15.9mm. These are also referred to a T16.
T5 or T8(T9) Circular fluorescent Lamp	A double-capped circular fluorescent Lamp with a typical tube diameter of 16mm or 29mm as defined by <i>AS/NZS 4782.1 Double-capped fluorescent lamps – Performance specifications</i> . These are also referred to as T9.
Compact fluorescent Lamp with non-integrated ballast (CFLn)	An externally ballasted single-capped fluorescent Lamp as defined by <i>ASNZS 10901 Single-capped fluorescent lamps-Performance specifications</i> . The Lamp may include an internal means of starting and pre-heated cathodes.
Compact fluorescent Lamp with integrated ballast (CFLi)	A Self-ballasted compact fluorescent Lamp as defined by AS/NZS 4)47 Self-ballasted lamps for general lighting services.
Tungsten halogen Lamp (240V)	A Tungsten halogen Lamp as defined in AS 4934 Includescent lamps for general lighting service, with a rated voltage of 240V.
Tungsten halogen Lamp (ELV)	A Tungsten halogen Lamp as defined in <i>AS</i> 4934 incondescent lamps for general lighting service, with an ELV rating, typically 12V. These Lamps cun off an Extra-low voltage lighting converter (ELC) as defined in <i>AS</i> 4879.1.
Infrared coated (IRC) halogen Lamp (ELV)	An ELV Tungsten halogen Lamp as defined in AS 4934 where the halogen globe is coated with a reflective infrared coating which improves the efficiency of the globe.
Metal halide Lamp	A discharge Lamp classified as (Metal halide Lamp as defined by IEC 61167 Metal halide lamps – Performance specification.
Mercury vapour Lamp	A discharge Lamp classified as a High pressure mercury vapour Lamp as defined by <i>IEC 60188 High-pressure mercury vapour lamps – Performance specifications</i> .
High pressure sodium (HPS) Lamp	A discharge temp classified as a High pressure sodium vapour Lamp as defined by <i>IEC 60662 High-pressure sodium vapour lamps</i> .
Lighting for Roads and Public Spaces or Traffic Signals (other than LED lighting)	Lighting for Roads and Public spaces as defined by AS 1158 Lighting for roads and public spaces.

Table A9.1: Standard Equipment Classes for Lighting Upgrades

Table A9.2: Lamp Circuit Power (LCP) values for Standard Equipment Classes

Equipment Class	Control Gear	LCP (Watts)	Notes
T8 or T12 linear fluorescent	Ballast $EEI = A1$	NLP + 2	
Lamp or T8(T9) or T12 circular fluorecent Lamp	Ballast $EEI = A2$	NLP	
	Ballast EEI = A3	NLP + 2	
	Ballast EEI = B1	NLP + 6	
	Ballast EEI = B2	NLP + 8	
	Ballast EEI = C	NLP + 10	
	Ballast EEI = D	NLP + 12	
	EEI Unknown (Electronic ballast)	NLP + 2	
	EEI Unknown (Magnetic ballast)	NLP + 10	

T5 linear fluorescent Lamp	Ballast EEI = A1	1.13 × NLP + 2.5	
or T5 circular fluorescent	Ballast EEI = A2	1.08 × NLP + 1.5	
Lamp	Ballast EEI = A3	1.13 × NLP + 2.5	
	EEI = Unknown (Electronic ballast)	1.13 × NLP + 2.5	
Compact fluorescent Lamp	Ballast EEI = A1	NLP + 3	
with non-integrated ballast (CFLn)	Ballast EEI = A2	NLP + 1	
	Ballast EEI = A3	NLP + 3	
	Ballast EEI = B1	NLP + 5] – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –
	Ballast EEI = B2	NLP + 7	
	Ballast EEI = C	NLP + 9	
	Ballast EEI = D	NLP + 11	
	EEI Unknown (Electronic ballast)	NLP + 3	
	EEI Unknown (Magnetic ballast)	NLP + 9	2
Compact fluorescent Lamp with integrated ballast (CFLi)	Built In	NLP	
Tungsten halogen Lamp (240V)	Built In	NLP	
Tungsten halogen Lamp	Magnetic transformer	$1.25 \times \text{NLP}$	If the NLP of the Incumbent Lamp exceeds 35W, the
(ELV) or Infrared coated (IRC) halogen Lamp (ELV)	Electronic transformer	$1.08 \times NCP$	LCP is to be calculated using an NLP of 35W.
Metal halide Lamp	Magnetic non- integrated ballast (reactor type)	2.05 NULP + 14	If the Incumbent Lamp is located indoors and has an NLP exceeding 400W, the LCP is to be calculated using an NLP of 400W.
	Magnetic non- integrated ballast (constant wattage type)	1 .07 × NLP + 22	If the Incumbent Lamp is located outdoors (evidenced to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator), the
	Electronic non integrated ballast	$1.10 \times \text{NLP} + 0.9$	LCP is to be calculated using the NLP of the Incumbent Lamp.
. 0	X		If the Incumbent Lamp is located indoors and has an NLP exceeding 450W, the LCP is to be calculated using an NLP of 450W.
NOT	Built In	NLP	If the Incumbent Lamp is located outdoors (evidenced to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator), the LCP is to be calculated using the NLP of the Incumbent Lamp.
Mercury vapour Lamp			If the Incumbent Lamp is located indoors and has an NLP exceeding 400W, the LCP is to be calculated using an NLP of 400W.
	Magnetic non- integrated ballast	1.03 × NLP + 11	If the Incumbent Lamp is located outdoors (evidenced to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator), the LCP is to be calculated using the NLP of the Incumbent Lamp.

	Built In	NLP	If the Incumbent Lamp is located indoors and has an NLP exceeding 450W, the LCP is to be calculated using an NLP of 450W. If the Incumbent Lamp is located outdoors (evidenced to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator), the LCP is to be calculated using the NLP of the Incumbent Lamp.
High pressure sodium (HPS) Lamp	Magnetic ballast	1.05 × NLP + 13	
Lighting for Roads and Public Spaces or Traffic Signals (other than LED lighting)	Built in or Independent	Lighting Load Table Published by AEMO or relevant regulator.	An entire traffic signal unit or Integrated Luminaire is used as the basis for calculation, rather than individual Lamps.
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Table A9.3: Other F	Equipment Classes for	r Lighting	Upgrades
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Equipment Class	Definition
T5 adaptor kit	Any equipment that enables a T8 or T12 Luminaire to accommodate or provide physical support to a T5 Lamp or Luminaire.
Retrofit Luminaire - LED Linear Lamp	A T5, T8 or T12 Luminaire that has been retrofitted with an LED linear Lamp in place of the linear fluorescent Lamp. This cannot involve modification to the wiring of the Luminaire other than removal, replacement or modification of the starter.
LED Lamp Only – ELV	An LED Lamp that runs off an existing Extra-low voltage lighting converter (ELC) designed for retrofitting into an existing Luminaire or Lamp holder. These are typically used as a replacement for ELV Tungsten halogen Lamps.
LED Lamp Only – 240V Self Ballasted	A self-ballasted LED Lamp as defined by AS/NZS 62560 Self-ballasted LED lamps for general lighting services by voltage > 50 V. These Lamps are connected directly to a 240V supply.
Induction Luminaire	A gas discharge Lamp in which the power required to generate light is transferred from outside the Lamp envelope to the gas via electromagnetic induction.
LED Lamp and Driver	A LED-reflector Lamp and matching LED Driver intended as an alternative to a Minored Reflector Halogen Lamp.
Modified Luminaire –LED Linear Lamp	A T5, T8 or T12 luminaire that has been modified for use with an LED linear Lamp. This involves modifying, removing or rendering redundant any wiring or structure of the Luminaire, beyond the replacement of a starter.
LED Luminaire – fixed type	An LED Luminaire intended for use as a fixed luminaire as defined in ASNZS 50598.2.1 Luminaires – Particular requirements – Fixed general purpose luminaires.
LED Luminaire – Linear Lamp	An LED Luminaire intended for use as an alternative to a linear frequency frequency where the Luminaire houses a matching Linear LED tube or a linear array of integrated v2Ds. Where the Luminaire uses a Linear LED tube, the Luminaire must not be compatible with a linear fluorescent Lamp.
LED Luminaire – floodlight	An LED Luminaire intended for use as a floodlight as dofined at AS/NZS 60598.2.5 Luminaires – Particular requirements – Floodlights.
LED Luminaire – recessed	An LED Luminaire intended for use as a recessed luminaire as defined in AS/NZS 60598.2.2 Luminaires – Particular requirements – Recessed luminaires.
LED Luminaire – high/lowbay	An LED Luminaire intended for use as high-bay or low-bay lighting.
LED Luminaire – streetlight	An LED Luminaire intended for use is a streetlight as defined in AS/NZS 60598.2.3 Particular requirements – Luminaires for road and street lighting.
LED Luminaire – emergency lighting	An LED Luminaire intended for us as an Emergency lighting luminaire as defined in AS/NZS 60598.2.22 Particular requirements – Luminaires for emergency lighting.
LED Luminaire – hospital use	An LED Luminaire intended for use in the clinical areas of a hospital or health care building as defined in AS/NZS 60958.2.25 Particular requirements – Luminaires for use in clinical areas of hospitals and health care buildings.
Other Emerging Lighting Technology	Any lighting equipment not defined above.

Equipment Class	Control Gear	LCP Value	Equipment Requirement (Equipment being installed)	Equipment Requirement (Equipment being removed)
T5 Adaptor Kit	Not Applicable (ineligible)	As Published by the Scheme Administrator	Ineligible	Must demonstrate the LCP to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator.
Retrofit Luminaire - LED Linear Lamp	Not Applicable(ineligible)	As Published by the Scheme Administrator	Ineligible	
	Built In + Existing Magnetic Transformer (Excluding clause 9.8)	$1.25 \times \text{NLP}$ as Published by Scheme Administrator	Must meet product requirements and minimum performance specifications for Lamp Lin, dectro- magnetic compatibility (where applicative), uminous	
LED Lamp Only – ELV	Built In + Existing Electronic Transformer (Excluding clause 9.8)	1.08 × NLP as Published by Scheme Administrator	 efficacy, power factor and LCP as evidenced by: (a) a certification scheme accepted by the Scheme Administrator, including but not limited to a Standard Luminaire list; and (b) test reports from an accredited laboratory, in accordance with requirements Published by the Scheme Administrator; or 	
	Generic ballast (for use in Activity Definition E1 only)	1.165 x NLP as Published by Scheme Administrator		
LED Lamp Only – 240V Self Ballasted	Built In	As Published by the Scheme Administrator	(c) compliance with a relevant AS/NZS standard for the relevant Equipment Class recognised by the Scheme	
Induction Luminaire	Built In or Independent	official	Administrator; or (d) demonstrated product acceptance under schedules of the VEU program recognised as relevant by the Scheme Administrator including compliance with any	any
LED Lamp and Driver	-			
Modified Luminaire- LED Linear Lamp	-		additional Equipment Requirements Published by the Scheme Administrator.	
LED Luminaire – fixed type				
LED Luminaire – Linear Lamp				
LED Luminaire – floodlight				
LED Luminaire – recessed]	\sim		
LED Luminaire – high/lowbay				
LED Luminaire – streetlight] .()`			
LED Luminaire – emergency lighting				

Table A9.4: Lamp Circuit Power (LCP) values and Equipment Requirements for other Equipment Classes for Lighting Upgrades

LED Luminaire – hospital use Other Emerging Lighting Technology		
		oreunance
		GUIL
		OF-
	CIAL	
	CFF NO	
	JOT OL	

Control Gear	Definition	
Magnetic ballast	A Ferromagnetic ballast as defined in AS/NZS 4783 Performance of electrical lighting equipment – Ballasts for fluorescent lamps	
Electronic ballast	An A.C. supplied electronic ballast as defined in AS/NZS 4783 Performance of electrical lightin equipment – Ballasts for fluorescent lamps	
Magnetic ballast (reactor type)	An electromagnetic ballast that use an inductor or autotransformer to limit the current and provide the voltage necessary to ignite the Lamp. These ballasts do not include any means of regulating the light output.	
Magnetic ballast (constant wattage type)	An electromagnetic ballast that uses a combination of inductive and capacitive components to provide a regulated power output (constant wattage) to the Lamp	
Magnetic transformer	A magnetic isolating transformer as defined in AS/NZS 4879.1 Performance of crassformers and electronic step-down convertors for ELV lamps - Test method - Energy performance.	
Electronic transformer	An electronic step-down convertor as defined in AS/NZS 4879.1 Performance of transformers and electronic step-down convertors for ELV lamps - Test method - Energy performance.	

Table A9.5: **Control gear for Lighting Upgrades**

Table A9.6: Default Lamp Life for Lighting Upgrades

Table A9.6: Default Lamp Life for Lighting Upgrades	
Type of Lamp	Lamp Life (hours)
Standard equipment classes defined in Table A9.1	As per product labelling.
Other equipment classes defined in Table A9.3	As Published by the scheme Administrator.
Table A10.1: Asset Lifetimes for Lighting Upgrades	

Table A10.1: Asset Lifetimes for Lighting Upgrades

Activity	Asset Lifetime (years)
Replacement of: • Luminaire, or • Control Gear (not integrated into Lamp).	Refer to Table A10.6
Replacement of: • Lamp Only.	Lamp Life ÷ Annual Operating Hours (Where Lamp Life is measured in accordance with Table A9.6 and is a maximum of 30,000 hours) Maximum Asset Lifetime: refer to Table A10.6
Installation of: • Control System as listed in Table A10.4 where the Lighting Upgrade only consists of the installation of Control System	Maximum Asset Lifetime = 5 years

 Table A10.2:
 Operating Hours for Lighting Upgrades by space type

Space Type	Annual Operating Hours (hours per annum)	Building/Space Group
Auditoryun, okurch and public hall	2,000	A (Others)
Board room and conference room	3,000	B (Office)
Carpark - general (undercover) and Car Park - entry zone	7,000	C (Industrial)
Carpark – general (open air)	4,500	C (Industrial)
Common rooms, spaces, corridors in a BCA Class 2 building (including stairways and lift cars)	7,000	A (Others)
Control room, switch room, and the like – intermittent monitoring and constant monitoring	Value in Table A10.3 for BCA Classification of the surrounding space	See Table A10.3

Space Type	Annual Operating Hours (hours per annum)	Building/Space Group
Corridors	Value in Table A10.3 for BCA Classification of the surrounding space	See Table A10.3
Courtroom	2,000	A (Others)
Dormitory of a BCA Class 3 building used for sleeping only or sleeping and study	3,000	A (Others)
Entry lobby from outside the building	Value in Table A10.3 for BCA Classification of the surrounding space.	See Table A10.3
Health-care - children's ward, examination room, patient ward, all patient care areas including corridors where cyanosis lamps are used	6,000	A (Others)
Health and fitness centres and gymnasia operations, classified as Division R (9111) in the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification Note: this only includes health and fitness centres and	5,100	A (Others)
gymnasia operations that are membership-based, whose members' primary purpose is to frequent these operations	2	
Kitchen and food preparation area	Value in Table A10 2 to ECA Classification surrounding space	See Table A10.3
Laboratory - artificially lit to an ambient level of 400 lx or more	3,000	A (Others)
Library - stack and shelving area, reading room and general areas	3,000	A (Others)
Lounge area for communal use in a BCA Class 3 building or BCA Class 9c aged care building	5,060	A (Others)
Un-Switched Maintained Emergency Luminaire	8,500	See Table A10.3
Switched Maintained Emergency Luminaire with a Control System listed Table A10.4 or Table A10.4A	8,500	See Table A10.3
Museum and gallery - circulation, cleaning and service lighting	2,000	A (Others)
Office	3,000	B (Office)
Plant room	Value in Table A10.3 for BCA Classification of the surrounding space	See Table A10.3
Restaurant, café, bar, hold Lounge and a space for the serving and consumption of food or drinks that fall under Division H - Accommodation and food services as defined in the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification	5,000	D (Retail)
Restaurant, café, bar, hotel lounge and a space for the serving and consumption of food or drinks that fall under Division R – Arts and Recreation Services as defined in the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification	2,000	D (Retail)
Retail space including a museum and gallery whose purpose is the sale of objects	5,000	D (Retail)
School - general purpose learning areas and tutorial rooms	3,000	A (Others)
Sole-occupancy unit of a BCA Class 3 or 9c building	3,000	A (Others)
Storage	5,000	A (Others)

Space Type	Annual Operating Hours (hours per annum)	Building/Space Group See Table A10.3	
Service area, cleaner's room and the like	Value in Table A10.3 for BCA Classification of the surrounding space		
Toilet, locker room, staff room, rest room and the like	Value in Table A10.3 for BCA Classification of the surrounding space	See Table A10.3	
Wholesale storage and display area with a vertical illuminance target of 160 lx (including distribution centres)	5,000	C (Industrial)	
Stairways, including fire-isolated stairways	See Table A10.3	See Table A10.3	
Lift cars	See Table A10.3	See Table A10.3	
Other spaces not defined above	Value in Table A10.3 for BCA Classification of space	See Table ATC.	

Table A10.3: Annual Operating Hours for Lighting Upgrades by building type

Building Classification	Annual Operating Hours (hours per annum)	Building Space Group
BCA Class 2 buildings (Common Areas)	7,000	A (Others)
BCA Class 3 buildings (Common Areas)	7,000	A (Others)
BCA Class 3 buildings (other than Common Areas)	3,000	A (Others)
BCA Class 5 buildings	3,000	B (Office)
BCA Class 6 buildings	5,000	D (Retail)
BCA Class 7a buildings (open air car parks)	0,50	C (Industrial)
BCA Class 7a buildings (undercover car parks)	1000	C (Industrial)
BCA Class 7b buildings	,000	C (Industrial)
BCA Class 8 buildings (other than ANZSIC Division C, Manufacturing)	3,000	A (Others)
BCA Class 8 buildings (ANZSIC Division C, Manufacturing)	5,000	C (Industrial)
BCA Class 9a and 9c buildings	6,000	A (Others)
BCA Class 9b buildings	2,000	A (Others)
BCA Class 10a buildings	1,000	A (Others)
BCA Class 10b buildings	1,000	A (Others)
Roads and Public Spaces	4,500	E (Public)
Traffic Signals	8,760	E (Public)

Control System	Definition	Control Multiplier (CM)
Occupanty Sensor	Control device that uses a motion sensor to detect the presence of people in the Space and adjusts the light output of the Luminaire. Each Occupancy Sensor must control a maximum of 6 Luminaires.	0.7
Daylight-Linked Control	Control device that uses a photoelectric cell to measure ambient daylight levels to automatically vary Luminaire light output. Each Luminaire must be located close to a significant source of daylight. (Not applicable to Carpark – general (open air) space type as referenced in Table A10.2 and BCA Class 7 (a) buildings (open air car parks) and Roads and Public Spaces building type as referenced in Table A10.3)	0.7
Programmable Dimming	Luminaire light output controlled by pre-selected light levels (scenes) which are automatically selected according to time of day, photoelectric cell and/or Occupancy Sensor. Scenes must reduce lighting power.	0.85

C	Control device that allows a user to control Luminaire light output using a knob, slider or other manual input mechanism or by manually selecting a pre-programmed light level (scene).	0.9
Multiple Control	Programmable Dimming and Manual Dimming	0.76
Systems	Any other combination of 2 or more control systems above.	0.6
0	A control device that reduces the voltage applied to the Luminaire after start-up, when used with appropriate Luminaires.	As approved by Scheme Administrator
Specialised Occupancy Sensor	An Occupancy Sensor defined in Table A10.4A	CM in Table A10.4A as applicable

Table A10.4A: Occupancy Sensor Control Multipliers for Lighting Upgrades

Control System	Definition	Control Multiplier (CM) . (See Definition hct0.1)	Control Multiplier (CM) B (See Definition in 10.1)
Occupancy Sensor 1	Control device that uses a motion sensor to detect the presence of people in the Space and adjusts the light output of the Luminaire. Each Occupancy Sensor must control a maximum of 2 Luminaires.	0.55	0.55 + 0.45 * (LCP _{low power} / LCP)
Occupancy Sensor 2 in a Carpark – general (undercover) of a BCA class 2, 5 and 7a building.	Control device that uses a motion sensor to detect the presence of people in the parking area of a BCA class 2. 5 or 7a building and adjusts the light output of the Lymman.	0.3	0.3 + 0.7 * (LCP _{low power} / LCP)
Occupancy Sensor 3 in the fire stairs of a BCA class 2, 5 and 7a building.	Control device that uses a motion senser to detect the presence of people in the fire stairs of a BCA class 2, 5 or 7a building and adjusts the light output of the Luminaire.	0.15	0.15 + 0.85 * (LCP _{low power} / LCP)
Occupancy Sensor 4 in a corridor of a BCA class 2 building.	Control device that asses a motion sensor to detect the presence of people in the corrieor area of a BCA class 2 building and adjusts the light output of the Luminaire.	0.25	0.25 + 0.75 * (LCP _{low power} / LCP)

Air-conditioning Multipliers for Dighting Upgrades Table A10.5:

Space Air-conditioning system	Air-conditioning Multiplier (AM)
Space air-conditioned during normal operating hours by a refrigerant- based air-conditioner.	1.07
Data Centre spaces air- conditioned by a refrigerant-based bir conditiones	1.3
Refrigented rooms	1.3
All other spaces	1

Table A10.6: Asset Lifetime (in years) by Building/Space Group

Building/Space Group (See Table A10.2 and A10.3)	Asset Lifetime for Implementations at a Regional Site	Asset Lifetime for all other Implementations
A (Others)	10.0	7.3
B (Office)	10.0	7.4

C (Industrial)	11.7	11.7
D (Retail)	10.0	7.4
E (Public)	12.0	12.0

Table A11: Default Efficiency Improvement (I	DEI) for High Efficiency Motors
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ble A11: Default Efficiency Improvement (DEI) for H DEI by number of poles					
Rated outpu	t (kW)		-	-	1
		2 poles	4 poles	6 poles	8 poles
0.73 to < 2.6		0.033	0.030	0.039	0.047
2.6 to < 9.2		0.021	0.020	0.024	0.027
9.2 to < 41		0.014	0.014	0.016	0.017
41 to <100		0.010	0.009	0.010	0.010
100 to < 185		0.008	0.007	0.008	0.008
4	5	of			0.047 0.027 0.017 0.010 0.008

Load Utilisation Factor	Refrigeration and freezing	Water/liquid pumping	Air compression	Air handling, fans, ventilation	Process Drives	Milling, mixing, grinding	Material handling/ conveying
Division A Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	0.14	0.32	0.27	0.28	.32	0.2	0.2
Division B Mining	0.09	0.36	0.32	0.41	0.32	0.32	0.28
Division C Manufacturing	0.28	0.32	0.27	0.32	0.27	0.24	0.28
Division D Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	0.11	0.32	0.24	0.28	0.28	0.12	0.17
Division E Construction	0.09	0.24	0.15	0.13	0.17	0.14	0.2
Division F Wholesale Trade	0.2	0.14	0.07	0.13	0.13	0.03	0.11
Division G Retail Trade	0.17	0.09	0.07	0.13	0.13	0.03	0.07
Division H Accommodation and Food Services	0.24	0.11	0.04	0.14	0.13	0.09	0.11
Division I Transport, Postal and Warehousing	0.17	0.11	0:08	0.13	0.17	0.03	0.16
Division J Information Media and Telecommunications	0.11	0.09	0.04	0.1	0.11	0.03	0.03
Division K Financial and Insurance Services	0.09	0.05	0.64	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.03
Division L Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.03
Division M Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	0.17	0.07	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.04	0.03
Division N Administrative and Support Services	0.11	0.65	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03
Division O Public Administration and Safety	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03
Division P Education and Training	0.11	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03
Division Q Health Care and Social Assistance	0.11	0.08	0.11	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.03
Division R Arts and Recreation Services	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03
Division S Other Services	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03

Table A12: Default Load Utilisation Factor for High Efficiency Motors - Where Business Classification and End-Use Service are known

Table A13: Default Load Utilisation Factor for High Efficiency Motors - Where Business Classification or End-Use Service are not known

Rated output (kW)	LUF
0.73 to < 2.6	0.09
2.6 to < 9.2	0.10
9.2 to < 41	0.11
41 to < 100	0.13
100 to < 185	0.15

Table A14: Asset Life for High Efficiency Motors (t)

Rated output (kW) of High Efficiency Motor	t (Asset life (years))
0.73 to < 2.6	12
2.6 to < 9.2	15
9.2 to < 41	20
41 to < 100	22
100 to < 185	25

Table A16:

Table A	14: Asset Life for High Efficiency	Motors (t)	4
Rated	output (kW) of High Efficiency Motor	t (Asset lif	e (years))
0.73 to	< 2.6	12	e (years))
2.6 to <	< 9.2	15	
9.2 to <	< 41	20	
41 to <	: 100	22	
100 to	< 185	25	
Table A			y Savings under the Project Impact Assessment Method (clause 7) or irement and Verification Method (clause 7A)
Year			Decay Factor
Tear	Energy Savings Calculated using cla	use 7 I	Default Decay Factor for Evergy Savings calculated using clause 7A
1	1.00		1.00
2	0.80		0.80
3	0.60		0.64
4	0.40		0.51
5	0.20		0.41
6	Not applicable		0.33
7	Not applicable	. (0.26
8	Not applicable		0.21
9	Not applicable		0.17
10	Not applicable		0.13

Table A17: **End-Use Services**

Fable A17:	End-Use Services	
End-Use Serv	vices	·
Air heating ar	d cooling	J
Air handling,	fans, ventilation	
Water heating		
Water/liquid p	oumping	
Refrigeration	and freezing	
Lighting		
Cooking		
Home enterta	nment	
Computers, of	fice equipment	
Communicati	ons	
Cleaning, was	hing	
Process heat		
Air compressi	on	
Process drives		
Milling, mixin	ng, grinding	
Transport		
People mover	nent, lifts, escalators	

End-Use Services
Materials handling, conveying
Other machines
Electricity supply
Unknown
Other End-Use Services as Published by the Scheme Administrator

Table A18: Business Classifications

Business Classification	
A Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	
B Mining	
C Manufacturing	
D Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	
E Construction	\sim
F Wholesale Trade	
G Retail Trade	
H Accommodation and Food Services	
I Transport, Postal and Warehousing	
J Information Media and Telecommunications	7
K Financial and Insurance Services	
L Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	
M Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	
N Administrative and Support Services	
O Public Administration and Safety	()
P Education and Training	\wedge
Q Health Care and Social Assistance	
R Arts and Recreation Services	
S Other Services	
Residential	
Unknown	

Table A19: Distribution Loss Factors (DLF) for losses between the Subtransmission network and Low Voltage connection points

		, Y
Distributor	Distribution District	DLF
Endeavour Energy	Endeavour Energy	1.054
Essential Energy	Essential Energy	1.074
AusGrid	AusGud	1.043
Š		

		Year o	f NABE	RS Ratir	ng Period	End Date	e
NABERS Rating tool	Building category	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 and onwards
Offices	Built prior to 1 November 2006	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Offices	Built on or after 1 November 2006	5.0	5.0	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Hotels	Built prior to 1 November 2006	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Hotels	Built on or after 1 November 2006	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Shopping Centres	Built prior to 1 November 2006	3.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Shopping Centres	Built on or after 1 November 2006	4.5	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Data Centres	Built prior to 1 November 2006	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.0	4.0	4.0
Data Centres	Built on or after 1 November 2006	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.0	5.0	5.0
Hospitals	Built prior to 1 November 2006	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Hospitals	Built on or after 1 November 2006	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	<u> </u>
Apartment Buildings	Built prior to 1 November 2006	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5
Apartment Buildings	Built on or after 1 November 2006	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5
Residential Aged Care	Built prior to 1 November 2006						<u>3.0</u>
Residential Aged Care	Built on or after 1 November 2006				~ ,		<u>3.5</u>
Retirement Living	Built prior to 1 November 2006				1		<u>3.0</u>
Retirement Living	Built on or after 1 November 2006						3.0

Table A20: Benchmark NABERS Ratings Index

Table A21: NABERS Annual Ratings Adjustment

NABERS Rating	-	Annual rating adjustment for Historical	Annual ratings adjustment for Historical Baselin
tool	category	Baseline NABERS Rating that is 1 year old.	NABERS Rating that is 2 - 7 years old.
Offices	All	0	0.09
Hotels	All	0	0.04
Shopping Centres	All	0	0.13
Data Centres	All	0	0.04
Hospitals	All	0	0.04
Apartment Buildings	All	0	0
Residential Aged	All		0
Care		V	<u>0</u>
Retirement Living	All	0	<u>0</u>

Table A22: (deleted)

Table A23: Accuracy Factor according to energy model type and relative precision of Energy Savings estimate

Relative precision of Electricity Savings or Gas Savings estimate at a 90% confidence level	Accuracy Factor if an energy model developed under clause 7A.2 (a)(i) is used for the Baseline Energy Model or Operating Energy Model or both	Accuracy Factor for all other energy models
< 25%	0.9	1
25% - 50%	0.8	0.9
50% - 75%	0.7	0.8
75% - 100%	0.5	0.6
100% - 150%	0.3	0.4
150% - 200%	0.1	0.2

> 200%	0		0
Fable A24: Regional Network I	actors		
Postcode of Site where Implen	nentation occurred	Regional Network Factor	
2311-2312		1.03	
2321		1.03	
2324		1.03	
2329		1.03	
2338-2490		1.03	
2536-2537		1.03	
2545-2551		1.03	ANCEONIX
2579-2594		1.03	
2611		1.03	
2618-2739		1.03	\mathbf{O}
2787		1.03	
2791-2844		1.03	
2850-2880		1.03	. ()*
3644		1.03	<u> </u>
3691		1.03	
3707		1.03	\sim
4375		1.03	\mathbf{V}^{*}
4377		1.03	
4380		1.03	
4383		1.03	
4385		1.3	
All other postcodes			

Table A25: Metropolitan Levy Area by postcode

Metropolitan Levy Are	a postcod	es
2000-2011		
2015-2050		
2052		
2060-2077		7
2079-2090		
2092-2097		
2099-2122		•
2125-2148	1	_
2150-2168	<u> </u>	_
2170-2179		
2190-2200		
2203-2214		
2216-2334		
2250-2251		
2256-2265		
2267		
2278		
2280-2287		
2289-2300		
2302-2308		
2314-2327		
2334-2335		

2500
2502
2505-2506
2508
2515-2519
2525-2530
2533-2536
2538-2541
2555-2560
2563-2567
2570
2571
2575-2579
2622
2745
2747-2750
2753-2763
2765-2770
2775

533-2536	
2538-2541	
2555-2560	
2563-2567	
2570	
2571	
2575-2579	
2622	
2745	
2747-2750 2753-2763	
2755-2765	
2765-2770	
2113	
able A26: BCA Clin	mate Zones by postcode
Postcodes	BCA Climate Zone
2000	5
2006-2011	5
2015-2050	5
2052	5
2060-2077	5
2079-2097	5
2099-2123	5
2125-2128	5
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2782-2787	7	
2790-2793	7	
2794	4	
2795	7	
2797-2800	7	
2803	7	
2804-2806	4	Υ·
2807	7	
2808-2810	4	
2817-2818	4	
2820-2836	4	
2838-2840	4	
2842-2844	4	
2845-2850	7	
2852	4	
2864	4	
2865-2867	7	
2868-2871	4	
2873-2880	4	
2890	2	
2898-2899	2	_
3644	4	
3691	4	
3707	7	

4375	6
4377	6
4380	6
4383	6
4385	4
All other NSW	
postcodes excluding	5
Post Office Boxes	

Table A27: AS/NZS 3823.4 Climate Zone Definition by Post Code

Table A27: AS/NZS	3823.4 Climate Zone Definition by Post	Code
Postcodes	AS/NZS 3823.4 Climate Zone	
<u>1639</u>	Average	
2000	Average	
2006-2011	Average	
2015-2050	Average	
2052	Average	
2060-2077	Average	C
<u>2079-2090</u>	Average	
<u>2092-2097</u>	Average	
2099-2123	Average	
<u>2125-2128</u>	Average	
<u>2130-2148</u>	Average	\mathbf{X}
<u>2150-2168</u>	Average	
<u>2170-2179</u>	Average	
<u>2190-2200</u>	Average	\sim
2203-2214	Average	U
2216-2234	Average	\wedge
2250-2251	Average	<u>Code</u>
2256-2265	Average	
2267	Average	
2278	Average	-
2280-2287	Average	
2289-2300	Average	
2302-2309	Average	
2311-2312	Average	
2314-2327	Average	
<u>2328-2329</u> 2220-2221	Cold	
<u>2330-2331</u> 2333	<u>Average</u> Cold	
2334-2335	Average	
2336-2347		
2350-2361	Cold	
<u>2365</u>	<u>Cold</u>	
2369-2372	Cold	
2379-2382	Cold	
2386-2388	Average	
2390	Average	
2395-2396	Cold	
2397-2402	Average	
2403-2404	Cold	
2405-2406	Average	
2408-2411	Average	
2415	Average	
2420-2431	Average	
2439-2441	Average	
2443-2450	Average	
2452	Average	
2453	Cold	
2454-2456	Average	

L

2460	Average	
<u>2462-2466</u>	Average	
2469-2474	Average	
<u>2475-2476</u>	Cold	
<u>2477-2479</u>	Hot	
<u>2480</u>	Average	
2481-2490	Hot	
2500	Average	
2502	Average	
2505-2506	Average	
2508	Average	
2515-2519	Average	
2522	Average	
2525-2526	Average	
2527	Cold	
2528	Average	
2529	Cold	
2530	Average	
2533-2541	Cold	
2545-2546	Cold	
2548-2551	Cold	
	Average	\rightarrow \sim
<u>2555-2560</u> 2563-2574	Average	
<u>2563-2574</u> 2575-2588	Average	
<u>2575-2588</u> 2500	Cold	GUIDANCE ONIC
<u>2590</u>	Cold	
<u>2594</u>	Cold	\dashv \checkmark
<u>2600-2607</u>	Cold	- · · · · ·
<u>2609</u>	Cold	$ \sim$
<u>2611-2612</u>	Cold	
<u>2614-2615</u>	Cold	
<u>2617-2633</u>	Cold	
<u>2640-2647</u>	Cold	
<u>2648</u>	Average	() [*]
<u>2649-2653</u>		
<u>2655-2656</u>	Cold	
<u>2658-2661</u>	Cold	
<u>2663</u>	Cold	
<u>2665-2666</u>	Cold	
2668	Cold	
2669	Average	
2671	Cold	
2672	Average	
2675	Avenge	
2680-2681	Average	
2700	Average	
2701-2702	Cold	
2703	Average	7
		7
2/05-2/07	Average	
<u>2705-2707</u> 2710-2711	Average Average	
2710-2711	Average	
<u>2710-2711</u> <u>2712</u>	Average Cold	
<u>2710-2711</u> <u>2712</u> <u>2713-2717</u>	Average Cold Average	
<u>2710-2711</u> <u>2712</u> <u>2713-2217</u> <u>2720-2722</u>	Average Cold Average Cold	
<u>2710-2711</u> <u>2712</u> <u>2713-2717</u> <u>2720-2722</u> <u>2725-2727</u>	Average Cold Average Cold Cold	
2710-2711 2712 2713-2727 2720-2722 2725-2727 2729-2730	Average Cold Average Cold Cold Cold Cold Cold	
2710-2711 2712 2713-2777 2720-2722 2725-2727 2729-2730 2730-2739	Average Cold Average Cold Cold Cold Average	
2710-2711 2712 2713-2777 2720-2722 2725-2727 2729-2730 2730-2739 2745	Average Cold Average Cold Cold Cold Average Average Average Average	
2710-2711 2712 2713-2707 2720-2722 2725-2727 2729-2730 2730-2739 2745 2745 2747-2750	Average Cold Average Cold Cold Cold Average Average Average Average Average Average Average Average	
2710-2711 2712 2713-2707 2720-2722 2725-2727 2729-2730 2730-2739 2745 2745 2747-2750 2752-2763	Average Cold Average Cold Cold Cold Average	
2710-2711 2712 2713-2707 2720-2722 2725-2727 2729-2730 2730-2739 2745 2745 2747-2750 2752-2763 2755-2770	Average Cold Average Cold Cold Cold Average	
2710-2711 2712 2713-2307 2720-2722 2725-2727 2729-2730 2730-2739 2745 2745 2747-2750 2752-2763 2765-2770 2773-2775	Average Cold Average Cold Cold Cold Average Average	
2710-2711 2712 2713-2707 2720-2722 2725-2727 2729-2730 2730-2739 2745 2745 2747-2750 2752-2763 2755-2770	Average Cold Average Cold Cold Cold Average	

<u>2778-2780</u> 2782-2787		
······································	Cold	_
	Cold	-
<u>2790-2795</u> 2797-2800	Cold	-
2803-2810	Cold Cold	_
2820-2821	Cold	-
2823-2825	Cold	-
2827-2830	Cold	-
2831-2836	Average	-
2839-2840	Average	-
2842-2850	Cold	-
2852	Cold	
2864-2871	Cold	
<u>2873-2876</u>	Cold	
<u>2877-2880</u>	Average	
<u>2898-2899</u>	Average	
<u>3500</u>	Average	
<u>3585-3586</u>	Average	↓ , ∨
<u>3644</u>	Cold	
<u>3707</u>	Cold	
All other NSW postcodes	Average	
Excluding PO boxes		
	4	OF
~	SFROM	or culture of the second

Schedule B – Activity Definitions for the Sale of New Appliances (clause 9.3)

Activity Definition B1

Name of Activity

SELL A HIGH EFFICIENCY CLOTHES WASHING MACHINE

Equipment Requirements

Equipment Electricity Savings

- The End-User Equipment must be a Clothes Washing Machine as defined in AS/NZS 2040:2005 Performance of household 1. electrical appliances—Clothes washing machines.
- 2. The Clothes Washing Machine must be registered for energy labelling.
- 3. The Clothes Washing Machine must be either a top loader or a front loader.
- The Clothes Washing Machine must have a load (in kilograms), recorded in the GEMS Registry. 4.
- 5. If the Clothes Washing Machine is a combination washer/dryer, only the Energy Star Rating and load f ash cycle may be used to calculate the Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings.

Energy Star	Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings (MWh per washing machine sold)				
Rating	Load > 4kg to \leq 6.5kg	Load > 6.5kg to \leq 7kg	Lead $>$ 7kg to \leq 7.5kg	Load > 7.5kg	
4.0	2.5	-		-	
4.5	2.9	-	12	-	
5.0	3.3	2.1	1.7	1.7	
5.5	3.7	2.6	2.2	2.3	
≥6.0	4.0	2.9	2.6	2.7	

Lifetime (for information purposes only) JOT OFFIC

Lifetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

SELL A HIGH EFFICIENCY CLOTHES DRYER

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a Clothes Dryer as defined by "Rotary clothes dryer" in AS/NZS 2442.1 and 2442.2 Performance of household electrical appliances—Rotary clothes dryers.
- 2. The Clothes Dryer must be registered for energy labelling.
- The Clothes Dryer must not form part of a combination washer/dryer. 3.
- 4. The Clothes Dryer must have a load (in kilograms), recorded in the GEMS registry.

2.5 0.1 - - 3.0 0.2 - - 3.5 0.4 - - 4.0 0.5 - - 4.5 0.6 - - 5.0 0.7 - - 5.5 0.8 - - 6.0 0.8 1.1 - 7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 45 0.9 9.0 1.2 1.6 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3		Deemed Equipment E	lectricity Savings (MWh per clothes d	lryer sold)
3.0 0.2 - - 3.5 0.4 - - 4.0 0.5 - - 4.5 0.6 - - 5.0 0.7 - - 5.5 0.8 - - 6.0 0.8 1.1 - 7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 15 0.9 9.0 1.2 16 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3	Energy Star Rating	Load < 5kg	Load ≥ 5kg to <8kg	Load 8
3.5 0.4 - - 4.0 0.5 - - 4.5 0.6 - - 5.0 0.7 - - 5.5 0.8 - - 6.0 0.8 1.1 - 7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 - 0.9 9.0 1.2 1.6 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3	2.5	0.1		V .
4.0 0.5 - - 4.5 0.6 - - 5.0 0.7 - - 5.5 0.8 - - 6.0 0.8 1.1 - 7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 15 0.9 9.0 1.2 16 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3	3.0	0.2	-	
4.5 0.6 - - 5.0 0.7 - - 5.5 0.8 - - 6.0 0.8 1.1 - 7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 +5 0.9 9.0 1.2 1.6 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3	3.5	0.4	-	∇
5.0 0.7 - - 5.5 0.8 - - 6.0 0.8 1.1 - 7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 15 0.9 9.0 1.2 1.6 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3	4.0	0.5	-	-
5.5 0.8 - - 6.0 0.8 1.1 - 7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 15 0.9 9.0 1.2 1.6 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3	4.5	0.6	-	-
6.0 0.8 1.1 - 7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 15 0.9 9.0 1.2 1/6 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3	5.0	0.7	-	-
6.0 0.8 1.1 - 7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 15 0.9 9.0 1.2 1/6 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3	5.5	0.8	-	-
7.0 1.0 1.3 0.6 8.0 1.1 15 0.9 9.0 1.2 16 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3			1.1	-
8.0 1.1 15 0.9 9.0 1.2 26 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3			1.3	0.6
9.0 1.2 1.6 1.1 10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3				0.9
10.0 1.3 1.7 1.3	9.0		1.0	1.1
Lifetime (for information purposes only)		1.3		
	ifetime $= 10$ years.			
	ifetime = 10 years.	CIA.		
	ifetime = 10 years.	CIA		
	ifetime = 10 years.	- EICIA		
	ifetime = 10 years.	cFICIA.		
JEF 10	ifetime = 10 years.	FFICIA		
OFFIC	ifetime = 10 years.	SFFICIA		
CFFIL	ifetime = 10 years.	SFFICIA		
T OFFIC	ifetime = 10 years.	SFFICIA		
J OFFIC	ifetime = 10 years.	SFFICIA		
Tetime = 10 years.	fetime = 10 years.	SFFICIA		

Name of Activity

SELL A HIGH EFFICIENCY DISHWASHER

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a Dishwasher as defined in AS/NZS 2007 Performance of household electrical appliances-Dishwashers.
- 2. The Dishwasher must be registered for energy labelling.
- The Dishwasher must have a number of place settings recorded in the GEMS Registry. 3.

	Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings (MWh per dishwasher sold)			
Energy Star Rating	< 9 place settings	≥ 9 place settings to < 13 place settings	≥ 13 place settings	
3.5	0.1	0.4	4	
4.0	0.3	0.8		
4.5	0.5	1.1	0.9	
5.0	0.7	1.4	1.2	
5.5	0.8	1.6	1.5	
6.0	0.9	1.8	1.7	
7.0	1.1	2.0	2.0	
8.0	1.2	2.2	2.3	
9.0	1.3	2.4	2.4	
10.0	1.3	2.5	2.5	

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

SELL A HIGH EFFICIENCY 1-DOOR REFRIGERATOR

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a 1-door Refrigerator of Groups 1, 2, or 3 as defined in AS/NZS 4474.1 and 4474.2 Performance of household electrical appliances—Refrigerating appliances.
- 2. The Refrigerator must be registered for energy labelling.
- The Refrigerator must have a total volume (in litres) recorded in the GEMS Registry. 3.

	Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings (MWh per refrigerator sold)			
	Total volume < 200 litres	Total volume ≥200 litres to < 250 litres	Total volume 250 litres	
3.0	-	0.5		
3.5	0.7	0.8	Q.	
4.0	0.9	1.1	0.4	
4.5	1.1	1.3	0.7	
5.0	1.3	1.5	1.0	
5.5	1.4	1.7	1.2	
6.0	1.6	1.8	1.4	
7.0	1.8	2.1	1.7	
8.0	2.0	2.3	1.9	
9.0	2.1	2.5	2.1	
10.0	2.2	26	2.3	
Lifetime (for informa	tion purposes only)			

Name of Activity

SELL A HIGH EFFICIENCY REFRIGERATOR WITH 2 OR MORE DOORS

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a 2 door or above Refrigerator of Groups 4, 5B, 5T or 5S as defined in AS/NZS 4474.1 and 4474.2 Performance of household electrical appliances—Refrigerating appliances.
- 2. The Refrigerator must be registered for energy labelling.
- The Refrigerator must have a total volume (in litres) recorded in the GEMS Registry. 3.

Energy Star Rating	Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings (MWh per refrigerator sold)					
	Total volume < 300 litres	Total volume ≥ 300 litres to < 450 litres	Total volume ≥ 450 litres to < 550 litres	$rac{1}{1}$ volume ≥ 550 litres		
3.5	0.6	-	-			
4.0	1.0	0.8	-	1.3		
4.5	1.3	1.3	-	1.9		
5.0	1.6	1.7	0.8	2.4		
5.5	1.9	2.0	1.2	2.9		
6.0	2.1	2.4	1.6	3.3		
7.0	2.5	2.9	2.1	3.9		
8.0	2.8	3.2	2.6	4.5		
9.0	3.1	3.5	2.9	4.9		
10.0	3.2	3.8	3.2	5.2		

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 12 years.

NOTOFFICIAN

Name of Activity

SELL A HIGH EFFICIENCY CHEST FREEZER OR UPRIGHT FREEZER

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a Chest Freezer or Upright Freezer of Groups 6C, 6U or 7 as defined in AS/NZS 4474.1 and 4474.2:2009 Performance of household electrical appliances—Refrigerating appliances.
- 2. The Freezer must be registered for energy labelling.
- The Freezer must have a total volume (in litres) recorded in the GEMS Registry. 3.

Enongy Ston	Deemed Equipment Electr	ricity Savings (MWh per free	ezer sold)	
Energy Star Rating	Total volume < 150 litres	Total volume \ge 150 litres to < 300 litres	Total volume ≥ 300 litres to < 500 litres	total volume ≥ 500 litres
3.0	-	-	-	9.9
3.5	0.2	0.6	0.9	1.6
4.0	0.6	1.0	1.5	2.2
4.5	0.8	1.4	1.9	2.8
5.0	1.1	1.7	2.3	3.3
5.5	1.3	1.9	2.7	3.7
6.0	1.4	2.2	NO	4.1
7.0	1.7	2.5	3.5	4.8
8.0	2.0	2.8	3.9	5.2
9.0	2.1	3.1	4.2	5.6
10.0	2.3	3.2	4.4	5.9

_nly) Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 12 years.

Name of Activity

SELL A HIGH EFFICIENCY TELEVISION

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a Television as defined in AS/NZS 62087.1 Power consumption of audio, video and related equipment; and 62087.2.2:2011 Power consumption of audio, video and related equipment—Minimum energy performance standards (MEPS) and energy rating label requirements for Television Sets.
- 2. The Television must be registered for energy labelling.
- 3. The Television must have a screen size (in centimetres), recorded in the GEMS Registry.
- 4. The Energy Star Rating refer to Tier 2 MEPS and labelling as set out in *AS/NZS 62087.2.2:2011* and the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Television) Determination 2013 (No. 2).

			A.	
	Deemed Equipment Elect	ricity Savings (MWh per televisio	n solo	
Energy Star Rating	Screen size	Screen size	Screen size	
Energy Star Rating	> 40cm to ≤ 65cm	> 65cm to ≤ 120cm	> 120cm	
7	0.5	1.1	3.4	
3	0.6	1.4	4.0	
)	0.7	1.6	4.5	
10	0.8	1.8	4.9	
		for		
ifetime (for informat ifetime = 10 years.	ion purposes only)	KOK -		
i fetime (for informat fetime = 10 years.	ion purposes only)	KOK -		
	ion purposes only)			
	ion purposes only)			
	ion purposes only)			
	ion purposes only)			
	ion purposes only)			

Schedule C – Activity Definitions for the Removal of Old Appliances (clause 9.7)

Activity Definition C1

Name of Activity

REMOVE A SPARE REFRIGERATOR OR FREEZER

Equipment Requirements

- The Site where the End-User Equipment is located must be a Residential Building. 1.
- 2. The End-User Equipment must be a Refrigerator or Freezer (or combination) that may be classified as Group 1, 2, 6, 4, 5T, 5B, 5S, 6C, 6U or 7 according to AS/NZS 4474.1 and 4474.2 Performance of household electrical appliances-Real rigerating appliances.
- The capacity of the Refrigerator or Freezer (as defined in AS/NZS 4474) must be 200 litres or more. 3.
- The Refrigerator or Freezer must be in working order. 4.
- There must be another Refrigerator or Freezer (as appropriate) at the Site that provides primary refr n or freezing 5. services, located in, or closer to, the kitchen.
- As a result of the activity there must be 1 fewer spare refrigerators and freezers at the Site. 6.

Equipment Electricity Savings

Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings = 5.7 MWh per spare refrigerator or freezer remove - Control of the cont

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Name of Activity

REMOVE A PRIMARY REFRIGERATOR OR FREEZER

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The Site where the End-User Equipment is located must be a Residential Building or Small Business Site.
- The End-User Equipment must be a Refrigerator or Freezer (or combination) that may be classified as Group 1, 2, 3, 4, 5T, 2. 5B, 5S, 6C, 6U or 7 according to AS/NZS 4474.1 and 4474.2 Performance of household electrical appliances-Refrigerating
- appliances. The capacity of the Refrigerator or Freezer (as defined in AS/NZS 4474) must be 200 litres or more.
- 3. 4. The Refrigerator or Freezer must be in working order.
- The activity may be carried out in combination with the delivery of a new refrigerator or freezer. 5.

Equipment Electricity Savings

, Ţ Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings = 2.4 MWh per primary refrigerator or freezer removed

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Schedule D – Activity Definitions for General Activities for Home Energy Efficiency Retrofits (clause 9.8)

Activity Definition D1

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXTERNAL SINGLE GLAZED WINDOW OR DOOR WITH A THERMALLY EFFICIENT WINDOW OR DOOR

Eligibility Requirements

- The existing window must be single glazed. 1.
- 2. The existing door must be a fully single glazed framed unit.
- 3. The existing window or door must be an external window or door of a Residential Building or Small Busing

Equipment Requirements

- The new End-User Equipment must be a window or door product (glazing and frame) rated by WE 1.
- The new End-User Equipment can be either a single glazed or double glazed or triple glazed insulating glass unit. 2.
- 3. The window or door must comply with AS 2047 and AS 1288.
- 4. The window or door must be rated as 6 Star by WERS in accordance with the minimum requirements for a thermally efficient window or door as detailed in Table D1.1.
- The window or door must have a warranty of at least 5 years. 5.

Table D1.1 – Minimum requirements for a thermally efficient window or door

rating he	eating mode	cooling mode	(W/m ² K)
6 Star Window or Door 6	stars	3.5 stars	3

Implementation Requirements

The window or door must be installed in compliance with of AS 2 47 and AS 1288.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor × Glazing Unit Area Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Kap 🖌 🗙 Glazing Unit Area

Where:

- as Savings Factor, in MWh per m², are the values from Tables D1.2, D1.3, D1.4 and D1.5, Electricity Savings Factor and corresponding to the Kwy alue of the window or door and the Site's location.
- Glazing Unit Area in m is the total window or door area of the thermally efficient window or door installed.
- Implementation of the Activity allows both Electricity Savings Factors and Gas Savings Factors to be applied, regardless of fuel used for heating or cooling at the premises.
- Uw is the System U-Value of the thermally efficient window or door.

Table D1.2 Resider	ntial Building Elect	ricity Savings Fact	ors for thermally effi	cient windows or doo	ors (MWh per m ² of w
Window/ Door rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
$Uw \leq 3$	0.13	0.21	0.11	0.17	0.25
$Uw \leq 2$	0.16	0.26	0.14	0.21	0.30
Uw ≤1	0.19	0.30	0.16	0.26	0.35

Table D1.3 – Residential Building Gas Savings Factors for thermally efficient windows or doors (MWh per m² of window or door replaced)

Window/ Door rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
$Uw \leq 3$	0.09	0.26	0.13	0.18	0.39
$Uw \leq 2$	0.11	0.30	0.14	0.20	0.46
$Uw \leq 1$	0.12	0.33	0.16	0.23	0.53

Table D1.4 - Small Business Site Electricity Savings Factors for thermally efficient windows or doors (MWh per m² of window or door replaced)

Window/ Door rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8	1
$Uw \leq 3$	0.35	0.38	0.26	0.41	0.27	1
$Uw \leq 2$	0.50	0.54	0.39	0.59	0.38	
$Uw \leq 1$	0.66	0.72	0.54	0.81	0.50	

Table D1.5 – Small Business Site Gas Savings Factors for thermally efficient windows or doors (MWh per m window or door

Window/ Door rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
$Uw \leq 3$	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.09
$Uw \leq 2$	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.10
$Uw \leq 1$	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.10

G

NOT OFFICIAL Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 30 years.

Name of Activity

MODIFY AN EXTERNAL WINDOW OR GLAZED DOOR BY INSTALLING SECONDARY GLAZING

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing window must be single glazed.
- 2. The existing door must be a fully single glazed framed unit.
- 3. The existing window or door must be an external window or door of a Residential Building or Small Business Site.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a secondary glazing product that retrofits a second glazing sheet (e.g. glass or acrylic or polycarbonate) to an existing single glazed window or door so as to form a still air gap between the specific product and the existing glazing.
- 2. The secondary glazing product when retrofitted must produce a window or door that is a 6 Star Window or Door in accordance with the minimum requirements for a thermally efficient window or door as detailed in Table D2.1.
- 3. The secondary glazing product must have a warranty of at least 5 years.

Table D2.1 – Minimum requirements for a thermally efficient window or door fitted with secondary glyzing

rating he	eating mode	cooling mode	7	Maximum System U-Value (W/m ² K)
6 Star Window or Door 6 S	stars	3.5 stars		3

Implementation Requirements

The secondary glazing product must be fitted in compliance with AS 2047 and AS 1288 and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor × Glazing Unit Area Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor × Glazing Unit Area

Where:

- *Electricity Savings Factor* and *Gas Savings Factor*, in MWh per m², are the values from Tables D2.2, D2.3, D2.4 and D.5 corresponding to the Uw value of the window or door and the Site's location.
- *Glazing Unit Area*, in m², is the total window or door area of the window or door modified to be thermally efficient.
- Implementation of the activity allows both Electricity Savings Factors and Gas Savings Factors to be applied, regardless of fuel used for heating-origonling at the premises.
- Uw is the System W alue of the thermally efficient window or door

Table D2.2 – Residentia, Building Electricity Savings Factors for secondary glazing products (MWh per m² of window or door modified)

Window/ Deer rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
Uw ≤3	0.06	0.11	0.06	0.09	0.13
$Uw \leq 2$	0.08	0.13	0.07	0.11	0.15
$Uw \leq 1$	0.10	0.15	0.08	0.13	0.18

Table D2.3 – Residential Building Gas Savings Factors for secondary glazing products (MWh per m² of window or door modified)

Window/ Door rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
$Uw \leq 3$	0.05	0.13	0.06	0.09	0.20
$Uw \leq 2$	0.05	0.15	0.07	0.10	0.23
$Uw \leq 1$	0.06	0.17	0.08	0.11	0.26

Table D2.4 - Small Business Site Electricity Savings Factors for secondary glazing products (MWh per m² of window or door modified)

Window/ Door rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
$Uw \leq 3$	0.18	0.19	0.13	0.21	0.14
$Uw \leq 2$	0.25	0.27	0.20	0.30	0.19
$Uw \le 1$	0.34	0.37	0.27	0.41	0.25

Jw ≤ 3 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.05 Jw ≤ 2 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.05 Jw ≤ 1 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.05 Jw ≤ 1 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.05 Jw ≤ 1 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.05 fetime (for information purposes only) fetime = 10 years. fetime = 10 years. fetime = 10 years.
$Uw \le 1$ 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.05 ifetime (for information purposes only) fetime = 10 years.
ifetime (for information purposes only) fetime = 10 years.
fetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING AIR CONDITIONER WITH A HIGH EFFICIENCY AIR CONDITIONER

(deleted)

Eligibility Requirements

The existing air conditioner must be in working order at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- I. The new End-User Equipment must be an air conditioner as defined in AS/NZS 3823.2.
- 2. The unit must be assigned a minimum star rating for cooling, as outlined in Table D3.1, and heating, if **200** under Table D3.2, under AS/NZS 3823.2.
- 3. The replacement unit must have a cooling capacity the same as or smaller than the unit that it replaces.
- 4. Where the unit being replaced has a star rating, the replacement unit must be assessed under the AS/NZS 3823.2 as having a higher star energy rating than the unit it replaces.
- 5. The new End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 5 years.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The new air conditioner must be installed.
- 2. The existing air conditioner must be removed.
- 3. The activity must be performed or supervised by a suitably qualified licence holder in compliance with the relevant installation standards and legislation as outlined by NSW Fair Trading.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Cooling Capacity × Cooling Parry Savings Factor + Heating Capacity × Heating Energy Savings Factor

Where:

- Cooling Capacity, in kW, is the rated cooling capacity of the system from the GEMS Registry;
- Cooling Energy Savings Factor, in MWh/kW, is the lifetime energy savings per unit of capacity in cooling mode, as specified in Table D3.1, according to the type of system; climate zone, and rated cooling capacity (kW);
- Heating Capacity, in kW, is the rate and againg capacity of the system from the GEMS Registry; and
- Heating Energy Savings Factor, in MWh/kW, is the lifetime energy savings per unit of capacity in heating mode as specified in Table D3.2, according to the type of system, climate zone, and rated heating capacity (kW).

Product category	Star Rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 & 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zones 5 & 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 & 8
	4.0 Stars	0.30	0.18	0.16	0.14
	4.5 Stars	0.36	0.22	0.19	0.17
Non ducted split	5.0 Stars	0.42	0.25	0.22	0.19
systems all types,	5.5 Stars	0.47	0.28	0.25	0.21
<4kW, all phases	6.0 Stars	0.51	0.31	0.27	0.23
	7.0 Stars	0.59	0.36	0.32	0.27
	8.0 Stars	0.65	0.40	0.35	0.30
	9.0 Stars	0.71	0.43	0.38	0.32
	10.0 Stars	0.76	0.46	0.41	0.3 4
Non ducted split	3.0 Stars	0.35	0.21	0.19	0.16
systems all types,	3.5 Stars	0.43	0.26	0.23	0.19
4kW to <10kW all phases	4.0 Stars	0.49	0.30	0.26	0.22
phases	4.5 Stars	0.55	0.34	0.30	0.25
	5.0 Stars	0.61	0.37	0.33	0.28

	1			r	
	5.5 Stars	0.66	0.40	0.35	0.30
	6.0 Stars	0.70	0.43	0.38	0.32
	7.0 Stars	0.78	0.47	0.42	0.35
	8.0 Stars	0.84	0.51	0.45	0.38
	9.0 Stars	0.90	0.55	0.48	0.41
	10.0 Stars	0.95	0.58	0.51	0.43
	2.5 Stars	0.36	0.22	0.19	0.16
	3.0 Stars	0.45	0.27	0.24	0.21
	3.5 Stars	0.53	0.32	0.28	0.24
	4.0 Stars	0.60	0.36	0.32	0.27
	4.5 Stars	0.66	0.40	0.35	0.20
All other product description in	5.0 Stars	0.71	0.43	0.38	
AS/NZS 3823.2	5.5 Stars	0.76	0.46	0.41	0.35
	6.0 Stars	0.81	0.49	0.43	0.37
	7.0 Stars	0.88	0.54	0.47	0.40
	8.0 Stars	0.95	0.58	0.51	0.43
	9.0 Stars	1.00	0.61	0.54	0.46
	10.0 Stars	1.05	0.6 4	0 .56	0.48
				>	
Table D3.2 Heating E	Energy Savings Factor				
Product category	Star Rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 & 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zones 5 & 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 & 8
	4.0 Stars	0.10	0.45	0.16	1.37
	4.5 Stars	0.13	0.54	0.10 0.19	1.64
	5.0 Stars	0.13	0.62	0.22	1.89
NT 1 - 1 - 11-	5.5 Stars	0.14	0.69	0.22	2.11
Non ducted split					
					2 31
systems all types, ≪4kW, all phases	6.0 Stars	0.18	0.76	0.27	2.31 2.66
systems all types,	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars	0.18 0.20	0.76 0.88	0.27 0.31	2.66
systems all types,	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23	0.76 0.88 0.97	0.27 0.31 0.34	2.66 2.95
systems all types,	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars 9.0 Stars	0.18 0.20	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37	2.66 2.95 3.20
systems all types,	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 10.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.23 1.24	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41
systems all types,	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 10.0 Stars 3.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57
systems all types,	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 10.0 Stars 3.0 Stars 3.5 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92
systems all types,	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 10.0 Stars 3.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.22 0.12 0.15 0.17	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23
systems all types, ≪4kW, all phases	6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars4.0 Stars4.5 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50
systems all types, <4kW, all phases Non ducted split systems all types,	6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars4.0 Stars4.5 Stars5.5 Stars5.5 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.32	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75
systems all types, <4kW, all phases Non ducted split systems all types, 4kW to <10kW ab	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 10.0 Stars 3.0 Stars 3.5 Stars 4.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 3.5 Stars 9.0 Stars 3.5 Stars 9.0 Stars 3.5 Stars 9.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 9.5 Stars 9.5 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.32 0.34	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97
systems all types, <4kW, all phases	6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars4.5 Stars4.5 Stars5.5 Stars5.5 Stars6.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98 1.04	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.32 0.34 0.37	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17
systems all types, <4kW, all phases Non ducted split systems all types, 4kW to <10kW ab	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 10.0 Stars 3.0 Stars 3.5 Stars 4.0 Stars 4.0 Stars 5.5 Stars 6.0 Stars 6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98 1.04 1.16	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.32 0.34 0.37	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17 3.52
systems all types, <4kW, all phases Non ducted split systems all types, 4kW to <10kW ab	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 10.0 Stars 3.0 Stars 3.5 Stars 4.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 5.5 Stars 5.5 Stars 6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.23	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98 1.04 1.16 1.26	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.34 0.37 0.34 0.32 0.34 0.37 0.41 0.44	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17 3.52 3.81
systems all types, <4kW, all phases Non ducted split systems all types, 4kW to <10kW ab	6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars 8.0 Stars 9.0 Stars 10.0 Stars 3.0 Stars 3.5 Stars 4.0 Stars 4.0 Stars 5.5 Stars 6.0 Stars 6.0 Stars 7.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.24 0.25 0.24 0.29 0.31	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98 1.04 1.16 1.26 1.34	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.32 0.34 0.37 0.41 0.41 0.47	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17 3.52 3.81 4.06
systems — all types, <4kW, all phases	6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars4.0 Stars4.0 Stars5.5 Stars6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars10.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.27 0.29 0.31 0.33	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.91 0.98 1.04 1.16 1.26 1.34 1.41	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.34 0.37 0.34 0.41 0.44 0.47 0.49	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17 3.52 3.81 4.06 4.27
systems all types, <4kW, all phases Non ducted split systems all types, 4kW to <10kW ab	6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars4.0 Stars4.0 Stars5.5 Stars5.5 Stars6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars10.0 Stars2.5 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.27 0.29 0.31 0.33 0.13	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98 1.04 1.16 1.26 1.34 1.41 0.54	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.34 0.37 0.34 0.37 0.41 0.41 0.44 0.47 0.49 0.19	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17 3.52 3.81 4.06 4.27 1.64
systems - all types, <4kW, all phases	6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars4.0 Stars4.0 Stars5.5 Stars5.5 Stars6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars2.5 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.17 0.18 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.27 0.29 0.31 0.13 0.14	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98 1.04 1.16 1.26 1.34 0.54 0.67	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.34 0.37 0.41 0.44 0.47 0.49 0.19 0.24	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17 3.52 3.81 4.06 4.27 1.64 2.04
Systems - all types, <4kW, all phases	6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars4.0 Stars4.0 Stars5.5 Stars6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars2.5 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.27 0.29 0.31 0.13 0.143 0.18	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98 1.04 1.16 1.26 1.34 0.54 0.67 0.79	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.34 0.37 0.34 0.37 0.41 0.44 0.47 0.49 0.19 0.28	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17 3.52 3.81 4.06 4.27 1.64 2.04 2.39
systems - all types, <4kW, all phases	6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars4.0 Stars4.0 Stars5.5 Stars5.5 Stars6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars2.5 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars4.0 Stars4.0 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.22 0.24 0.25 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.27 0.29 0.31 0.33 0.13 0.16 0.18 0.21	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98 1.04 1.16 1.26 1.34 1.41 0.54 0.67 0.79 0.89	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.37 0.34 0.37 0.41 0.44 0.47 0.49 0.19 0.24 0.31	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17 3.52 3.81 4.06 4.27 1.64 2.04 2.39 2.70
Systems - all types, <4kW, all phases	6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars4.0 Stars4.0 Stars5.5 Stars6.0 Stars7.0 Stars8.0 Stars9.0 Stars10.0 Stars2.5 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.0 Stars3.5 Stars	0.18 0.20 0.23 0.24 0.12 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.15 0.17 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.24 0.27 0.29 0.31 0.13 0.143 0.18	0.76 0.88 0.97 1.05 1.12 0.52 0.63 0.73 0.82 0.91 0.98 1.04 1.16 1.26 1.34 0.54 0.67 0.79	0.27 0.31 0.34 0.37 0.39 0.18 0.22 0.26 0.29 0.34 0.37 0.34 0.37 0.41 0.44 0.47 0.49 0.19 0.28	2.66 2.95 3.20 3.41 1.57 1.92 2.23 2.50 2.75 2.97 3.17 3.52 3.81 4.06 4.27 1.64 2.04 2.39

6.0 Stars 0.28 1.20 0.42 3.64 7.0 Stars 0.30 1.31 0.46 3.99 8.0 Stars 0.33 1.41 0.49 4.28 9.0 Stars 0.35 1.49 0.52 4.53 10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	7.0 Stars 0.30 1.31 0.46 3.99 8.0 Stars 0.33 1.41 0.49 4.28 9.0 Stars 0.35 1.49 0.52 4.53 10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	7.0 Stars 0.30 1.31 0.46 3.99 8.0 Stars 0.33 1.41 0.49 4.28 9.0 Stars 0.35 1.49 0.52 4.53 10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	7.0 Stars 0.30 1.31 0.46 3.99 8.0 Stars 0.33 1.41 0.49 4.28 9.0 Stars 0.35 1.49 0.52 4.53 10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	7.0 Stars 0.30 1.31 0.46 3.99 8.0 Stars 0.33 1.41 0.49 4.28 9.0 Stars 0.35 1.49 0.52 4.53 10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	7.0 Stars0.301.310.463.998.0 Stars0.331.410.494.289.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74			0.00			2.64
8.0 Stars0.331.410.494.289.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	8.0 Stars0.331.410.494.289.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	8.0 Stars0.331.410.494.289.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	8.0 Stars0.331.410.494.289.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	8.0 Stars0.331.410.494.289.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	8.0 Stars0.331.410.494.289.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74			0.28	1.20	0.42	
9.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	9.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	9.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	9.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	9.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74	9.0 Stars0.351.490.524.5310.0 Stars0.361.560.554.74						
10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74	10.0 Stars 0.36 1.56 0.55 4.74						
time (for information purposes only) time = 10 years.	time (for information purposes only) time = 10 years.	etime (for information purposes only) etime = 10 years.	etime (for information purposes only) etime = 10 years;	etime (for information purposes only) etime = 10 years, etime = 10 y	etime (for information purposes only) etime = 10 years. etime = 10 y		10.0 Stars	0.36	1.56	0.55	4.74
	OR GUID	FORGUIDI	- Christer Cullor	FORGUIDI	official	fetime (for in fetime = 10 y					
official	< OFFICI.	L CX	X ^O	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$			C CFFIC		JR		
orricial	of office	J OF X			(\mathbf{O})		S OF FIL	JAL.	JR CU		
official	JOT OFFICI	JOT OF X					Soft		JR		
NOTOFFICIAL	NOTOFFICI	NOTOFX		201	40.	4	ST OF FIC	JAL.	JR		
NOTOFFICIAL	NOTOFFICI	NOTOFX	NOT	NOT	40.	4	ST OFFIC		JR		

Name of Activity

INSTALL A HIGH EFFICIENCY AIR CONDITIONER

(deleted)

Eligibility Requirements

1. No existing air conditioner is fixed in place that provides cooling and/or heating to the conditioned space.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The new End-User Equipment must be an air conditioner as defined in AS/NZS 3823.2.
- The unit must be assigned a minimum star rating for cooling, as outlined in Table D4.1, and heating, if Count under Table D4.2, under AS/NZS 3823.2.
 The unit must be assigned a minimum star rating for cooling, as outlined in Table D4.1, and heating, if Count under Table D4.2.
- 3. The new End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 5 years.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The new air conditioner must be installed.
- 2. The activity must be performed or supervised by a suitably qualified licence holder a suppliance with the relevant installation standards and legislation as outlined by NSW Fair Trading.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Cooling Capacity × Cooling Energy Savings Factor + Heating Capacity × Heating Energy Savings Factor

Where:

- Cooling Capacity, in kW, is the rated cooling capacity of the system from the GEMS Registry;
- Cooling Energy Savings Factor, in MWh/kW, is the incluse energy savings per unit of capacity in cooling mode, as specified in Table D4.1, according to the type of system, climate zone, and rated cooling capacity (kW);
- Heating Capacity, in kW, is the rated heating capacity of the system from the GEMS Registry; and
- Heating Energy Savings Factor, in MWh/kW, is the lifetime energy savings per unit of capacity in heating mode as specified in Table D4.2, according to the type of system, climate zone, and rated heating capacity (kW).

Table D4.1 Cooling Energy Savings Factors (MWh per kW of cooling capacity installed)

Product category	Star Rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 & 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zones 5 & 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 & 8
	4.0 Stars	0.08	0.05	0.04	0.04
	4 .5 Stars	0.14	0.08	0.07	0.06
(5.0 Stars	0.19	0.12	0.10	0.09
Non ducted split	5.5 Stars	0.2 4	0.15	0.13	0.11
systems all types,	6.0 Stars	0.29	0.17	0.15	0.13
<4kW, all phases	7.0 Stars	0.36	0.22	0.19	0.16
7	8.0 Stars	0.43	0.26	0.23	0.19
•	9.0 Stars	0.48	0.29	0.26	0.22
	10.0 Stars	0.53	0.32	0.28	0.24
	3.0 Stars	0.11	0.07	0.06	0.05
Non ducted split	3.5 Stars	0.19	0.11	0.10	0.08
systems all types, 4 kW to <10kW all	4.0 Stars	0.25	0.15	0.14	0.12
phases	4.5 Stars	0.31	0.19	0.17	0.14
	5.0 Stars	0.37	0.22	0.20	0.17

.S				
0	0.42	0.25	0.22	0.19
.S	0.46	0.28	0.25	0.21
<mark>.9</mark>	0.5 4	0.33	0.29	0.25
.S	0.60	0.37	0.32	0.27
'S	0.66	0.40	0.35	0.30
urs	0.71	0.43	0.38	0.32
'S	0.12	0.08	0.07	0.06
'S	0.21	0.13	0.11	0.10
.S	0.29	0.18	0.16	0.13
'S	0.36	0.22	0.19	9 1 9
'S	0.42	0.26	0.23	<u>0.19</u>
'S	0.47	0.29	0.25	0.22
'S	0.52	0.32	0.28	0.24
'S	0.57	0.35	0.30	0.26
.5	0.65	0.39	1999 1997	0.29
'S	0.71	0.43	2.38	0.32
8	0.77	0.47	0.41	0.35
ITS	0.81	0.49	0.44	0.37
	5 5 <t< td=""><td>s 0.54 s 0.60 s 0.66 ws 0.71 s 0.12 s 0.21 s 0.29 s 0.42 s 0.42 s 0.47 s 0.52 s 0.52 s 0.65 s 0.65 s 0.71</td><td>s$0.54$$0.33s0.60$$0.37s0.66$$0.40rs0.71$$0.43s0.71$$0.43s0.21$$0.08s0.22$$0.13s0.29$$0.18s0.36$$0.22s0.42$$0.26s0.47$$0.29s0.52$$0.32s0.57$$0.35s0.65$$0.39s0.71$$0.43$</td><td>s 0.54 0.33 0.29 s 0.60 0.37 0.32 s 0.66 0.40 0.35 rs 0.71 0.43 0.38 s 0.12 0.08 0.07 s 0.21 0.13 0.11 s 0.29 0.18 0.16 s 0.36 0.22 0.19 s 0.36 0.22 0.19 s 0.42 0.26 0.23 s 0.47 0.29 0.25 s 0.47 0.29 0.24 s 0.47 0.29 0.25 s 0.47 0.29 0.25 s 0.47 0.49 0.49 s 0.47 0.49 0.49 s 0.47 0.43 0.49 s 0.455 0.39 0.49 s 0.465 0.47 0.44 s 0.47 0.44 0.44</td></t<>	s 0.54 s 0.60 s 0.66 ws 0.71 s 0.12 s 0.21 s 0.29 s 0.42 s 0.42 s 0.47 s 0.52 s 0.52 s 0.65 s 0.65 s 0.71	s 0.54 0.33 s 0.60 0.37 s 0.66 0.40 rs 0.71 0.43 s 0.71 0.43 s 0.21 0.08 s 0.22 0.13 s 0.29 0.18 s 0.36 0.22 s 0.42 0.26 s 0.47 0.29 s 0.52 0.32 s 0.57 0.35 s 0.65 0.39 s 0.71 0.43	s 0.54 0.33 0.29 s 0.60 0.37 0.32 s 0.66 0.40 0.35 rs 0.71 0.43 0.38 s 0.12 0.08 0.07 s 0.21 0.13 0.11 s 0.29 0.18 0.16 s 0.36 0.22 0.19 s 0.36 0.22 0.19 s 0.42 0.26 0.23 s 0.47 0.29 0.25 s 0.47 0.29 0.24 s 0.47 0.29 0.25 s 0.47 0.29 0.25 s 0.47 0.49 0.49 s 0.47 0.49 0.49 s 0.47 0.43 0.49 s 0.455 0.39 0.49 s 0.465 0.47 0.44 s 0.47 0.44 0.44

Table D4.2 Heating Energy Savings Factors (MWh per kW of heating capacity installed)

Product category	Star Rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 & 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA-Climate Zones 5 & 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 & 8
	4.0 Stars	0.27	1.16	0.40	0.55
	4.5 Stars	0.29	1.25	0.44	0.83
	5.0 Stars	0.31	1.33	0.46	1.07
Non ducted split	5.5 Stars	0.32	1.40	0.49	1.29
systems all types,	6.0 Stars	0.34	1.47	0.51	1.49
<4kW, all phases	7.0 Stars	0.37	1.58	0.55	1.84
	8.0 Stars	0.39	1.68	0.59	2.13
	9.0 Stars	0.41	1.76	0.62	2.38
	10.0 Stars	0.42	1.83	0.64	2.60
	3.0.Stars	0.29	1.27	0.44	0.54
Non ducted split	3.5 Stars	0.32	1.38	0.48	0.89
	4.0 Stars	0.34	1.48	0.52	1.19
	4.5 Stars	0.36	1.57	0.55	1.47
	5.0 Stars	0.38	1.65	0.58	1.72
systems all types, 4 kW to <101W all	5.5 Stars	0.40	1.73	0.60	1.94
phases	6.0 Stars	0.42	1.79	0.63	2.14
*	7.0 Stars	0.44	1.91	0.67	2.48
	8.0 Stars	0.46	2.00	0.70	2.78
	9.0 Stars	0.48	2.09	0.73	3.03
	10.0 Stars	0.50	2.16	0.76	3.24
	2.5 Stars	0.31	1.32	0.46	0.50
All other product	3.0 Stars	0.34	1.45	0.51	0.90
description in AS/NZS 3823.2	3.5 Stars	0.36	1.57	0.55	1.25
10,1,20,00000	4.0 Stars	0.39	1.67	0.58	1.56

	1.5.0	0.41	1.76	0.62	1.83
	4.5 Stars	0.41			
	5.0 Stars	0.43	1.84	0.64	2.08
	5.5 Stars	0.44	1.91	0.67	2.30
	6.0 Stars	0.46	1.98	0.69	2.50
	7.0 Stars	0.49	2.09	0.73	2.85
	8.0 Stars	0.51	2.19	0.77	3.14
	9.0 Stars	0.53	2.27	0.80	3.39
	10.0 Stars	0.54	2.34	0.82	3.61
Lifetime (for information	ation purposes only)			4
Lifetime = 10 years.					
Zitetine = 10 years.					
				12.	
Lifetime (for information of the second seco			SR GUI		

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

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Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING POOL PUMP WITH A HIGH EFFICIENCY POOL PUMP

Eligibility Requirements

1. There must be an existing pool pump installed at the Site at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The new End-User Equipment must be a product for use with a domestic pool or spa that is a single phase motor and any of the following types: single speed, dual speed, multiple speed or variable speed pump unit. The pump unit must have an input power of not less than 100W and not more than 2500W when tested in accordance with AS 5102.1.
- The new End-User Equipment must be listed as part of a labelling scheme determined in accordance with the Equipment Energy Efficiency (E3) Committee's Voluntary Energy Rating Labelling Program for Swimming Pock Pump-units: Rules for Participation, April 2010, and achieve a minimum 4.5 star rating when determined in accordance with AV 5102.2.
- 3. The new End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 3 years.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The pool pump must be installed by a Licensed plumber and/or electrician, where required by relevant legislation.
- 2. The decommissioned pool pump must be removed in accordance with relevant a fety standards and legislation.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Savings Factor

Where:

• Savings Factor, in MWh, is the value from Table D5.1 corresponding to the pool pump's energy star rating.

Table D5.1 – Savings Factors (MWh per pool pump installed

Energy Star Rating	Savings Factors
4.5	1.3
5	2.5
5.5	3.5
6	4.5
7	
8	7.4
9	8.4
10	9.2

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 12

Name of Activity

INSTALL CEILING INSULATION IN AN UNINSULATED CEILING SPACE

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. There must be no existing roof or ceiling insulation present in the ceiling space.
- For the purposes of this Activity, ceiling spaces with single sheet reflective foil insulation hung below the roofing material are 2. deemed to be uninsulated ceiling spaces.

Equipment Requirements

1. The insulation product used must comply with the performance requirements of AS/NZS 4859.1, as evidence by test reports from an accredited NATA laboratory.

- ZS 4859.1. of: The insulation product must achieve a minimum winter R-value, when measured in accordance with R3.0 if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 2 or 3; 0
 - R3.5 if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 4, 5 or 6; 0
 - R5.0 if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 7 or 8 \cap
 - after being adjusted for perimeter insulation in accordance with AS 3999.
- The insulation product must have a warranty of at least 25 years. 3.
- Foil insulation products are not eligible to be used in this activity. 4.

Implementation Requirements

- The insulation product used must be installed in compliance with AS 399 1. he National Construction Code BCA Section J1.
- Installers are required to have completed training courses CPCCOFS100 A; CPCCCM2010A; CPCCOHS2001A; CPCCPB3027A; CPCCPB3014A and other training requirements a Published by the Scheme Administrator. Insulation must only be installed in ceiling spaces with an exposed poof.
- 3.
- Insulation must be installed in at least 95% of the ceiling an a able to have insulation installed, after being adjusted for 4. perimeter insulation in accordance with AS 3999.
- Cut outs around ceiling penetrations such as downlights must be kept to the minimum permitted by regulation. 5.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor × Insulation Area Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor / Insulation Area

Where:

- Electricity Savings Factor, and Gal Savings Factor, in MWh per m², are the values from Tables D6.1 and D6.2 corresponding to the Site's building construction and location.
- Insulation Area, in product installed.
- Implementation of the Activity allows both Electricity and Gas Savings Factors to be applied, regardless of fuel used for heating or cooling at the premises.
- Table D6.1 Electricity Savings Factors (MWh per m² of ceiling insulation installed)

Climate zone	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3 Minimum R3.0	BCA Climate Zone 4 Minimum R3.5	BCA Climate Zones 5 and 6 Minimum R3.5	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8 Minimum R5.0
MWh per m2	0.16	0.29	0.17	0.47

Gas Savings Factor (MWh per m² of ceiling insulation installed)

Climate zone	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3 Minimum R3.0	BCA Climate Zone 4 Minimum R3.5	BCA Climate Zones 5 and 6 Minimum R3.5	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8 Minimum R5.0
MWh per m ²	0.09	0.18	0.11	0.30

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Name of Activity

INSTALL CEILING INSULATION IN AN UNDER-INSULATED CEILING SPACE

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. There must be existing roof or ceiling insulation present in the ceiling space.
- For the purposes of this Activity, ceiling spaces with single sheet reflective foil insulation hung below the roofing material are 2. deemed to be uninsulated ceiling spaces.
- 3. The R-value of existing roof or ceiling insulation must be below 3.0 when measured in accordance with AS/NZS 4859.1.

Equipment Requirements

2.

- The insulation product used must comply with the performance requirements of AS/NZS 4859.1, as ev 1. test reports from an accredited NATA laboratory.
 - The insulation product must achieve a minimum winter R-value, when measured in accordance with AS NZS 4859.1, of:
 - R3.0 if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 2 or 3; 0
 - R3.5 if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 4, 5 or 6; 0
 - R5.0 if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 7 or 8 0
 - after being adjusted for perimeter insulation in accordance with AS 3999.
- The insulation product must have a warranty of at least 25 years. 3.
- 4. Foil insulation products are not eligible to be used in this activity.

Implementation Requirements

- The insulation product used must be installed in compliance with AS 399 and the National Construction Code BCA Section 1. J1.
- Installers are required to have completed training courses CPCCOHS1001A; CPCCCM2010A; CPCCOHS2001A; 2 CPCCPB3027A; CPCCPB3014A and other training requirements a Published by the Scheme Administrator.
- 3. Insulation must only be installed in ceiling spaces with an exposed roof.
- Insulation must be installed in at least 95% of the ceiling area able to have insulation installed, after being adjusted for 4. perimeter insulation in accordance with AS 3999.
- 5. Cut outs around ceiling penetrations such as downlights must be consistent with regulation requirements.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor \times Insulation Area Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor \times Insulation Area

Where:

- Electricity Savings Factor and Oas Savings Factor, in MWh per m², are the values from Tables D7.1 and D7.2 corresponding to the Site's building construction and location.
- *Insulation Area*, it m² is the total ceiling area that has had insulation product installed. Implementation of the Activity allows both Electricity and Gas Savings Factors to be applied, regardless of fuel used for heating or cooling at the premises.

Climate zone	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3 Jinimum R3.0	BCA Climate Zone 4 Minimum R3.5	BCA Climate Zones 5 and 6 Minimum R3.5	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8 Minimum R5.0
MWhyter m2	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.04

Table D7.2 – Gas Savings Factors (MWh per m² of ceiling insulation installed)

Climate zone	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3 Minimum R3.0	BCA Climate Zone 4 Minimum R3.5	BCA Climate Zones 5 and 6 Minimum R3.5	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8 Minimum R5.0
MWh per m ²	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Name of Activity

INSTALL UNDER-FLOOR INSULATION

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. There must be no existing ground floor insulation present.
- 2. The Site must have a suspended timber floor.

Equipment Requirements

- The insulation product used must comply with the performance requirements of AS/NZS 4859.1 and achieve a minimum winter R-value of R2.5 when measured in accordance with AS/NZS 4859.1, as evidenced by test reports from an accredited NATA laboratory.
- 2. The insulation product must have a warranty of at least 25 years.
- 3. Foil insulation products are not eligible to be used in this activity.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The Activity is restricted to ground floor suspended timber floor spaces.
- 2. Installers are required to have completed training courses CPCCOHS1001A; CPCCCM2010A; CPCCOHS2001A; CPCCPB3014A; and other training requirements as Published by the Scheme Administrator.
- 3. The insulation product must be installed in accordance with AS 3999 and the National Construction Code BCA Section J1.
- 4. Insulation must be installed in at least 95% of the ground floor area able to have asulation installed.
- 5. Insulation may only be applied to areas that have not been previously inter-

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor × Insulation Are Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor × Insulation Area

Where:

- *Electricity Savings Factor* and *Gas Savings Factor*, in MWh per m², are the values from Tables D8.1 and D8.2 corresponding to the Site's building construction and location.
- Insulation Area, in m², is the total ground floor area that has had insulation product installed.
- Implementation of the Activity allows both Dectricity and Gas Savings Factors to be applied, regardless of fuel used for heating or cooling at the premises.

Table D8.1 – Electricity Savings Factor	(MWh per m^2 of under -floor insulation installed)

Climate zone	BCA (and 3 Minin	\mathcal{N}	ntes 2	BCA Climate Zone 4 Minimum R2.5	BCA Climate Zones 5 and 6 Minimum R2.5	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8 Minimum R2.5
MWh per m ²	n/a			0.02	0.01	0.05

Table D8.2 – Gas Syings Factor (MWh per m² of under -floor insulation installed)

Climate zone	BCA Climate Zones 2 nd 3 Minimum R2.5	BCA Climate Zone 4 Minimum R2.5	BCA Climate Zones 5 and 6 Minimum R2.5	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8 Minimum R2.5
MWh per m ²	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.04

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Name of Activity

INSTALL WALL INSULATION

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. There must be no existing wall insulation present.
- 2. For the purposes of this activity, wall cavities that contain reflective foil sarking only shall be deemed to be uninsulated spaces.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The insulation product used must comply with the performance requirements of AS/NZS 4859.1 and achieve a minimum winter R-value of 2.0 when measured in accordance with AS/NZS 4859.1, as evidenced by test reports from unaccredited NATA laboratory.
- 2. The insulation product used must have a warranty of at least 25 years.
- 3. Foil insulation products are not eligible to be used in this activity.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The insulation product used must be installed in accordance with AS 3999 and the National Construction Code BCA Section J1.
- 2. Installers are required to have completed training courses CPCCOHS1001A; CPCCOHS2001A; CPCCOHS2001A; and other training requirements as Published by the Scheme Againistrator.
- The insulation product must be installed in an external wall space (or part of an external wall space) but not in any common walls (as defined by the National Construction Code).
- 4. Insulation must be installed in at least 95% of the wall area able to have insulation installed.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor X asulation Area Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor × Insulation Area

Where:

- *Electricity Savings Factor* and *Gas Savings Factor*, in MWh per m², are the values from Tables D9.1 and D9.2 corresponding to the Site's building construction and location.
- *Insulation Area*, in m2, is the total waterea that has had insulation product installed.
- Implementation of the Activity answer both Electricity and Gas Savings Factors to be applied, regardless of fuel used for heating or cooling at the premises

Table D9.1 – Electricity Saving, Factor (MWh per m² of wall insulation installed)

Climate zone	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3 Minimum R2.0	BCA Climate Zone 4 Minimum R2.0	BCA Climate Zones 5 and 6 Minimum R2.0	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8 Minimum R2.0
MWh per m ²	0.05	0.09	0.05	0.15
T-hi D0.2		2 - f 11 : 1- t: : t 11 t)		

Climate zone	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3 Minimum R2.0	BCA Climate Zone 4 Minimum R2.0	BCA Climate Zones 5 and 6 Minimum R2.0	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8 Minimum R2.0
MWh per m ²	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.10

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING ELECTRIC WATER HEATER WITH A HIGH EFFICIENCY GAS FIRED WATER HEATER

Deleted)

Eligibility Requirements

- The existing electric water heater is an electric resistance storage or instantaneous water heater.
- The existing electric water heater does not have to be in working order at time of replacement.
- The existing electric water heater is not on a controlled load tariff (commonly known as 'off peak').

Equipment Requirements

- The installed End-User Equipment must be a Gas fired storage or instantaneous water heater as defin 5263.1.2
- FRC) National The installed End-User Equipment must be listed as certified in the Gas Technical Regulators Certification Database and be certified for the fuel to which it will be connected.
- The capacity of the installed End-User Equipment in Table D10.1 can be either a stor a Gas fired storage water heater or a heated flow rate for a Gas fired instantaneous water heater.
- The installed End-User Equipment must be rated at an Annual Energy MJ (equal to 5.25 stars) in accordance with AS4552 or AS/NZS 5263.1.2, unless one or more of the follo met, in which case installed quivalent to 6.25 stars): End-User Equipment must be rated an Annual Energy Consumption of \leq 1827
 - the Site does not have an existing connection to a Distribution Pi it will be connected to a Gas cylinder, including but not limi ied petroleum gas cylinders;
 - it is a Gas fired instantaneous water heater.
- The installed End-User Equipment must have a capacity the same than the existing End User Equipment it replaces
- The installed End-User Equipment must have a warranty of for the cylinder or tank of a Gas fired storage heater
- water heater, or the heat exchanger of a Gas fired instantar

mentation Requirements

- The existing End User Equipment must be discon and removed; these tasks must be performed or supervised by a qualified person in accordance with relevant st wards and legislation.
- The End-User Equipment must be installed.
- The activity must be performed or supervised by a qualified person in accordance with the End-User Equipment installation instructions and in compliance with plume s work, electrical work and permanent wiring standards; and as required by ns, and all local codes and regulatory authority requirements. other relevant legislation, local re

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor

Where:

- *Electricity Savings Factor* and *Gas Savings Factor*, in MWh per installed End-User Equipment, are the values from Table D10.1 corresponding to the capacity and Annual Energy Consumption of the installed End User Equipment.
- Capacity of installed End User Equipment is available from Gas fired water heater specifications.
- Annual Energy Consumption of the installed End-User Equipment is the value listed for the equipment in the GTRC National Certification Database.

Table D10.1 Electricity and Gas Savings Factor (MWh per installed End-User Equipment)

Capacity of installed End-User Equipment	Annual Energy Consumption (MJ)	Electricity Savings Fratter Of Why	Gas Savings Factor (MWh)
	$>$ 19797 and ≤ 20302	22.39	-25.38
	$>$ 19291 and \leq 19797	22.39	-24.75
	$>$ 18785 and \leq 19291	22.39	-24.11
Gas fired storage water heater: <95 L	$>$ 18279 and \leq 18785	22.39	-23.48
Gas fired instantaneous water heater: < 18 L/min at 25°C rise	$>$ 17774 and \leq 16279	22.39	-22.85
	> 17268 and ≤ 17774	22.39	-22.22
	>16762 and ≤ 17268	22.39	-21.58
	<u>≤ 16782</u>	22.39	-20.95
	> 19797 and ≤ 20302	34.09	<u>-42.30</u>
	<u>> 19291 and ≤ 19797</u>	34.09	<u>-41.24</u>
\sim	> $18785 \text{ and } \le 19291$	34.09	-40.19
Gas fired storage water heater: 95 to 140 L	$>$ 18279 and \leq 18785	34.09	-39.14
Gas fired instantaneous water heater: 18 to 22 L/min at 25 °C rise	$\Rightarrow 17774 \text{ and } \leq 18279$	34.09	-38.08
	$> 17268 \text{ and } \le 17774$	34.09	-37.03
	$>$ 16762 and \leq 17268	34.09	-35.97
	<u>≤ 16762</u>	34.09	<u>-34.92</u>
	> 19797 and ≤ 20302	45.78	-59.21
	> 19291 and ≤ 19797	4 5.78	-57.74
	$>$ 18785 and \leq 19291	4 5.78	-56.26
Gas fired storage water frequency > 140 L	$>$ 18279 and \leq 18785	4 5.78	<u>-54.79</u>
Gas fired instantaneous water heater: > 22 L/min at 25°C rise	$>$ 17774 and \leq 18279	45.78	-53.31
<u>ک</u> ک	$>$ 17268 and \leq 17774	4 5.78	-51.84
\frown	$>$ 16762 and \leq 17268	4 5.78	-50.36
	< <u>16762</u>	45.78	48.89

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING GAS FIRED WATER HEATER WITH A HIGH EFFICIENCY GAS FIRED WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing Gas fired water heater is a Gas fired storage water heater.
- 2. The existing Gas fired water heater does not have to be in working order at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The installed End-User Equipment must be a Gas fired water heater as defined in AS4552 or AS/NZS 526312.
- 2. The installed End-User Equipment must be listed as certified in the Gas Technical Regulators Committee (CINC) National Certification Database and be certified for the fuel to which it will be connected.
- 3. The capacity of the installed End-User Equipment in Table D11.1 can be either a stored volume for a Ga fired storage water heater or a heated flow rate for a Gas fired instantaneous water heater.
- 4. The installed End-User Equipment must be rated at an Annual Energy Consumption of ≤ 18(79 MJ (equivalent to 6.25 stars) in accordance with AS4552 or AS/NZS 5263.1.2 if it is a Gas fired instantaneous water feater.
- 5. The installed End-User Equipment must be rated at an Annual Energy Consumption of 1203/2 MJ (equal to 5.25 stars) in accordance with AS4552 or AS/NZS 5263.1.2 if it is a Gas fired storage water heater
- 6. The installed End-User Equipment must have a capacity the same or smaller then the existing End-User Equipment it replaces.
- 7. The installed End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 10 years for the cylinder or tank of a Gas fired storage water heater, or the heat exchanger of a Gas fired instantaneous water heater.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be disconnected and removed; these tasks must be performed or supervised by a qualified person in accordance with relevant standards applegislation.
- 2. The End-User Equipment must be installed.
- 3. The activity must be performed or supervised by a quantied person in accordance with the End-User Equipment installation instructions and in compliance with plumbing, Cas work, electrical work and permanent wiring standards; and as required by other relevant legislation, local regulations, and an local codes and regulatory authority requirements.

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Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor

Where:

- *Gas Savings Factor*, in MWh per installed End-User Equipment, is the value from Table D11.1 corresponding to the capacity and Annual Energy Consumption of the installed End-User Equipment.
- Capacity of installed End-User Equipment is available from Gas fired water heater specifications.
- Annual Energy Consumption of the installed End-User Equipment is the value listed for the equipment in the GTRC National Certification Database.

Table D11.1 – Gas Savings Factor (MWh per installed End-User Equipment)

Capacity of installed End-User Equipment	Annual Energy Consumption (M)	Gas Savings Factor (MWh)
	> 19797 and ≤ 20302	4.43
	> 19291 and \leq 19777	5.06
	> 18785 and ≤ 19231	5.69
as fired storage water heater: < 95 L	> 18279 and \$18785	6.32
as fired instantaneous water heater: < 18 L/min at 25°C rise	> 17774 and ≤ 18279	6.95
	> 15268 and ≤ 17774	7.59
	10762 and ≤ 17268	8.22
	≤1762	8.85
	> 19797 and ≤ 20302	7.38
\sim	> 19291 and ≤ 19797	8.43
\sim	$> 18785 \text{ and } \le 19291$	9.48
as fired storage water heater: 95 to 140 L	> 18279 and ≤ 18785	10.54
as fired instantaneous water heater: 18 to 22 L/min at 25/C rise	> 17774 and ≤ 18279	11.59
	> 17268 and ≤ 17774	12.64
	> 16762 and ≤ 17268	13.70
	≤ 16762	14.75
CN	> 19797 and ≤ 20302	10.33
	> 19291 and ≤ 19797	11.80
	> 18785 and ≤ 19291	13.28
as fired storage water heaver: > 140 L	$>$ 18279 and \le 18785	14.75
as fired instantaneous water heater: > 22 L/min at 25°C rise	> 17774 and ≤ 18279	16.23
	> 17268 and ≤ 17774	17.70
\sim	> 16762 and ≤ 17268	19.18
	≤16762	20.65

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

INSTALL A HIGH EFFICIENCY GAS SPACE HEATER OR REPLACE AN EXISTING GAS SPACE HEATER WITH A HIGH EFFICIENCY GAS SPACE HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

1. This activity must be an installation of a high efficiency Gas space heater or a replacement of an existing Gas space heater with a high efficiency Gas space heater.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The installed End-User Equipment must be a Gas space heating appliance as defined in AS4553 or ASAVZS \$203.1.3
- The installed End-User Equipment must be rated at a minimum of 5 stars in accordance with AS4552 or AS/NZS 5263.1.3, listed in the Directory of Australian Gas Association (AGA) Certified Products and be certified for the fuel to which it will be connected.
- 3. The installed End-User Equipment can be a Flued Radiant/Convection Heater, a Balanced Fue Convection Heater or a Wall Furnace, as listed in the Directory of AGA Certified Products.
- 4. The installed End-User Equipment must have a capacity the same or smaller than the existing End-User Equipment it replaces, in the case of replacement of a Gas space heater.
- 5. The installed End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 10 years for the reat exchanger.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. If there is any existing End-User Equipment, it must be disconnected and removed; these tasks must be performed or supervised by a qualified person in accordance with relevant standards and legislation.
- 2. The End-User Equipment must be installed.
- 3. The activity must be performed or supervised by a qualified person in accordance with the End-User Equipment installation instructions and in compliance with Gas work, electrical work and permanent wiring standards; and as required by other relevant legislation, local regulations, and all local codes and regulatory authority requirements.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor

Where:

- *Gas Savings Factor*, in MWh per installed End-User Equipment, is the value from Table D12.1 corresponding to the installed End-User Equipment Annual Energy Consumption and Star Rating; as well as the BCA climate zone where the Site is situated.
- Annual Energy Consumption and Star Rating of the installed End-User Equipment are the values listed for the equipment in the most recent version of Directory of AGA Certified Products.
- In cases where the Star Rating for the installed End-User Equipment is between increments, or above 5.50, it is rounded down to the closest Star Rating.

Table D12.1 – Cassavings Factor (MWh per installed End-User Equipment)

Annual Energy Consumption (MJ/y)	Star Rating	BCA Climate Zones 2 & 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zones 5 & 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 & 8
	5.00 Stars	0.19	0.52	0.28	0.95
< 9000	5.25 Stars	0.20	0.57	0.31	1.05
	5.50 Stars	0.21	0.63	0.33	1.16
	5.00 Stars	0.39	1.45	0.68	2.83
9000 to 13000	5.25 Stars	0.42	1.62	0.75	3.18
	5.50 Stars	0.46	1.79	0.82	3.52
> 13000	5.00 Stars	0.48	1.90	0.87	3.75
~ 13000	5.25 Stars	0.53	2.13	0.97	4.22

	5.50 Stars	0.58	2.36	1.07	4.68
Lifetime (for information purposes only))				

Lifetime = 10 years.

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Name of Activity

INSTALL A NATURAL ROOF SPACE VENTILATOR

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The building must not have an existing ventilator installed.
- 2. There must be a continuous layer of roof or ceiling insulation present in the roof space.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a single or multiple Natural Roof Space Ventilator(s).
- 2. The End-User Equipment Flow Coefficient (Cf) and Effective Aerodynamic Area (m²) must be rated i
- NZS 4740.
- 3. The total Effective Aerodynamic Area of the installed End-User Equipment must not exceed 1m² if a Residential Building and must not exceed 2m² in a Small Business Site.
- 4. The End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 5 years.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The activity must be performed by a person holding a suitable licence enabling work at the necessary height and in the roof space in compliance with the relevant installation standards and legislation as output by SafeWork NSW.
- 2. The End-User Equipment must be installed on a roof of a Residential Building of Small Business Site.

Activity Electricity Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = $\sum_{Each Natural Roof Space Ventilator}$ (Effective Aerodynamic Area × Electricity Savings Factor)

Where:

- *Effective Aerodynamic Area*, in m², is the rated Effective Aerodynamic Area of the installed End-User Equipment in accordance with AS/ NZS 4740.
- *Electricity Savings Factor*, in MWh/m², is the lifetime Electricity Savings per m² of Effective Aerodynamic Area installed, as specified in Table D13.1 or D13.2 below, according to the Equipment Type, Flow Coefficient and BCA Climate Zone.

Table D13.1 – Residential Building Electricity savings Factors (MWh per m² Effective Aerodynamic Area installed)

Equipment Type	Flow Coefficient, Cf (greater than o requal to	ACA Climate Zones 2 & 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 & 8
Natural Roof Space	0.95	0.42	0.75	0.78	0.45	-
Ventilator	0.1	0.57	0.86	0.89	0.52	-
	0.15	0.49	0.99	0.94	0.60	-
	0.2	0.53	1.06	0.99	0.63	-
~	0.25	0.61	1.11	1.03	0.70	-
	0.3	0.62	1.17	1.07	0.72	-

Table D13.2 - Small Business Site Electricity Savings Factors (MWh per m² Effective Aerodynamic Area installed)

Equipment Type	Flow	BCA Climate	BCA Climate	BCA Climate	BCA Climate	BCA Climate
	Coefficient, Cf (greater than or equal to)	Zones 2 & 3	Zone 4	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zones 7 & 8
	0.05	2.26	1.67	1.95	1.42	0.85

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Natural Roof Space	0.1	2.60	2.01	2.26	1.58	0.89
Ventilator	0.15	2.90	2.11	2.38	1.70	1.05
	0.2	3.14	2.25	2.49	1.84	1.08
	0.25	3.46	2.42	2.65	1.88	1.09
	0.3	3.64	2.66	2.72	1.96	1.13
ifetime (for informat	ion purposes o	only)				
ifetime = 10 years.						
				P	5	
			CR (JUDA		
40	off	Clar	KOR (

Name of Activity

INSTALL A FAN-FORCED ROOF SPACE VENTILATOR, PV POWERED FAN-FORCED ROOF SPACE VENTILATOR OR AN OCCUPIED SPACE VENTILATOR

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The building must not have an existing ventilator installed.
- 2. There must be continuous roof or ceiling insulation present in the roof space.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a Fan-Forced Roof Space Ventilator, PV Powered Fan-Forced Roof Space Ventilator or an Occupied Space Ventilator.
- The End-User Equipment flowrate (m3/hr) and electrical power consumption (W), must be rated in accordance with AS ISO 5801.
- 3. The total Flow Rate of the installed End-User Equipment must not exceed 5000m³/h in a Residential Building and must not exceed 10000m³/h in a Small Business Site.
- 4. There must be a temperature sensor installed in the roof cavity with a controller to control air it when installing a Fan-Forced Roof Space Ventilator or a PV Powered Fan-Forced Roof Space Ventilator.
- 5. There must be a temperature and humidity sensor installed in the roof cavity and the eccupied space with a controller to control air flow when installing an Occupied Space Ventilator.
- 6. The End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 5 years.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. Any persons entering the roof space must hold a suitable licence analying work at the necessary height and in the roof space in compliance with the relevant installation standards and legisla in a outlined by SafeWork NSW.
- 2. All electrical work must be performed or supervised by a Licensed electrician.
- 3. The End-User Equipment must be installed on a roof of a Residential Building or Small Business Site.

Activity Electricity Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = $\angle_{Each ventilator}$ (Figw Rate $\underline{*} \geq Electricity Savings Factor)$

Where:

- Flow Rate, in 1000m³/h, is the rated Flow Rate of the installed End-User Equipment in accordance with AS ISO 5801.
- *Electricity Savings Factor*, in avWb(1000m³/h), is the lifetime Electricity Savings per 1000m³/h of Flow Rate installed, as specified in table D14.1 or D14.2)elow, according to the Equipment Type, Ratio of Flow Rate per Power, and BCA Climate Zone.
- Ratio of Flow Rate per Power (m³/Wh) is the Flow Rate, in 1000m³/h divided by electrical power consumption (W). If multiple speeds are available, use the Ratio of Flow Rate per Power of the manufacturer's recommended speed or, if there is no speed recommended by the manufacturer, the speed with lowest Ratio of Flow Rate per Power.

Table D14.1 Residential bunding Electricity Savings Factors (MWh per 1000m³/h Flow Rate installed)

Equipment Type	Ratio of Flow	BCA Climate				
	Rate per	Zones 2 & 3	Zone 4	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zones 7 & 8
	Power					
	(m^3/Wh)					
Fan-forced Roof	10	-	-	-	-	-
Space Ventilators	20	-	-	-	-	-
	30	-	-	-	-	-
	40	-	-	0.01	0.03	-
	50	-	0.02	0.04	0.07	0.01
	75	-	0.08	0.09	0.12	0.04
	100	0.03	0.12	0.12	0.14	0.06

PV Powered Fan-	10	_	_	_	_	_
Forced Roof Space Ventilators	10					
-	20	-	-	0.01	0.03	-
	30	-	0.05	0.07	0.09	0.03
	40	0.01	0.09	0.10	0.12	0.05
	50	0.03	0.12	0.12	0.14	0.06
	75	0.05	0.15	0.14	0.17	0.07
	100	0.06	0.17	0.16	0.18	0.08
Occupied Space	10	-	-	-	-	-
Ventilator	20	0.24	0.10	0.14	0.26	
	30	0.32	0.22	0.25	0.37	
	40	0.36	0.28	0.31	0.42	-
	50	0.38	0.32	0.34	0.46	-
	75	0.41	0.36	0.38	0.50	-
	100	0.43	0.39	0.41	0.52	-
						1
Table D14.2 Small Busin	ness Site Electricity Ratio of Flow	y Savings Factors (BCA Climate	MWh per 1000m3 BCA Climate	3/h Flow Nate insta BCA Climate	BCA Climate	BCA Climate
Equipment Type	Rate per	Zones 2 & 3	Zone 4	Zone 5	Zone 6	Zones 7 & 8
	Power (m ³ /Wh)					
				\mathbf{v}		
Fan-forced Roof	10	-		-	-	-
Space Ventilators	20	-		-	-	-
	30	-	-	-	-	-
	40	- 6	<u> </u>	-	-	-
	50	-	-	0.03	-	-
	75	0.00	0.03	0.07	0.00	-
	100	0.01	0.06	0.09	0.03	0.00
PV Powered Fan-	10	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-
Forced Roof Space	20	-	-	-	-	-
Ventilators	30	-	0.00	0.05	-	-
	40	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.01	-
	50	0.02	0.06	0.09	0.03	0.00
	75	0.04	0.09	0.11	0.05	0.02
	100	0.04	0.11	0.12	0.06	0.02
Occupied Space	10	3.51	2.03	3.04	2.36	1.84
Ventilator	20	4.49	3.16	4.12	3.34	2.58
	30	4.82	3.53	4.48	3.66	2.82
	40	4.98	3.72	4.66	3.83	2.95
	50	5.08	3.83	4.77	3.92	3.02
	75	5.21	3.98	4.91	4.05	3.12
	100	5.27	4.06	4.98	4.12	3.12

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 10 years.

NOTOFFICIAL

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXHAUST FAN WITH A SELF SEALING EXHAUST FAN

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The Site must be a Residential Building.
- 2. An existing exhaust fan unit must be present at the Site.
- 3. Only exhaust fans that exhaust air directly to the outside of the building can be replaced.

Equipment Requirements

The exhaust fan must be fitted with a self-closing damper, flap, filter (for instance, of a type commonly fit 1. to a kitchen range hood) or other sealing product that can be closed to seal the exhaust of a fan.

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2. The End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 2 years.

Implementation Requirements

- The existing exhaust fan unit must be removed from the Site and decommissioned. 1.
- The End-User Equipment must be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's 2. instructions.
- 3. All electrical work must be performed or supervised by a Licensed electrician.
- Scheme Administrator. 4. The exhaust fan unit must comply with any relevant AS/NZS as required by the

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = 0.91 MWh (per exhaust fan)

Lifetime (for information purposes only) Jot of the states of the state

Name of Activity

INSTALL A NEW HIGH EFFICIENCY AIR CONDITIONER OR REPLACE AN EXISTING AIR CONDITIONER WITH A HIGH EFFICIENCY AIR CONDITIONER

Eligibility Requirements

1. This activity must be an installation of a new high efficiency air conditioner or a replacement of an existing air conditioner (whether operational or not) with a high efficiency air conditioner.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The New End-User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment must be registered in the GEMS Registry as complying with the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Air Conditioners up to 65kW) Determination 2019.
 - If the New End-User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment has a Cooling Capacity recorded in the GEMS Registry: a. It must have a Residential TCSPF_mixed value, as recorded in the GEMS Registry, equal to organize than the Minimum Residential TCSPF_mixed value for the corresponding Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table D16.4; or
 - b. If it does not have a Residential TCSPF mixed value recorded in the GEMS Registry then it must have aRated AEER in the GEMS Registry equal to or greater than the Minimum Rated AEER for the Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table D16.5.
- 3. If the New End-User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment has a Heating Capacity recorded in the GEMS Registry, and is installed in the hot or average zone as defined in Table A27:
 - a. It must have a Residential HSPF_mixed value, as recorded in the GENS Registry, equal to or greater than the Minimum Residential HSPF_mixed value for the same Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table D16.4; or
 - b. If it does not have a Residential HSPF_mixed value recorded to the CEMS Registry, then it must have a Rated ACOP in the GEMS Registry equal to or greater than the Minimum Rated ACOP for the same Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table D16.5.
- 4. If the New End-User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment has a Heating Capacity recorded in the GEMS Registry, and is installed in the cold zone as defined in Table A27
 - a. It must have a Residential HSPF cold value, as resurded in the GEMS Registry, equal to or greater than the Minimum Pasidential HSPF, cold value for the product Type and Caseling Canasity in Table D16.4; or
 - Minimum Residential HSPF_cold value for the same Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table D16.4; or b. If it does not have a Residential HSPF cold value recorded in the GEMS Registry, then it must have a Rated ACOP in the GEMS Registry equal to or greater than the Minimum Rated ACOP for the same Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table D16.5.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be removed.
- 2. The New End-User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment must be installed.
- The activity, including we removal of any existing End-User Equipment, must be performed or supervised by a suitably qualified licence holder in compliance with the relevant standards and legislation.

Activity Energy Savings

Equation D16.1

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = [(Reference Cooling Annual Energy Use - Cooling Annual Energy Use) + (Reference Heating Annual Energy Use - Heating Annual Energy Use)] × Lifetime / 1000

Where:

- *Reference Cooling Annual Energy Use* and *Reference Heating Annual Energy Use*, in kWh/y, are calculated using Equation D16.2 and D16.3 respectively;
- Cooling Annual Energy Use and Heating Annual Energy Use, in kWh/y, are the values of energy use on the Zoned Energy Rating Label of the New End User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment for the zone in which the product is installed, as defined in Table A27
 - If the New End User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment does not have a Zoned Energy Rating Label, *Cooling Annual Energy Use* and *Heating Annual Energy Use* are equal to the values of Residential tcec and Residential thec as recorded in the GEMS Registry, for the zone in which the product is installed, as defined in Table A27; or

If the New or replacement End-User Equipment does not have a Zoned Energy Rating Label and does not have Residential tcec and Residential thec values as recorded in the GEMS Registry, the Cooling Annual Energy Use and Heating Annual Energy Use are determined using Equations D16.4 and D16.5 respectively; and Lifetime, in years, is specified in Table D16.6.

Equation D16.2

Reference Cooling Annual Energy Use = Cooling Capacity × Equivalent Cooling Hours / Baseline Cooling AEER

Equation D16.3

Reference Heating Annual Energy Use = Heating Capacity × Equivalent Heating Hours / Baseline Heating ACOP

Where:

- Cooling Capacity and Heating Capacity, in kW, are the values of Cooling Capacity at 35°C and Heating Capacity at ٠ respectively on the energy rating label of the New End User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment recorded in the GEMS Registry;
- Equivalent Cooling Hours and Equivalent Heating Hours, in h/y, are specified in Table D16.1 the climate zone in which the product is installed, as defined in Table A27; and
- Baseline Cooling AEER and Baseline Heating ACOP are specified in Table D16.2 (for new) md Table D16.3 (for replacement), according to the Product Type and Cooling Capacity.

Cooling Annual Energy Use = Cooling Capacity × Equivalent Cooling Hours / Rated AEER

<u>Heating Annual Energy Use = Heating Capacity × Equivalent Heating Hours</u>

Where:

- Cooling Capacity and Heating Capacity, in kW, are the values of C Capacity at 35°C and Heating Capacity at 7°C respectively on the energy rating label of the New End User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment as recorded in the GEMS Registry;
- Equivalent Cooling Hours and Equivalent Heating Hours y, are specified in Table D16.1, according to the climate zone in which the product is installed, as defined in Table A <mark>V; and</mark>
- Rated AEER and Rated ACOP are the New End/User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment's Rated AEER and Rated ACOP as recorded in the GEMS Regist

_	Equivalent Cooling North	Equivalent Heating Hours (h/y)
Hot Zone	1271	<u>109</u>
Average Zone	429	<u>648</u>
Cold Zone	285	<u>1534</u>

Table D16.1 - Equivalent Cooling and Heating Jours (k/y) as derived from AS/NZS 3823.4

Table D16.2 – Baseline AEER and Baseline ACOP for a new air conditioner

Product Type	Cooling Capacity, R (kW)	Baseline Cooling <u>AEER</u>	Baseline Heating <u>ACOP</u>
Air-air, Non Ducted	<u>R < 4</u>	<u>3.66</u>	<u>2.33</u>
Air-air, Non-Ducted	$\underline{4 \le R < 10}$	<u>3.22</u>	<u>2.11</u>
Air-air, Ducted	<u>R < 10</u>	<u>3.1</u>	<u>2.05</u>
Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted	$\underline{10 \le R < 39}$	<u>3.1</u>	<u>2.05</u>
Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted	$\underline{39 \le R \le 65}$	<u>2.9</u>	<u>1.95</u>

Table D16.3 - Baseline AEER and Baseline ACOP for a replacement air conditioner

Product Type	Cooling Capacity, R	Baseline Cooling	Baseline Heating
	(kW)	<u>AEER</u>	<u>ACOP</u>
Air-air, Non-Ducted	<u>R < 4</u>	<u>3.33</u>	<u>2.17</u>

Air-air, Non-Ducted	$\underline{4 \le R < 10}$	<u>2.93</u>	<u>1.97</u>
Air-air, Ducted	<u>R < 10</u>	<u>2.8</u>	<u>1.90</u>
Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted	$\underline{10 \le R < 39}$	<u>2.8</u>	<u>1.90</u>
Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted	$\underline{39 \le R \le 65}$	<u>2.75</u>	<u>1.88</u>

Table D16.4 - Residential Minimum TCSPF/HSPF Requirement

Product Type		<u>Cooling</u> <u>Capacity, R</u> <u>(kW)</u>	<u>Minimum</u> <u>Residential</u> TCSPF_mixed	<u>Minimum</u> <u>Residential</u> HSPF mixed	<u>Minimum</u> <u>Residential</u> <u>HSPF_cold</u>
Air-air, Split	Non-Ducted	$\underline{R < 4}$	<u>5.5</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.0</u>
<u>Systems</u>	Non-Ducted	$\underline{4 \leq R < 6}$	<u>5.0</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>3.5</u>
	Non-Ducted	$\underline{6 \le R < 10}$	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>3.5</u>
	Ducted	<u>R < 10</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>4.0</u>	
	Ducted or Non-Ducted	$\underline{10 \le R < 13}$	<u>4.0</u>	4.0	35
	Ducted or Non-Ducted	$\underline{13 \leq R < 25}$	<u>4.0</u>	3.5	<u>3.0</u>
	Ducted or Non-Ducted	$\underline{25 \le R \le 65}$	<u>4.0</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>2.5</u>
Air-air, Unitary	Ducted or Non-Ducted	<u>R ≤ 65</u>	<u>3.0</u>		<u>2.0</u>

Table D16.5 – Minimum Rated AEER/ACOP Requirement*

<u>Product Type</u>		<u>Cooling Capacity,</u> <u>R (kW)</u>	Minimum Rated AEER	Minimum Rated ACOP
Air-air, Split	Non-Ducted	<u>R < 4</u>		4.4
<u>Systems</u>	Non-Ducted	$\underline{4 \leq R < 6}$	3.6	<u>3.9</u>
	Non-Ducted	$\underline{6 \leq \mathbf{R} < 10}$	3.5	<u>3.7</u>
	Ducted	<u>R < 10</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>3.8</u>
	Ducted or Non-Ducted	$10 \le R \le 13$	<u>3.5</u>	<u>3.9</u>
	Ducted or Non-Ducted	$\underline{13 \le R < 25}$	<u>3.3</u>	<u>3.7</u>
	Ducted or Non-Ducted	$\underline{25 \le R \le 65}$	<u>3.2</u>	<u>3.7</u>
Air-air, Unitary	Ducted or Non-Ducted	<u>R ≤ 65</u>	<u>3.3</u>	<u>3.3</u>
Only to be used if	there is no TCSPF/HSPF d	ata recorded in the GEI	MS registry.	

Lifetime (for information purpos	<u>es only)</u>	
Table D16.6	·	
End-User Equipment type	Years_	
All	10	

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING ELECTRIC WATER HEATER WITH AN (AIR SOURCE) HEAT PUMP WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing electric water heater must be an electric resistance storage or instantaneous water heater.
- 2. The existing electric water heater does not have to be in working order at the time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- The installed End-User Equipment must be an air source heat pump water heater as defined in AS/NZS 4234.
- 2. The installed End-User Equipment must be certified to AS/NZS 2712.
- . The installed End-User Equipment must achieve minimum annual energy savings, when determined as an an sourced heat

or

- pump using a small or medium thermal peak load in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 of:
 - o 60% when modelled in climate zone HP3-AU if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 2,
 - o 60% when modelled in climate zone HP5-AU if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 7 pr

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be removed.
- 2. The replacement End-User Equipment must be installed at a Site in accordance with the Equipment Requirements.
- B. The activity, including the removal of any existing End-User Equipment, must be performed or supervised by a suitably
- qualified licence holder in compliance with the relevant standards and lege

<u>Equipment Energy savings</u>

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Baseline A - $a \times (Bs + Be)$

Where:

- Baseline A is the baseline energy consumption of the End-User Equipment in MWh, corresponding to the System Size of the installed End-User Equipment in Table D17.1.
- Bs is the annual supplementary energy, in GJ, used by the installed End-User Equipment determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.
- *Be* is the annual electrical energy used by the auxiliary equipment, in GJ, of the End-User Equipment determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and received in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.
- a = 2.320 is the adjustment coefficient for hot water load and the installed End-User Equipment type.
- System Size is the small or medium dermal peak load size of the system determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.

<u>Table D17.1 – Baseline energy consumption by system size</u>

System Size	Baseline A (MWh)
<u>Small</u>	<u>30.78</u>
Medium	<u>50.76</u>

Lifetime



Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING ELECTRIC WATER HEATER WITH A SOLAR (ELECTRIC BOOSTED) WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- The existing electric water heater must be an electric resistance storage or instantaneous water heater.
- The existing electric water heater does not have to be in working order at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- The installed End-User Equipment must be a solar water heater with a collector as defined in AS/NZS 4234
- The installed End-User Equipment must be certified to AS/NZS 2712.
- solar the<u>rmal</u> The installed End-User Equipment must achieve minimum annual energy savings of 60% when deterna collector system with supplementary electric resistive heating in AS/NZS 4234 climate zone 3 usin all or medium thermal peak load in accordance with AS/NZS 4234, for all Sites in an ESS Jurisdiction.

Implementation Requirements

- The existing End-User Equipment must be removed.
- The replacement End-User Equipment must be installed at a Site in accordance with Equipment Requirements. The activity, including the removal of any existing End-User Equipment, must formed or supervised by a suitably
- qualified licence holder in compliance with the relevant standards and legislatio

Equipment Energy savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Baseline A - $a \times (Bs + Be)$

Where:

Baseline A is the baseline energy consumption of the En ser Equipment in MWh, corresponding to the System Size of the

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- installed End-User Equipment in Table D18.1 Bs is the Annual supplementary energy, in GJ, used by the End-User Equipment determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.
- Be is the annual an electricity consumption by the auxiliary equipment, in GJ, of the End-User Equipment determined in
- accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator. a = 2.355 is the adjustment coefficient for hot water load and the installed End-User Equipment type. a = 2.355 is the adjustment coefficient
- System Size is the small or manufur hermal peak load size of the system determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.

<u>Table D18.1 – Baseline energy</u>	<u>y consumption by system s</u>	ize	
System Size Base	Nine A (MWh)		
Small	<u>38.47</u>		
Medium	<u>63.45</u>		
Lifetime			
Lifetime = 15 years			

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING GAS WATER HEATER WITH AN AIR SOURCE HEAT PUMP WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- The existing gas water heater must be a gas storage or instantaneous water heater.
- 2. The existing gas water heater does not have to be in working order at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- The installed End-User Equipment must be an air source heat pump water heater as defined in AS/N
- The installed End-User equipment must be certified to AS/NZS 2712.
- The installed End-User equipment must achieve minimum annual energy savings, when determined sourced heat
 - pump using a small or medium thermal peak load in accordance with AS/NZS 4232, of:
- <u>3,4,5 or 6</u>. r 8 60% when modelled in climate zone HP3-AU if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone
 - 60% when modelled in climate zone HP5-AU if the Site is in BCA Climate Z

Implementation Requirements

- The existing End-User Equipment must be removed.
- The replacement End-User Equipment must be installed at a Site in accordance th the Equipment Requirements.
- The activity, including the removal of any existing End-User Equipment e performed or supervised by a suitably nust lon.
- gualified licence holder in compliance with the relevant standards and lea

Equipment Energy savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Baseline A - $a \times (Bs)$

<u>Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Baseline B</u>

Where:

- Baseline A is the baseline electrical energy consumption of the End-User Equipment in MWh, corresponding to the System Size of the installed End-User Equipment in Table D19.1.
- *Baseline B* is the baseline gas energy consumption of the End-User Equipment in MWh, corresponding to the system size of the installed End-User Equipment in Vable D19.1.
- Bs is the Annual supplementary en xy, in GJ, used by the installed End-User Equipment determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted h a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.
- *Be* is the annual electrical energy used by the auxiliary equipment, in GJ, of the installed End-User Equipment determined in accordance with ASAX2 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.
- a = 2.320 is the advantment coefficient for hot water load and the installed End-User Equipment type.
- System Size is the and or medium thermal peak load size of the system determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a h ann r determined by the Scheme Administrator.

Table D19.1 - Baseline energy consumption by system size

System Size	Baseline A (MWh)	Baseline B (MWh)
Small	<u>0.58</u>	<u>48.68</u>
Medium	<u>0.58</u>	<u>69.05</u>

Lifetime

Lifetime = 12 years

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING GAS WATER HEATER WITH A SOLAR (ELECTRIC BOOSTED) WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing gas water heater must be a gas storage or instantaneous water heater.
- 2. The existing gas water heater does not have to be in working order at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The installed End-User Equipment must be a solar water heater with a collector as defined in AS/NZS 4234.
- 2. The installed End-User Equipment must be certified to AS/NZS 2712.
- 3. The installed End-User Equipment must achieve minimum annual energy savings of 60% when determined a solar thermal collector system with supplementary electric resistive heating in AS/NZS 4234 climate zone 3 using excluding thermal peak load in accordance with AS/NZS 4234, for all Sites in an ESS Jurisdiction.

Implementation Requirements

- . The existing End-User Equipment must be removed.
- The replacement End-User Equipment must be installed at a Site in accordance with the Equipment Requirements. The activity, including the removal of any existing End-User Equipment, must be performed or supervised by a suitably
- qualified licence holder in compliance with the relevant standards and legislation.

Equipment Energy savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Baseline $A - a \times (Bs + Be)$

<u>Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Baseline B</u>

Where:

• Baseline A is the baseline energy consumption of the End-User Equipment in MWh, corresponding to the System Size of the installed End-User Equipment in Table D20.1

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- Baseline B is the baseline gas energy consumption of the End-User Equipment in MWh, corresponding to the system size of the installed End-User Equipment in Table D20.1.
- Bs is the Annual supplementary energy in GJ, used by the installed End-User Equipment determined in accordance with <u>AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manual determined by the Scheme Administrator.</u>
- *Be* is the annual electrical energy used by the auxiliary equipment, in GJ, of the installed End-User Equipment determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4264 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.
- a = 2.355 is the adjustment coefficient for hot water load and the installed End-User Equipment type.
- System Size is the small openalium thermal peak load size of the system determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.

System Size	Baseline A (MWh)	Baseline B (MWh)
Small	0.58	60.85
Medium	0.58	86.32

Lifetime

Lifetime = 15 years

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING GAS WATER HEATER WITH A SOLAR (GAS BOOSTED) WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing gas water heater must be a gas storage or instantaneous water heater.
- 2. The existing gas water heater does not have to be in working order at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The installed End-User Equipment must be a solar water heater with a collector as defined in AS/NZS 423
- 2. The installed End-User Equipment must be certified to AS/NZS 2712.
- 3. The installed End-User Equipment must achieve minimum annual energy savings of 60% when determined as a solar thermal collector system with supplementary gas combustion heating through heat exchangers in AS/NZS 4234 limate zone 3 using a small or medium peak thermal load in accordance with AS/NZS 4234, for all Sites in an ESS variable.

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Implementation Requirements

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be disconnected and removed.
- The replacement End-User Equipment must be installed at a Site in accordance with the Equipment Requirements.
 The activity, including the removal of any existing End-User Equipment, must be performed or supervised by a suitably
- qualified licence holder in compliance with the relevant standards and le

Equipment Energy savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Baseline A - b × Be

Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Baseline $B - a \times Bs$

Where:

• Baseline A is the baseline energy consumption with End-User Equipment in MWh, corresponding to the System Size of the installed End-User Equipment in Table D21.1.

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- Baseline B is the baseline energy consumption of the End-User Equipment in MWh, corresponding to the System Size of the installed End-User Equipment in Table D2.1.
- Bs is the Annual supplementary duerry, in GJ, used by the installed End-User Equipment determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.
- Be is the annual electrical unargy used by the auxiliary equipment, in GJ, of the installed End-User Equipment determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.
- a = 2.173 is the adjustment coefficient for hot water load and the installed End-User Equipment type.
- b = 4.167 is the advertment coefficient for the installed End-User Equipment type.
- System Size is the small or medium thermal peak load size of the system determined in accordance with AS/NZS 4234 and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator.

Table D21.1 Baseline energy consumption by system size

System Size	Baseline A (MWh)	Baseline B (MWh)
<u>Small</u>	<u>0.73</u>	<u>60.85</u>
Medium	<u>0.73</u>	<u>86.32</u>

Lifetime

Lifetime = 15 years

Schedule E – Activity Definitions for Low Cost Activities for Home Energy Efficiency Retrofits (clause 9.8)

Activity Definition E1

Name of Activity

REPLACE HALOGEN DOWNLIGHT WITH AN LED LUMINAIRE AND/OR LAMP

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing Lamp must be a Tungsten halogen Lamp (240V), Tungsten halogen Lamp (ELV), or Infrared coated (IRC) halogen Lamp (ELV) as defined in Table A9.1 of Schedule A.
- 2. The existing Lamp must be a multifaceted reflector Lamp.
- 3. The existing Lamp must be rated at either 35W or 50W.
- 4. The existing Lamp and Luminaire must be in working order.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The new End-User Equipment must be a LED Lamp only ELV, LED Lamp and Driver, LED Luminaire-recessed, or an LED Lamp Only 240V Self Ballasted, as defined in Table A9.1 or Table A9.3 of Scherme A
- 2. Any End-User Equipment classified under Table A9.3 must be accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the requirements of Table A9.4 of Schedule A.
- 3. The new End-User Equipment must have an initial Downward Light Output of >462 Jumens.
 - The new End-User Equipment must have a beam angle consistent with the original samp being replaced.
- 5. The new End-User Equipment must be compatible with any dimmer installed on the same circuit as the new End-User Equipment.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The activity must be performed by a person authorised to carry out dectrical wiring work under section 14 (1) of the *Home Building Act 1989*.
- 2. When installing a LED Lamp only 240V Self Ballaster Lamp the existing ELV halogen Control Gear must be removed and not used as part of the Lighting Upgrade.
- 3. When installing a LED Lamp only ELV the new Sud-User Equipment must be compatible with the existing transformer.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor

Where:

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- *Electricity Savings Factor*, in MWn, is the value from Table E1.1 or Table E1.2, corresponding to the existing Lamp or Luminaire where the Lamp Cheat Power of the replacement Lamp being installed (in Watts); and
- Lamp Circuit Power is the Lamp Circuit Power of the replacement Lamp being installed (in Watts) and is measured in accordance with Table A. 4 of Schedule A.

 Table E1.1 Residential Building Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per Lamp replaced)

Existing Lamp and/or Luminaire	New Lamp and/or Luminaire	New Lamp Circuit Power (Watts)			
		$\leq 5 \mathrm{W}$	$\leq 10 \mathrm{~W}$	$\leq 15 \text{ W}$	
Tungsten nalogen Lamp (ELV) with Electronic Transformer or Magnetic Transformer or Infrared coated (IRC) halogen Lamp	LED Lamp only	0.52	0.44	0.35	
(ELV) with Electronic Transformer or Magnetic transformer, with or without Luminaire.	LED Lamp and Driver or LED Luminaire - recessed	0.54	0.46	0.20	
	LED Lamp only – 240V Self Ballasted	- 0.54		0.39	
Tungsten halogen Lamp (240V), with or without Luminaire.	LED Lamp only – 240V Self Ballasted or LED Lamp and Driver or LED recessed	0.68	0.60	0.53	

Table E1.2 Small Business Site Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per Lamp replaced)

Existing Lamp and/or Luminaire	New Lamp and/or Luminaire	New La (Watts)	mp Circuit	Power
		$\leq 5 \mathrm{W}$	$\leq 10 \mathrm{~W}$	$\leq 15 \mathrm{W}$
Tungsten halogen Lamp (ELV) with Electronic Transformer or Magnetic Transformer or Infrared coated (IRC) halogen Lamp	LED Lamp only	1.05	0.87	0.70
(ELV) with Electronic Transformer or Magnetic transformer, with or without Luminaire.	LED Lamp and Driver or LED Luminaire - recessed	1.50	1.29	1.08
	LED Lamp only – 240V Self Ballasted	1.30	1.29	1.08
Tungsten halogen Lamp (240V), with or without Luminaire.	LED Lamp only – 240V Self Ballasted	1.35	1.20	1.05
	LED Lamp and Driver or LED Luminaire – recessed	1.89	1.63	1.47
Lifetime (for information purposes only)		6)	
Residential Building Lifetime = 15 years. Small Business Site Lifetime = 10 years.	,	· Y		
Residential Building Lifetime = 15 years. Small Business Site Lifetime = 10 years.	St.			

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

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Name of Activity

REPLACE A LINEAR HALOGEN FLOODLIGHT WITH A HIGH EFFICIENCY LAMP

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing Lamp must be a linear halogen floodlight.
- 2. The existing Lamp must be rated at more than 100W.
- 3. Existing equipment must be in working order at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The new End-User Equipment must be a CFLi or an LED Luminaire Floodlight, as defined in Table A9.1 or Table A9.3 of Schedule A.
- 2. Any End-User Equipment classified under Table A9.3 must be accepted by the Scheme Administration structure the requirements of Table A9.4 of Schedule A.
- 3. CFLs must have a Lamp Life of at least 10,000 hours when measured in accordance with Table A9. Schedule A.
- 4. The new End-User Equipment must have a beam angle consistent with that of the original Lamy being replaced.

Implementation Requirements

1. The activity must be performed by a person authorised to carry out electrical wiring work under section 14 (1) of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor

Where:

- *Electricity Savings Factor*, in MWh, is the value from Table E2.1 or Table E2.2 corresponding to the Lamp Circuit Power of the existing Lamp and the replacement Lamp being installed (in Watts); and
- Lamp Circuit Power is measured in Accordance with Taple A9.24 of Schedule A.

Table E2.1 – Residential Building Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per linear halogen floodlight replaced)

Lamp Circuit Power of existing Lamp	New End-User Equipment	Light Output of new End- User Equipment (lm)	d- Lamp Circuit Power of replace		cement L	ement Lamp (W)	
or existing Lamp			≤30W	≤45W	≤60W	≤90W	≤150W
$100W \le LCP < 150W$	LED Luminaire Floodlight or CFLi	≥1,500	0.27				
$150W \le LCP < 200W$	LED Luminane – Flood ight of CFLi	≥2,500	0.46	0.38			
$200W \le LCP < 300W$	LED Luminaire – Floodlight or CFLi	≥3,500		0.57	0.51		
$300W \le LCP < 500W$	LFD Luminaire – Floodlight or CFLi	≥5,700			0.88	0.73	
$500W \le LOP$	LED Luminaire – Floodlight or CFLi	≥10,000				1.46	1.17

Table EX2 - Small Business Site Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per linear halogen floodlight replaced)

Lamp Circuit Power of existing Lamp	New End-User Equipment	Light Output of new End- User Equipment (lm)	Lamp Circuit Power of replacement Lamp		amp (W)		
or existing Lamp			≤30W	≤45W	≤60W	≤90W	≤150W
$100W \le LCP < 150W$	LED Luminaire – Floodlight or CFLi	≥1,500	0.75				
$150W \le LCP \le 200W$	LED Luminaire – Floodlight or CFLi	≥2,500	1.25	1.05			
$200W \le LCP < 300W$	LED Luminaire – Floodlight or CFLi	≥3,500		1.55	1.40		

$300W \le LCP < 500W$	LED Luminaire – Floodlight or CFLi	≥5,700		2.40	2.00	
$500W \le LCP$	LED Luminaire – Floodlight or CFLi	≥10,000			4.00	3.20

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

NOTOFFICIAL Residential Building Lifetime = 10 years. Small Business Site Lifetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

REPLACE PARABOLIC ALUMINISED REFLECTOR (PAR) LAMP WITH EFFICIENT LUMINAIRE AND/OR LAMP

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing Lamp must be a 240V parabolic aluminised reflector (PAR) Lamp.
- 2. The existing Lamp must be rated at between 80W and 160W.
- 3. Existing lighting equipment must be in working order at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The new End-User Equipment must be a LED Lamp Only - 240V Self Ballasted, CFLi or LED Luminaire loodlight as defined in Table A.9.1 or Table A9.3 of Schedule A.
- Any End-User Equipment classified under Table A9.3 must be accepted by the Scheme Administration 2. neeting the requirements of Table A9.4 of Schedule A.
- CFL Lamps must have a Lamp Life of at least 10,000 hours when measured in accordance with Table 3. 9.6 of Schedule A.
- 4. The new End-User Equipment must have a beam angle consistent with that of the original King being replaced.

Implementation Requirements

The activity must be performed by a person authorised to carry out electrical w work under section 14 (1) of the Home 1. ing Building Act 1989.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor

Where:

- Electricity Savings Factor, in MWh, is the value from Table E3.1 or Table E3.2 corresponding to the lighting retrofit activity and the Lamp Circuit Power of the replacement lamp being installed (in Watts); and Lamp Circuit Power is measured in accordance with Table A9. $\frac{24}{24}$ of Schedule A.

Table E3.1 Residential Bui	Iding Electricity Savings Factor	(MWh per PAI	R lamp replaced)
			T C' '' D

			Lamp Circuit Power of the replacement lamp (Watts)			
LCP of Existing Lamp	Light output of new End Oser Equipment	≤15 W	≤25 W	≤30 W	≤40 W	
$80\mathrm{W} \leq \mathrm{LCP} < 100\mathrm{W}$	1200 lm	0.60	-	-	-	
$100W \le LCP < 120W$	≥ 1500 lm	0.80	0.75	-	-	
$120W \le LCP < 140W$	≥ 1900 lm	1.00	0.95	0.90	-	
$140W \le LCP \approx 160W$	≥ 2300 lm	1.20	1.15	1.10	1.00	

Table E3.25 Business Site Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per PAR lamp replaced)

4		Lamp Circuit Power of the replacement lamp				
LCP of Existing Lamp	ting Lamp Light output of new End-User Equipment		≤25 W	≤30 W	≤40 W	
$80\mathrm{W} \leq \mathrm{LCP} < 100\mathrm{W}$	≥ 1200 lm	1.80	-	-	-	
$100W \le LCP < 120W$	≥1500 lm	2.40	2.25	-	-	
$120W \le LCP < 140W$	≥ 1900 lm	3.00	2.85	2.70	-	

Lifetime (for information purposes only) Residential Building Lifetime = 10 years. Small Business Site Lifetime = 10 years.	
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NOTOFFICIAL	

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Name of Activity

REPLACE A T8 OR T12 LUMINAIRE WITH A T5 LUMINAIRE

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. Must be an existing 2 foot, 3 foot, 4 foot, or 5 foot T8 or T12 Fluorescent Luminaire.
- 2. Existing lighting equipment must be in working order at time of replacement.
- 3. Existing lighting equipment must not be a luminaire modified with T5 adaptor kit.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The new End-User equipment must be a T5 linear fluorescent Luminaire.
- 2. The new End-User Equipment must not be a T5 Adaptor kit.
- 3. The new Luminaire must have a length consistent with the existing Luminaire.
- 4. Lamp Life must be at least 20,000 hours when measured in accordance with Table A9.6 of Schedu

Implementation Requirements

1. The activity must be performed by a person authorised to carry out electrical wiring work under section 14 (1) of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor

Where:

• *Electricity Savings Factor*, in MWh, is the value from Table E4.1 Table E4.2 corresponding to the Lamp size.

Table E4.1 – Residential Building Electricity Savings Factor (Myn per T8 or T12 Luminaire replaced)

Luminaire and Lamp size	Electricity Savings Factor (MWh,
2 foot (600mm)	0.10
3 foot (900mm)	0.12
4 foot (1200mm)	0.14
5 foot (1500mm)	0.16

Table E4.2 – Small Business Site Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per T8 or T12 Luminaire replaced)

Luminaire and Lamp	size E	lectrici	ty Savings	Factor (MWh)
2 foot (600mm)	0	42		
3 foot (900mm)	0	. 0		
4 foot (1200mm)	0	.59		
5 foot (1500mm)	0	.67		

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Residentia Building Lifetime = 10 years. Small Residence Site Lifetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

REPLACE A T8 OR T12 LUMINAIRE WITH A LED LUMINAIRE

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. Must be an existing 2 foot, 3 foot, 4 foot or 5 foot T8 or T12 Fluorescent Luminaire.
- 2. Existing lighting equipment must be in working order at time of replacement.
- 3. Existing lighting equipment must not be a luminaire modified with T5 adaptor kit.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The new End-User Equipment must be a LED Luminaire Linear Lamp as defined in Table A9.3 of Schedule A.
- 2. The new End-User Equipment must not be a Retrofit Luminaire LED Linear Lamp or Modified Luminaire LED Linear Lamp as defined in Table A9.3 of Schedule A.
- 3. Any End-User Equipment classified under Table A9.3 must be accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the requirements of Table A9.4 of Schedule A.
- Lamp Life must be at least 20,000 hours when measured in accordance with Table A9.6.
 The new End-User Equipment must be compatible with any dimmer installed on the same circuit as the new Enderse in the same cin the same circu
- The new End-User Equipment must be compatible with any dimmer installed on the same circuit as the new End-User Equipment.

Implementation Requirements

1. The activity must be performed by a person authorised to carry out electrical wiring work under section 14 (1) of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor

Where:

• *Electricity Savings Factor*, in MWh, is the value from Table E5.1 or Table E5.2 corresponding to the Lamp Circuit Power (LCP) specified in Table A9.24 of Schedule A

Table E5.1 – Residential Building Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per T8 or T12 Luminaire replaced)

	Light	Lamp) Circui	it Powe	r of the	replace	ement l	uminai	re (Wat	ts)				
Existing Luminaire	Output of new End- User Equipment (lm)	≤10 W		≤20 W	≤25 W	≤30 W	≤35 W	≤40 W	≤45 W	≤50 W	≤60 W	≤70 W	≤80 W	≤90 W
550 ≤ 700 mm (1 lamp)	≥ 600	0.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
700 ≤ 1150 mm (1 lamp)	≥1100	0.42	0.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1150 ≤ 1350 mm (1 lamp)	≥ 1500	-	0.44	0.36	0.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
$1350 \le 1500(1 - 1300)$	≥ 2400	-	-	0.69	0.62	0.54	0.47	0.39				-	-	-
550 ≤ 700 mm (2 lamps)	≥ 1200	0.63	0.56	0.48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
700 ≤ 1150 mm (2 lamps)	≥ 2200	-	0.92	0.84	0.77	0.69	0.62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1150 ≤ 1350 mm (2 lamps)	≥ 3000	-	-	-	0.95	0.87	0.80	0.72	0.65	0.57	-	-	-	-
1350 ≤ 1500 (2 lamps)	≥4900	-	-	-	-	-	1.46	1.38	1.31	1.23	1.08	0.93	0.78	
$550 \le 700 \text{ mm} (3 \text{ or more lamps})$	≥1900	-	0.95	0.87	0.80	0.72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

$700 \le 1150 \text{ mm}$ (3 or more lamps)	≥ 3300	-	-		1.34	1.26	1.19	1.11	1.04	0.96	-	-	-	-
$1150 \le 1350 \text{ mm}$ (3 or more lamps)	≥ 4500	-	-	-	-	-	1.46	1.38	1.31	1.23	1.08	0.93	-	-
$1350 \le 1500 (3)$ or more lamps)	≥7300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.22	2.07	1.92	1.77	1.62
Table E5.2 – Small I														
	Light	Lamp		it Powe	r of the	-	ement l	uminai	re (Wat	ts)				
Existing Luminaire	Output of new End- User Equipment (lm)	≤10 W	≤15 W	≤20 W	≤25 W	≤30 W	≤35 W	≤40 W	≤45 W	≤50 W	≤60 W	≤70 W	≥ 30 W	≤90 W
550 ≤ 700 mm (1 lamp)	≥ 600	0.67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
700 ≤ 1150 mm (1 lamp)	≥1100	1.18	0.97	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\left(\right)$	_	-	-	-
1150 ≤ 1350 mm (1 lamp)	≥ 1500	-	1.22	1.01	0.80	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
1350 ≤ 1500 (1 lamp)	≥ 2400	-	-	1.93	1.72	1.51	1.30	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
550 ≤ 700 mm (2 lamps)	≥ 1200	1.76	1.55	1.34	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
700 ≤ 1150 mm (2 lamps)	≥ 2200	-	2.56	2.35	2.14	1.96	172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1150 ≤ 1350 mm (2 lamps)	≥ 3000	-	-	-	2.65	44	2.23	2.02	1.81	1.60	-	-	-	-
$1350 \le 1500 (2 \text{ lamps})$	≥4900	-	-	- 7	O	-	4.07	3.86	3.65	3.44	3.02	2.60	2.18	-
$550 \le 700 \text{ mm} (3 \text{ or more lamps})$	≥ 1900	-	2.65	2.44	2.23	2.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
$700 \le 1150 \text{ mm}$ (3 or more lamps)	≥ 3300	-	8		3.74	3.53	3.32	3.11	2.90	2.69	-	-	-	-
$1150 \le 1350 \text{ mm}$ (3 or more lamps)	≥ 4500		-	-	-	-	4.07	3.86	3.65	3.44	3.02	2.60	-	-
$1350 \le 1500 (3)$ or more lamps)	≥7300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.22	5.80	5.38	4.96	4.54

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Residential Building Lifetime = 15 years. Small Business Site Lifetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EXISTING SHOWERHEAD WITH AN ULTRA LOW FLOW SHOWERHEAD

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The hot water service supplying the shower must be provided by an electric resistance water heater, an electrically boosted solar water heater or an electric heat pump water heater (for electricity savings); or by a Gas fired storage water heater, Gas fired instantaneous water heater or a Gas boosted solar water heater (for Gas savings).
- 2. There must be an existing showerhead on each shower.

Equipment Requirements

- The End-User Equipment must be a showerhead as defined in AS/NZS 3662- Performance of showers 1.
- 2. The showerhead must be assigned a minimum 3 Star WELS Rating with a nominal flow rate of ≤ 6 ninute when tested according to AS/NZS 6400 - Water efficient products.
- 3 The showerhead must have a warranty of at least 2 years.

Implementation Requirements

- The replacement of the showerhead must be performed or supervised by a License ber in accordance with the Plumbing 1. Code of Australia.
- 2. A maximum of one showerhead per shower can be replaced.
- 3. The showerhead must be compatible with the installed water heating system.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor

Where:

- Electricity Savings Factor and Gas Savings Factor in NWh per showerhead, are the values from Tables E6.1 and E6.2 corresponding to the type of water heating system servicing the shower. The Electricity Savings Factor and Gas Savings factor that are applied must match the type of water heating system.
- In the case where showerhead replacement occurs in conjunction with a water heating system replacement, the Electricity Savings Factor and Gas Savings Factor hat are applied must match the new installed water heating system.

er showerhead replaced) Table E6.1 – Electricity Savings Factor (M

Electric water heating system	Electricity Savings Factor (MWh)
Electric resistance water heater	1.9
Electrically boosted solar water heater	1.1
Electric heat pump water mater	1.1

Table E6.2 – Gas Savings Factor (MWh per showerhead replaced)

Gas fired vater heating system	Gas Savings Factor (MWh)	
Gas fired storage water heater	3.4	
Gas fired instantaneous water heater	3.1	
Gas boosted solar water heater	1.2	

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 7 years.

Name of Activity

MODIFY AN EXTERNAL DOOR WITH DRAUGHT-PROOFING

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. Doors to be draught-proofed must have gaps between the door and frame and/or threshold that permit the infiltration of air into or out of the Site.
- 2. Only external doors may be draught-proofed.

Equipment Requirements

- The equipment to be applied must be a retail door bottom sealing product or door perimeter weather-stripping 1. product or a combination of the two.
- 2. The product must be fit for purpose.
- The product's sealing surface must be made of a durable compressible material such as foam, polypropy 3. ene pile, flexible plastic, rubber compressible strip, fibrous seal or similar.
- 4 The product must not impair the proper operation of the door.
- The product must have a warranty of at least 2 years. 5.

Implementation Requirements

- The product must be applied to a door bottom seal or a set of door jamb and heal as or a combination of both. 1.
- 2. The product, once applied, must effectively restrict the airflow into or out of the view around the perimeter of the door.
- 3.
- The product must be installed in strict accordance with the manufacture is instructions. All external doors (excluding sliding doors) at the Site that meet the Engibility Requirements must be draught-proofed. 4.
- The product must be installed in accordance with the National Construction Code BCA Section J3 and any relevant AS/NZS 5. as required by the Scheme Administrator.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Fo Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor

Where:

- Electricity Savings Factor and Gas Savings Factor, in MWh per door, are the values from Tables E7.1, E7.2, E7.3 and E7.4 corresponding to the type of building contraction, warranty period and the BCA Climate Zone of the Site. Implementation of the Activity allow both Electricity and Gas Savings Factors to be applied, regardless of fuel used for
- heating or cooling at the pre

|--|

Warranty period	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
2 - 5-year warranty	0.06	0.08	0.05	0.06	0.10
> 5-year warranty	0.13	0.16	0.10	0.12	0.21

Table E7.2 - Residential Building Gas Savings Factor (MWh per door modified)

Warranty Period	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
2 - 5-year warranty	0.05	0.12	0.06	0.08	0.17
> 5-year warranty	0.10	0.25	0.13	0.17	0.35

Table E7.3 – Small Business Site Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per door modified)

Warranty Period	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
2 - 5-year warranty	0.04	-0.02	-	-0.01	-0.02
> 5-year warranty	0.07	-0.05	-	-0.03	-0.05

Lifetime for $2 - 5$ -year warranty products = 5 years
> 5-year warranty 0.07 -0.05 - -0.03 -0.05 Table E7.4 – Small Business Site Gas Savings Factor (MWh per door modified Warranty BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3 BCA Climate Climate Zone 5 BCA Climate Zone 6 BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8 2 - 5-year and 3 0.01 0.05 - 0.02 0.08 > 5-year warranty 0.02 0.09 - 0.05 0.15 Lifetime (for information purposes only) Lifetime for 2 – 5-year warranty products = 5 years Lifetime for > 5-year warranty products = 10 years
Warranty PeriodBCA Climate Zones 2 and 3BCA Climate Zone 4BCA Climate Zone 5BCA Climate Zone 6BCA Climate Zones 7 and 82 - 5-year warranty0.010.05-0.020.08> 5-year warranty0.020.09-0.050.15Lifetime (for information purposes only)Lifetime for 2 - 5-year warranty products = 5 years Lifetime for > 5-year warranty products = 10 years
Warranty PeriodBCA Climate Zones 2 and 3BCA Climate Zone 4BCA Climate Zone 5BCA Climate Zone 6BCA Climate Zones 7 and 82 - 5-year warranty0.010.05-0.020.08> 5-year warranty0.020.09-0.050.15Lifetime (for information purposes only)Lifetime for 2 - 5-year warranty products = 5 years Lifetime for > 5-year warranty products = 10 years
warranty 0.02 0.09 0.05 0.15 Solution of the second structure of the seco
warranty Lifetime (for information purposes only) Lifetime for 2 – 5-year warranty products = 5 years Lifetime for > 5-year warranty products = 10 years
Lifetime for 2 – 5-year warranty products = 5 years Lifetime for > 5-year warranty products = 10 years
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Name of Activity

MODIFY AN EXTERNAL WINDOW WITH DRAUGHT-PROOFING

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. Windows to be draught-proofed must present with gaps between the sash and frame that permit the infiltration of air into or out of the Site.
- 2. Only external windows may be draught-proofed.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The equipment to be applied must be a retail window sealing or weather stripping product or a combination of the two
- 2. The product must be fit for purpose.
- 3. The product's sealing surface must be made of a durable compressible material such as foam, polypeopyline pile, flexible plastic, rubber compressible strip, fibrous seal or similar.
- 4. The product must not impair the proper operation of the window.
- 5. The product must have a warranty of at least 2 years.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The product must be applied to the perimeter of the window sash.
- 2. The product, once applied, must effectively restrict the airflow into or out of the Ste around the perimeter of the window.
- 3. The product must be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 4. All external windows at the Site that meet the Eligibility Requirements with be draught-proofed.
- 5. The draught-proofing product (or products) must be installed in accordance with the National Construction Code BCA Section J3 and any relevant AS/NZS as required by the Scheme Administrator.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor × Length Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor × Length

Where:

- *Electricity Savings Factor* and *Gas Savings Factor*, in MWh per metre, are the values from Tables E8.1 and E8.2 corresponding to the type of building construction, warranty period and the BCA Climate Zone of the Site.
- *Length*, in metres, is the length of vendow perimeter to which the product has been applied.
- Implementation of the Activity above both Electricity and Gas Savings Factors to be applied, regardless of fuel used for heating or cooling at the premises.

Warranty Period	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
2 - 5-year warranty	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
> 5-year warranty	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02
		ngs Factor (MWh per n			BCA Climate
Table E8.2 – Resident Warranty Portod	al Building Gas Savi BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	ngs Factor (MWh per n BCA Climate Zone 4	netre of window perim BCA Climate Zone 5	eter modified) BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
	BCA Climate	BCA Climate	BCA Climate	BCA Climate	

Table E8.1 -Residential Building Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per metre of window perimeter modified)

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime for 2-5-year warranty products = 5 years Lifetime for > 5-year warranty products = 10 years

Name of Activity

MODIFY A FIREPLACE CHIMNEY BY SEALING WITH A DAMPER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The fireplace that the damper is to be installed in must be within a Residential Building.
- 2. The fireplace must be an open fireplace; and not have an existing damper.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The damper must be fit for purpose and capable of effectively sealing the flue or chimney of an open fireplace.
- 2. If the damper is designed to be used in an operable fireplace then it must be of a durable construction such that its operation is not adversely affected by the heat of a fire and when open it must not adversely affect the operation of the fireplace, in particular the chimney/flue's capacity to "draw" smoke out of the firebox.
- 3. The chimney damper must, to the satisfaction of the Scheme Administrator, be a durable product that will deliver long-lasting energy savings.
- 4. The damper installed must have a warranty of at least 3 years
- 5. The damper must not be a chimney balloon.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The damper must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction
- 2. If the damper is not designed to be used in an operable fireplace (i.e. permanentsealing) the fireplace must be sealed such that access to the combustion chamber is also permanently sealed or if the fireboxes not to be sealed then the fuel burning device must be clearly tagged as having been sealed.
- 3. If the damper is designed to be used in an operable fireplace it must be astalled in a manner that ensures that the safe operation of the fireplace is not compromised.
- 4. Works must be carried out in accordance with the National Construction Code BCA Section J3 and any relevant AS/NZS as required by the Scheme Administrator.
- 5. All fireplaces at the Site that meet the Eligibility Requirements must be sealed.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor Deemed Activity Gas Savings = Gas Savings Factor

Where:

- *Electricity Savings Factor* and *Gas Savings Factor*, in MWh per fireplace, are the values from Tables E9.1 and E9.2 corresponding to the type of building construction and the BCA Climate Zone of the Site.
- Implementation of the Activity allows both Electricity and Gas Savings Factors to be applied, regardless of fuel used for heating or cooling at the premises.

 Table E9.1 – Residential Building Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per fireplace modified)

Unit	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
MWh per fireplace	1.21	2.58	1.20	1.17	2.15

Table E9.2 – Residential Building Gas Savings Factor (MWh per fireplace modified)

Unit	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
MWh per fireplace	1.52	4.02	1.73	1.55	3.55

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 10 years.

NOTOFFICIAL

Name of Activity

INSTALL AN EXTERNAL BLIND TO A WINDOW OR DOOR

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The Site must be a Residential Building or Small Business Site.
- 2. The window or door must be a fully glazed external window or door.
- 3. The window or door must not face south (between 135° and 225° of true north).

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be an external shading device, such as a shutter, blind, vertical or horizontal building screen with blades, battens or slats.
- 2. The End-User Equipment must comply with AS/NZS 60335.2.97 if automated.
- 3. The End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 5 years.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The product must be applied externally to the outside of the window or door.
- 2. The person performing the activity must comply with the relevant installation standards and legislation as outlined by SafeWork NSW.
- 3. The product must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Savings Factor × Area

Where:

- *Savings Factor*, in MWh per m², is the value from Table F10.⁴ corresponding to the relevant Sector and BCA Climate Zone of the Site; and
- Area, in m², is the area of window or door glazing which external blinds cover.

Table E10.1 – Savings Factor (MWh per m² of external blind applied)

Sector	BCA Climate Zones 2 and 3	BCA Climate Zone 4	BCA Climate Zone 5	BCA Climate Zone 6	BCA Climate Zones 7 and 8
Residential Building	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.02
Small Business Site	0.18	0.32	0.18	0.25	0.15

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

REPLACE AN EDISON SCREW OR BAYONET LAMP WITH AN LED LAMP FOR GENERAL LIGHTING PURPOSES

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing Lamp must be a 240V fixed ceiling or wall mounted luminaire fixture.
- 2. The existing Lamp must be an Edison screw or Bayonet Lamp.
- 3. The existing Lamp must be an Incandescent, halogen or CFL Lamp.
- 4. The existing Lamp and Luminaire must be in working order.
- 5. Must be a Lamp only replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The new End-User Equipment must be a 240V Edison screw or Bayonet self-ballasted LED Lamp
- 2. Any End-User Equipment classified under Table A9.3 of Schedule A must be accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the requirements of Table A9.4 of Schedule A.
- 3. The new End-User Equipment must be compatible with any dimmer installed on the same circuit as the new End-User Equipment.
- 4. The new End-User Equipment must have a Light Output the same or higher than the replaced Lamp.

Implementation Requirements

1. The activity must be performed by a person authorised to carry out electrical wring work under section 14 (1) of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

Residential Building Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = LCP of new Lamp \times (luminous efficacy of new Lamp / 33.9 - 1) \times 840 \times 10 / 10⁶

Where:

- *Lamp Circuit Power*, is the wattage of the replacement Lamp being installed and is measured in accordance with Table A9.4 of Schedule A.
- Luminous efficacy of the new Lamp, is the Light Output divided by the Lamp Circuit Power of the new Lamp being installed.

Small Business Site Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings $\sqrt{200}$ of new Lamp × (luminous efficacy of new Lamp / 33.9 – 1) × 3000 × 10 / 10⁶

Where:

- *Lamp Circuit rowar*, is the wattage of the replacement Lamp being installed and is measured in accordance with Table A9.4 of Schedule A
- Luminork efficacy of the new Lamp, is the Light Output divided by the Lamp Circuit Power of the new Lamp being installed.

Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Residential Building Lifetime = 10 years. Small Business Site Lifetime = 10 years.

Name of Activity

MODIFY AN EXHAUST FAN WITH A SEALING PRODUCT

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The Site must be a Residential Building.
- 2. An existing exhaust fan unit must be present at the Site.
- 3. Only exhaust fans that exhaust air directly to the outside of the building can be sealed.

Equipment Requirements

- The product must be a self-closing damper, flap, filter (for instance, of a type commonly fitted to a kitcher 1. ge bood) or other sealing product that can be closed to seal the exhaust of a fan.
- 2. The installed End-User Equipment must allow the egress of air when the exhaust fan is in operation
- 3. The End-User Equipment must have a warranty of at least 2 years.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be applied to the existing exhaust fan.
- 2. The End-User Equipment, once applied, must effectively restrict the airflow into a the Site
- 3. The End-User Equipment must be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 4. All electrical work must be performed or supervised by a Licensed electrician.
- 5. All exhaust fans at the Site that meet the Eligibility Requirements must be sea
- The End-User Equipment must comply with any relevant AS/NZS as ret y the Scheme Administrator. 6. d

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = 0.91 MWh (per exhaust fan)

1 Notofriciality Lifetime (for information purposes only)

Lifetime = 5 years

Name of Activity

REPLACE A T5 LUMINAIRE WITH A LED LUMINAIRE

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. Must be an existing 2 foot, 3 foot, 4 foot or 5 foot T5 Luminaire or a luminaire modified with T5 adaptor kit which contains a T5 linear fluorescent Lamp (as defined in Tables A9.1 and A9.3).
- 2. Existing lighting equipment must be in working order at time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The new End-User Equipment must be a LED Luminaire Linear Lamp as defined in Table A9.3 of Schedure A.
- The new End-User Equipment must not be a Retrofit Luminaire LED Linear Lamp or Modified Luminaire LED Linear Lamp as defined in Table A9.3 of Schedule A.
- 3. Any End-User Equipment classified under Table A9.3 must be accepted by the Scheme Administrator as meeting the requirements of Table A9.4 of Schedule A.
- Lamp Life must be at least 20,000 hours when measured in accordance with Table A9.6.
 The new End-User Equipment must be compatible with any dimmer installed on the same circuit as the new End-User Equipment.

Implementation Requirements

1. The activity must be performed by a person authorised to carry out electrical wiring work under section 14 (1) of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

Activity Energy Savings

Deemed Activity Electricity Savings = Electricity Savings Factor

Where:

• *Electricity Savings Factor*, in MWh, is the value from Table E13.1 or E13.2 corresponding to the Lamp Circuit Power (LCP) specified in Table A9.24 of Schedule A.

Table E13.1 – Residential Building Electricity Savings Factor (MWh per T5 Luminaire replaced)

	Light	Lamp	Circui	t Powe	r of the	replace	ement l	uminai	re (Wat	ts)				
Existing Luminaire	Output of new End- User Equipment (lm)	≤10 W		≤20 W	≤25 W	≤30 W	≤35 W	≤40 W	≤45 W	≤50 W	≤60 W	≤70 W	≤80 W	≤90 W
550 ≤ 700 mm (1 lamp)	≥600	0.09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
700 ≤ 1150 mm (1 lamp)	≥ 1100	0.20	0.12	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
$1150 \le 1350 \text{ mm}$ (1 lamp)	≥ 1500	-	0.23	0.15	0.08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1350 ± 1500 (1 lamp)	≥ 2400	-	-	0.26	0.18	0.11	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
550 ≤ 700 mm (2 lamps)	≥ 1200	-	0.26	0.18	0.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
$700 \le 1150 \text{ mm}$ (2 lamps)	≥ 2200	-	-	0.39	0.32	0.24	0.17	0.09	-	-	-	-	-	-
$1150 \le 1350 \text{ mm}$ (2 lamps)	≥ 3000	-	-	-	-	0.45	0.38	0.30	0.23	0.15	-	-	-	-
1350 ≤ 1500 (2 lamps)	≥ 4900	-	-	-	-	-	0.59	0.51	0.44	0.36	0.21	0.06	-	-

$550 \le 700 \text{ mm} (3 \text{ or more lamps})$	≥ 1900	-	-	0.42	0.35	0.27	0.20	0.12	0.05	-	-	-	-	-
$700 \le 1150 \text{ mm}$ (3 or more lamps)	≥ 3300	-	-	-	-	0.59	0.51	0.44	0.36	0.29	0.14	-	-	-
$1150 \le 1350 \text{ mm}$ (3 or more lamps)	≥ 4500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.68	0.60	0.45	0.30	0.15	-
$1350 \le 1500$ (3 or more lamps)	≥7300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.77	0.62	0.47	0.32
able E13.2 – Small	Business Site E								laced) re (Wat	te)			1	
Existing Luminaire	Output of new End- User Equipment (lm)	≤10 W	≤15 W	≤20 W	≤25 W	≤30 W	≤35 W	≤40 W	≤45 W	≤50 W	≤60 ₩	TO N	≤80 W	≤90 W
550 ≤ 700 mm (1 lamp)	≥ 600	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
700 ≤ 1150 mm (1 lamp)	≥ 1100	0.55	0.34	0.13	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
$1150 \le 1350 \text{ mm}$ (1 lamp)	≥ 1500	-	0.63	0.42	0.21	-	-	\bigcirc	-	-	-	-	-	-
$1350 \le 1500 (1 \text{ lamp})$	≥ 2400	-	-	0.71	0.50	0.29	0.08		-	-	-	-	-	-
$550 \le 700 \text{ mm} (2 \text{ lamps})$	≥ 1200	-	0.71	0.50	0.29	- (う	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
$700 \le 1150 \text{ mm}$ (2 lamps)	≥ 2200	-	-	1.09	0.88		0.46	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-
$1150 \le 1350 \text{ mm}$ (2 lamps)	≥ 3000	-	-	- <		1.26	1.05	0.84	0.63	0.42	-	-	-	-
$1350 \le 1500 (2 \text{ lamps})$	≥4900	-	-	-	-	-	1.64	1.43	1.22	1.01	0.59	0.17	-	-
$550 \le 700 \text{ mm} (3 \text{ or more lamps})$	≥ 1900	-	\mathbf{P}	1.18	0.97	0.76	0.55	0.34	-	-	-	-	-	-
700 ≤ 1150 mm (3 or more lamps)	≥ 3300			-	-	1.64	1.43	1.22	1.01	0.80	0.38	-	-	-
$1150 \le 1350 \text{ mm}$ (3 or more lamps)	≥4500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.89	1.68	1.26	0.84	0.42	-
$1350 \le 1500 (3)$ or more lamps)	≥ 7300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.14	1.72	1.30	0.8

Residential Building Lifetime = 15 years. Small Business Site Lifetime = 10 years.

Schedule F – Activity Definitions for Installation of High Efficiency Appliances for Businesses (clause 9.9)

Activity Definition F1

Name of <u>Activity</u> <u>INSTALL</u> A NEW HIGH EFFICIENCY REFRIGERATED CABINET OR REPLACE AN EXISTING REFRIGERATED DISPLAY CABINET

INSTALL A NEW HIGH EFFICIENCY REFRIGERATED CABINET

Equipment Requirements

<u>The The New End-User Equipment or replacement</u> End-User Equipment must be a Refrigerated Cabinet (RC) as defined within the terms of the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Refrigerated Cabinets) Determination 2020.
 <u>2.</u> The <u>RCRefrigerated Cabinet</u> must have an <u>energy efficiency indexEnergy Efficiency Index</u> (EEI) below <u>7*EEI81</u>, as

2. In the <u>Referring ended cubice</u> must have an energy enterinely index <u>Energy Enterinely index</u> (EE) et al. (

4.3. 3. The <u>RCRRefrigerated Cabinet</u> must be a registered product <u>under GEMS and comply with the based on Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Refrigerated Cabinets) Determination 2020.</u>

Installation Requirements

- 1. The RCexisting End-User Equipment must be removed.
- 2. The New or replacement End-User Equipment must be installed.
- **1.3.** The activity, including the removal of any existing End-User Equipmentanus) be performed or supervised by a suitably qualified licence holder in compliance with the relevant standards and legislation.

Equipment Energy Savings

Equation F1.1

Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings = $\underline{TEC \times}$ (Baseline $\underline{Fficiency \times TDA - TEC) \times \underline{EEI / Product EEI - 1) \times af \times} 365, 24 \times \underline{XC}$ Lifetime/1000_

Where:

- A.
- <u>TEC, Total Energy Consumption TEC</u>, in kWh/day, is the daily <u>Total Energy ConsumptionTEC</u> of the new <u>RCor replacement Refricented Cabinet</u> model as recorded in the GEMS Registry;
- <u>Baseline Energy</u> Efficience, Sa kWh/day/m², <u>Index</u> is the corresponding figure for the type <u>Baseline EEI as</u> defined in Table F1.1
- <u>Product EEI is the VEI</u> of the new RC model as recorded in the GEMS Registry;
- TDA, in m²⁻ is the Total Display Area of the new RC<u>or replacement Refrigerated Cabinet</u> model as recorded in the GEMS-Registry;
- *af* is the adjustment factor as defined in Table F1.1
- Lifetime in years, is the expected lifetime of the new RC model, and is the corresponding figure for the type of the new RC modelspecified in Table F1.2.
- Table F1.1

Product Type	Refrigerated Cabinet Product Class (Product Characteristics Code) Class 1 (IRH)	<u>AS 1731.14 Produc</u> <u>Types</u> <u>HC1, HC2, HC3, HC4,</u>	- <u>ai</u>		efficiency (day/m ²)EEI <u>Normal Duty (ND)</u> <u>and Light Duty</u> (LD) <u>130</u>
<u>Refrigerated</u> <u>Display</u> Cabinet	Class 2 (IFH)	<u>HC5, HC6</u> <u>IHF1, IHF3, IHF4, IHF</u> <u>IHF6 (>5001)</u>	<u>5, <u>1.0</u></u>		<u>92</u>
	Class 7 (IRV)	<u>IVC1, IVC2, IVC3, IVC</u> <u>Glass door (M1)</u>	<u>C4</u> <u>1.0</u>		90
	Class 8 (IFV)	IVF1, IVF2, IVF4 Glas		-	2
2. Integral Ice Cream Freezer	Class 11 (IRV-4) <u>Class 5 (IFH-5)</u>	IVC4 Glass door (M2) IHF5, IHF6 (<500 litres	<u>1.0</u> 5) <u>1.0</u>		<u>130</u> <u>130</u>
<u>Cabinet</u>	Class 12 (RRH)	<u>RS6, RS7, RS8, RS9</u>	<u>1.0</u>		<u>130</u>
Refrigerated Display	Class 13 (RFHRRH)	<u>RS13, RS14,</u>	<u>1.0</u>		<u>80</u>
<u>Cabinet</u>	Class 14 (RRV or RRV-2)	<u>RS1, RS2, RS3, RS4,</u> <u>RS5, RS10</u>	<u>1.8</u>		<u>91</u>
	Class 15 (RFV)	<u>RS11, RS12, RS15, RS</u> <u>RS17, RS18, RS19, RS</u>			<u>106</u>
4. Gelato or Ice Cream Scooping Cabinet	Class 6 (GSC or ISC)		<u>1.0</u>		<u>76</u>
5. Refrigerated Storage	Class 3 (SRH)	×	LD: ND or HD:	<u>1.2</u> <u>73</u> <u>1.0</u>	71
<u>Cabinet</u>	Class 4 (SFH) Class 9 (SRV)		LD: ND or HD:	$1.1 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.0 $	80
	Class 10 (SFV)	\	<u>LD:</u> <u>ND or HD:</u>	<u>1.2</u> <u>91</u> <u>1.0</u>	<u>70</u>
	Class 10 (SFV)		LD: ND or HD:	<u>1.1</u> <u>96</u> <u>1.0</u>	<u>80</u>
Hifetime of the RCITH Table FA2 Lifetime Table F1.2	ne Lifetime, in years, is	1 new Refrigerated Cabin the figure corresponding	to the display type in	ist at a constant level Table F1.2.	l for the expected
Refrigerated Cabine Type <u>Class</u>	et <u>Total</u> <u>Display</u> <u>Area (m²)</u>	Temperature class	Lifetime (years)		
<u>Classes 1 - 6, 9, 10</u>	=	All	<u>8</u>		
Classes <u>1–7, 8 and 1</u> Classes 7, 8 and 11	1 <u><3.3</u> ≥3.3	All All	8 <u>12</u>		
Classes 12– <u>–</u> 15		All	12		

NOTOFFICIAL

Name of Activity

INSTALL A NEW HIGH EFFICIENCY LIQUID CHILLING PACKAGE

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End User Equipment must be a Liquid Chilling Package (LCP) registered <u>underin the</u> GEMS <u>and complyRegistry as</u> <u>complying</u> with the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Liquid-chilling Packages Using the Vapour Compression Cycle) Determination 2012.
- 2. The LCP must have an IPLV at least 10% greater than the *Baseline* for the corresponding figure for the type and expline capacity in Table F2.1.

Installation Requirements

1. The LCP must be installed.

Equipment Energy savings

Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings = (Capacity \div Baseline – Capacity \div IPLV) × EFLH × Lipstime / 1000

Where:

- *Capacity*, in kWR, is the total rated cooling capacity of the new Liquid Challing Package as determined using AS/NZS 4776 Series of Standards and recorded in the GEMS Registry.
- *Baseline* is the corresponding figure for the cooling capacity class and uppeof the new Liquid Chilling Package as determined by AS/NZS 4776 Series of Standards in Table F2.1.
- IPLV is the Integrated Part Load Value of the new Liquid Childing Ackage as determined using AS/NZS 4776 and recorded in the GEMS Registry.
- *EFLH* is the Equivalent Full Load Hours and is the corresponding figure for the cooling capacity class and type of the new Liquid Chilling Package in Table F2.1.
- *Lifetime*, in years, is the corresponding figure for the cooling capacity class and type of the new Liquid Chilling Package as determined by AS/NZS 4776 in Table F2.2.

Table F2.1

LCP type	Cooling capacity	Baseline (IRLV)	EFLH (hours)
Air cooled	350 to 499 kWR	46	2323
Air cooled	500 to 699 kWR		2323
Air cooled	700 to 999 kWR	4.7	2323
Air cooled	1000 to 1499 LWR	4.5	2323
Air cooled	Greater than 1500 kWR	4.1	2323
Water cooled	350 to 499 kWR	9.0	2323
Water cooled	500 to 699 kWR	8.6	2323
Water cooled	700 to 999 kWR	9.7	2323
Water cooled	1000 to 1499 kWR	9.0	2323
Water cooled	Greater than 1500 kWR	9.9	2323

Lifetime

The Energy Savings from the installation of a new Liquid Chilling Package are assumed to persist at a constant level for the expected lifetime of the LCP. The Lifetime, in years, is the figure corresponding to the type and capacity class in Table F2.2.

Table F2.2

LCP Type	Capacity class	Lifetime (years)
All	All	10

Name of Activity

INSTALL A NEW HIGH EFFICIENCY CLOSE CONTROL AIR CONDITIONER

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End User Equipment must be a Close Control Air Conditioner (CCAC) registered <u>underin the</u> GEMS <u>and complyRegistry</u> <u>as complying</u> with the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Close Control Air Conditioner) Determination 2012.
- 2. The CCAC must have an EER at least 20% greater than the *Baseline* for the corresponding figure for the type and cooling capacity in Table F3.1.

Installation Requirements

1. The CCAC must be installed.

Equipment Energy savings

 $Deemed \ Equipment \ Electricity \ Savings = (Capacity \ \div \ Baseline - Capacity \ \div \ EER) \times Hours \times Lifetime \ (100)$

Where:

- *Capacity*, in kW, is the total cooling capacity of the new CCAC as determined using ASNZS 4965.1 and recorded in the GEMS Registry.
- *Baseline* is the corresponding figure for the cooling capacity class of the new COAC as determined by AS/NZS 4965.1 in Table F3.1.
- *EER* is the Energy Efficiency Ratio as determined using AS/NZS 4965. Nank recorded in the GEMS Registry.
- *Hours* is the annual operating hours and is the corresponding figure for the cooling capacity class of the new CCAC. *Lifetime*, in years, is the corresponding figure for the cooling capacity class of the new CCAC as determined by AS/NZS 4965.1 in Table F3.2.

Table F3.1

CCAC cooling capacity class	Baseline (EER)	Hows (hours p.a.)
Less than 19.05 kW	3.21	5694
19.05 to less than 39.5 kW	3.18	5694
39.5 to less than 70.0 kW	3.20	5694
Greater than or equal to 70.0 kW	3.18	3694

The Energy Savings from the installation of a new CCAC are assumed to persist at a constant level for the expected lifetime of the CCAC. The Lifetime, in years, is the figure corresponding to the type and capacity class in Table F3.2.

Table F3.2		
CCAC capacity class	Capacity class	Lifetime (years)
All	All	10
()		

Name of Activity

INSTALL A NEW HIGH EFFICIENCY AIR CONDITIONER OR REPLACE AN EXISTING AIR CONDITIONER WITH A **HIGH EFFICIENCY AIR CONDITIONER**

Eligibility Requirements

- This activity must be an installation of a new high efficiency air conditioner or a replacement of an existing air conditioner (whether operational or not) with a high efficiency air conditioner.
- The New or replacement End-User Equipment must not be installed in a Residential Building unless the activity is the replacement of an existing air conditioner in a centralised system or in the common areas of a BCA Class 2 building

Equipment Requirements

- The New End-User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment must be registered in the GEMS stry as complying with the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Air Conditioners up to 65kW) Determination 201
 - If the New End-User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment has a Cooling Capacity in the GEMS Registry: equal to or greater than the Cooling Capacity in Table F4.4; It must have a Commercial TCSPF_mixed value, as recorded in the GEMS Registre Minimum Commercial TCSPF_mixed value for the corresponding Product Type and or
 - If it does not have a Commercial TCSPF_mixed value recorded in the GEMS Registry, then it must have a Rated AEER in the GEMS Registry equal to or greater than the Minimum Rated AEER for the Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table F4.5.
- If the New End-User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment has g Capacity recorded in the GEMS Registry, and is installed in the hot or average zone as defined in Table A27:
 - It must have a Commercial HSPF_mixed value, as recorded in the C MS Registry, equal to or greater than the Minimum Commercial HSPF_mixed value for the same Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table F4.4; or
 - If it does not have a Commercial HSPF mixed value record ACOP in the GEMS Registry equal to or greater than the M n the GEMS Registry, then it must have aRated nimum Rated ACOP for the same Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table F4.5.
- If the New End-User Equipment or replacement End-user Sumipment has a Heating Capacity recorded in the GEMS Registry and is installed in the cold zone as defined in Table AST.
 - It must have a Commercial HSPF_cold_vane, as recorded in the GEMS Registry, equal to or greater than the Minimum Commercial HSPF cold value for the same Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table F4.4; or
 - If it does not have a Commercial HSPP cold value recorded in the GEMS Registry, then it must have a Rated ACOP in the GEMS Registry equal to or greater than the Minimum Rated ACOP for the same Product Type and Cooling Capacity in Table F4.5

Installation Requirements

- The existing End-User Equip must be removed.
- The New End-User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment must be installed.
- The activity, including the removal of any existing End-User Equipment, management, and analified licence holder in compliance with the relevant standards and legislation. Me removal of any existing End-User Equipment, must be performed or supervised by a suitably

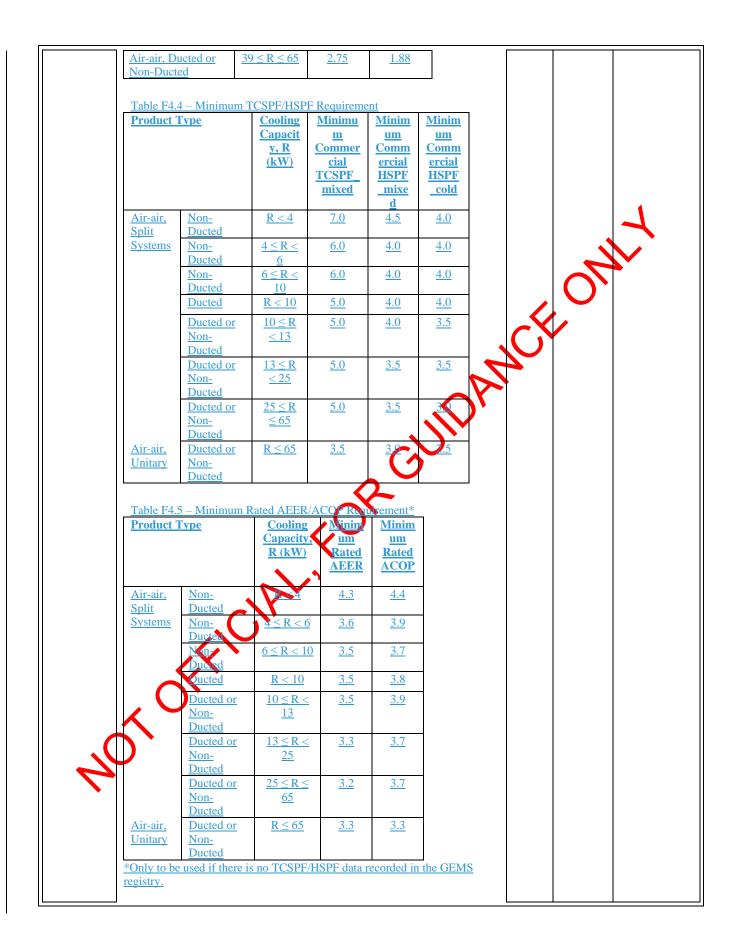
Equipment Energy savings

a.

Equation F4.1

Deemed <u>EquipmentActivity</u> Electricity Savings = [(<u>Reference</u> Cooling <u>Energy Savings +Annual Energy Use - Cooling Annual Energy</u>
<u>Use) + (Reference</u> Heating Energy Savings
Where:
 Cooling<u>Annual</u> Energy Savings Capacity, in MWh, is the lifetime energy savings in cooling mode, as calculated in Equation F4.2 below; and
<u>Use - Heating Annual Energy Use)]</u> × Lifetime / 1000
Where:
 <u>Reference Cooling CapacityAnnual Energy Use and Reference Heating Annual Energy Use</u>, in KW, is KW, y, are calculated using Equation F4.2 and F4.3 respectively;
• Cooling Annual Energy Use and Heating Annual Energy Use, in kWh/y, are the total cooling capacity values of energy
use on the new ACZ oned Energy Rating Label of the New End User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment for the
zone in which the product is installed, as determined using AS/NZS 3823.1.1, AS/NZS 3823.1.2, AS/NZS
3823.1.4, or <u>defined in Table A27</u>;
•O If the New End User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment does not have a Zoned Energy Rating Label,
Cooling Annual Energy Use and Heating Annual Energy Use are equal to the values of Commercial tcec and
Commercial thec as recorded in the GEMS Registry, for the zone in which the product is installed, as defined in
Table A27; Baseline If the New End User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipmentations not have a Zoned Energy Rating Label
and does not have Commercial teec and Commercial thec values as recorded in the GEMS Registry, the Cooling AEER is the
Baseline Annual Energy Efficiency Ratio, and is the corresponding figure for the Product Class of the new AC, as determined by Schedule 1 of the GEMS (Air Conditioners up to 65kW) Determination 2019;
• AEER is the Use and Heating Annual Energy Efficiency Ratio for cooling as Use are determined using the
GEMS (Air Conditioners up to 65kW) Determination 2019 and recorded in the GEMS
Registry; Equations F4.4 and F4.5 respectively, and
• Cooling Hours, in hours per annum, is the annual aperating hours and is the corresponding figure for the Product Class of the
new AC:
• Lifetime, in years, is the figure as specified in Kable F4.6.
Equation F4.2
Reference Cooling Annual Energy Use = Cooling Capacity × Equivalent Cooling Hours / Baseline Cooling AEER
CN
Equation F4.3
Reference Heating Annual Energy Use Heating Capacity × Equivalent Heating Hours / Baseline Heating ACOP
 <u>Where:</u> Cooling Capacity and Heating Capacity, in kW, are the values of Cooling Capacity at 35°C and Heating Capacity at 7°C
 <u>Cooling Capacity and Heating Capacity, in kW, are the values of Cooling Capacity at 35°C and Heating Capacity at 7°C</u> respectively on the energy rating label of the New End User Equipment or replacement End-User Equipment as recorded in
the GEMS Registry;
• Equivalent Cooling Hours and Equivalent Heating Hours, in h/y, are specified in Table F4.3-1, according to the climate zone
in which the product is installed, as defined in Table A27; and
• Bayeline Cooling AEER and Baseline Heating ACOP are specified in Table F4.2 (for new) and Table F4.3 (for replacement),
according to the Product Type and Cooling Capacity.
Equation F4.
Table F4.1
4
<u>Cooling Annual Energy Use = Cooling Capacity × Equivalent Cooling Hours / Rated AEER</u>
Equation F4.5
<u>Heating Annual Energy Use = Heating Capacity × Equivalent Heating Hours / Rated ACOP</u>
Where:

res	oling Capacity and Heatin, pectively on the energy rat GEMS Registry;								
	<i>uivalent Cooling Hours</i> and ich the product is installed.				specified in Tab	le F4.1, ac	cording to	the climate zone in	
• Ra	ted AEER and Rated ACOP	P are the New E	and User Equ		placement End-	User Equi	pment's Ra	nted AEER and	
Rat	ted ACOP as recorded in the	ne GEMS Regis	<u>stry.</u>						
Table F4-1	- Commercial Equivalent C	Cooling and He	ating Hours (h/v) derived	from AS/NZS	3823 4			
1401011111	AC type	Coolin	~	line <u>Equi</u>	Cooling Equi				
		capaci (kW)	a. 94	Cooling	ent Heating			1	
Produc		(***)	AEER	Hours	Hours (hour	S		4	
t-Class_			<u>(h/y)</u>		p.a.)<u>h/y)</u>			J.L.	
			Wall				7	7.	
			mour					•	
			unita doub						
1 Hot Zone			duct 1		<mark>≤ 65k₩</mark> 71				
			Porta		<u>205kw/1</u>	Ĵ			
			unita		7		6		
			doub				2		
2 Average Z	<u>Lone</u>		duct8	<u>301</u>	<mark>≤€5k₩</mark> <u>303</u>	2.5	08		
			Wall	•	\mathbf{N}				
			mour	nted)		6		
			unita	ry single			2		
3Cold Zone			duct	30	<mark>≤65k₩</mark> 530	3.1	0 8		
	P. P.	ortable unita	nv 🔨						
					0.50		_		
4		ngle duct	, <u>-</u> 63¥	₩.	2.50	628	3	[]	
5	Si Air to air unitary, ducto	ngle duct ed or non-ducte	deexcluding		4	← 10kW	3.10	628	
	Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, d	ngle duct ed or non-ducte	deexcluding		4	< 10k₩ 10k₩		628 628	
5	Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, d Air to air unitary, d 4	ngle duct ed or non-ducte lucted or nor	depending the second se the second s	excluding	4 c lasses 1 to	← 10kW	3.10		
5	Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, d 4 Table F4.2 – Baseline	ngle duct ed or non-ducte lucted or nor AlleRand Ba	Acceptuding Acceptuding Additional Additiona	excluding	4 c lasses 1 to		3.10		
5	Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, d Air to air unitary, d 4	ngle duct ed or non-ducte lucted or nor	depending the second se the second s	excluding	4 c lasses 1 to		3.10		
5	Si Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, d 4 Table F4.2 – Baseline Product Type	ngle duct ed or non-ducte lucted or nor AlsERend Ba Cosing Capacity, R (kW)	a excluding a excluding a ducted, o seline ACOP <u>Baseline</u> <u>Cooling</u> <u>AEER</u>	for a new a Baseline Heating ACOP	4 c lasses 1 to		3.10		
5	Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, d 4 Table F4.2 – Baseline Product Type Air-air, Non-Ducted	ngle duct ed or non-ducte ucted or nor AllER and Ba <u>Cooling</u> <u>Apacity,</u> <u>R (kW)</u> <u>R < 4</u>	Acceptuding Acceptuding A ducted, of seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER <u>3.66</u>	for a new a Baseline Heating <u>ACOP</u> 2.33	4 c lasses 1 to		3.10		
5	Si Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, ducto 4 Table F4.2 – Baseline Product Type Air-air, Nor-Ducted Air-air, Nor-Ducted	ngle ductor non-ducteucted or nonucted or nonattend or non <td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER <u>3.66</u> <u>3.22</u></td> <td>for a new a Baseline Heating ACOP 2.33 2.11</td> <td>4 classes 1 to</td> <td></td> <td>3.10</td> <td></td>	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER <u>3.66</u> <u>3.22</u>	for a new a Baseline Heating ACOP 2.33 2.11	4 c lasses 1 to		3.10		
5	Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, d 4 <u>Table F4.2 – Baseline</u> Product Type <u>Air-air, Non-Dacted</u> Air-air, Non-Dacted Air-air, Ducted	ngle ductucted or nonucted or nonARER and BaCosting <td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1</td> <td>for a new a Baseline Heating ACOP 2.33 2.11 2.05</td> <td>4 classes 1 to</td> <td></td> <td>3.10</td> <td></td>	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1	for a new a Baseline Heating ACOP 2.33 2.11 2.05	4 c lasses 1 to		3.10		
5	Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, d 4 <u>Table F4.2 – Baseline</u> Product Type <u>Air-air, Nor-Ducted</u> Air-air, Nor-Ducted Air-air, Ducted or	ngle ductor non-ducteucted or nonucted or nonattend or non <td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER <u>3.66</u> <u>3.22</u></td> <td>for a new a Baseline Heating ACOP 2.33 2.11</td> <td>4 classes 1 to</td> <td></td> <td>3.10</td> <td></td>	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER <u>3.66</u> <u>3.22</u>	for a new a Baseline Heating ACOP 2.33 2.11	4 c lasses 1 to		3.10		
5	Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, d 4 <u>Table F4.2 – Baseline</u> Product Type <u>Air-air, Non-Dacted</u> Air-air, Non-Dacted Air-air, Ducted	ngle ductucted or nonucted or nonARER and BaCosting <td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1</td> <td>for a new a Baseline Heating ACOP 2.33 2.11 2.05</td> <td>4 classes 1 to</td> <td></td> <td>3.10</td> <td></td>	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1	for a new a Baseline Heating ACOP 2.33 2.11 2.05	4 c lasses 1 to		3.10		
5	Air to air unitary, ductor Air to air unitary, ductor Air to air unitary, ductor 4 Table F4.2 – Baseline Product Type Air-air, Non-Datted Air-air, Non-Datted Air-air, Non-Datted Air-air, Non-Datted Air-air, Non-Datted Air-air, Non-Datted Air-air, Ducted Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted	ngle ductucted or nonarter to the second s	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1	for a new a Baseline Heating <u>ACOP</u> 2.33 2.11 2.05 2.05	4 c lasses 1 to		3.10		
5	Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, ducto 4 Table F4.2 – Baseline Product Type Air-air, Nor-Ducted Air-air, Nor-Ducted Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted Air-air, Ducted or	ngle ductucted or nonaARER and BaCouringCapacity,R (kW)R < 4	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9	for a new aBaselineHeatingACOP2.332.112.052.051.95	4 classes 1 to ir conditioner		3.10		
5	Si Air to air unitary, ducto Air to air unitary, ducto 4 Table F4.2 – Baseline Product Type Air-air, Nor-Datted Air-air, Nor-Datted Air-air, Nor-Datted Air-air, Nor-Datted Air-air, Nor-Datted Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted Table F4.3 – Baseline	ngle duct <td non<="" or="" td="" td<=""><td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP Baseline</td><td>Providence Providence Providence</td><td>4 classes 1 to ir conditioner</td><td></td><td>3.10</td><td></td></td>	<td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP Baseline</td> <td>Providence Providence Providence</td> <td>4 classes 1 to ir conditioner</td> <td></td> <td>3.10</td> <td></td>	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP Baseline	Providence	4 classes 1 to ir conditioner		3.10	
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5	Air to air unitary, ductor Air to air unitary, ductor 4 Table F4.2 – Baseline Product Type Air-air, NoreDucted Air-air, NoreDucted Air-air, NoreDucted Air-air, NoreDucted Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted Table F4.3 – Baseline conditioner Product Type	ngle duct <td non<="" or="" td="" td<=""><td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER</td><td>Providence Providence Providence P</td><td>4 classes 1 to ir conditioner</td><td></td><td>3.10</td><td></td></td>	<td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER</td> <td>Providence Providence Providence P</td> <td>4 classes 1 to ir conditioner</td> <td></td> <td>3.10</td> <td></td>	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER	Providence Providence Providence P	4 classes 1 to ir conditioner		3.10	
5	Sir Air to air unitary, ductor Air to air unitary, ductor 4 Table F4.2 – Baseline Product Type Air-air, Nor-Datted Air-air, Nor-Datted Air-air, Nor-Datted Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted Xir-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted Table F4.3 – Baseline conditioner Product Type Air-air, Non-Ducted	ngle ductucted or nonucted or nonucted or nonucted or nonucted or nonucted or nonanternaCoolingCooling10 $\leq R < 39$ 39 $\leq R \leq 65$ anternacoolingCoolingCoolingCoolingCoolingCapacity,R (kW)R < 4	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.33 2.93	Provide Provide Provide Provide	4 classes 1 to ir conditioner		3.10		
5	Air to air unitary, ductor Air to air unitary, ductor Air to air unitary, ductor 4 Table F4.2 – Baseliner Product Type Air-air, Nore/Ducted Air-air, Nore/Ducted Air-air, Nore/Ducted Air-air, Nore/Ducted Air-air, Ducted or Non-Ducted Table F4.3 – Baseliner conditioner Product Type Air-air, Non-Ducted	ngle duct <td non-duct<="" or="" td=""><td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.33</td><td>Provide Provide Provide Provide</td><td>4 classes 1 to ir conditioner</td><td></td><td>3.10</td><td></td></td>	<td>seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.33</td> <td>Provide Provide Provide Provide</td> <td>4 classes 1 to ir conditioner</td> <td></td> <td>3.10</td> <td></td>	seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.66 3.22 3.1 3.1 2.9 seline ACOP seline ACOP Baseline Cooling AEER 3.33	Provide Provide	4 classes 1 to ir conditioner		3.10	



7	Air to air unitary, ducted or non-ducted, excluding classes 1 to 4	$\frac{39kW}{\leq to \leq}$ $\frac{65kW}{\leq to \leq}$	2.90	628
8	Air to air single split system, non-ducted	<i>←</i> 4 k₩	3.66	628
9	Air to air single split system, non-ducted	$\frac{4kW}{to \leq}$ $\frac{10kW}{to W}$	3.22	628
10	Air to air single split system, ducted	← 10kW	3.10	628
++	Air to air single split system, ducted or non-ducted	$\frac{10kW}{\leq to \leq}$ $\frac{39kW}{2}$	3.10	623
12	Air to air single split system, ducted or non-ducted	$\frac{39kW}{\leq to \leq}$ $\frac{65kW}{\leq to \leq}$	2.90	628
13	Air to air single split outdoor units, supplied or offered for supply to create a non-ducted system	<i>←</i> 4 <u>k</u> ₩	3.66	628
14	Air to air single-split outdoor units, supplied or offered for supply to create a non-ducted system	<mark>4k₩</mark> ≤to ≤0k₩	3.22	628
15	Air to air single-split outdoor units, supplied or offered for supply to create a ducted system	← 10kW	3.10	628
16	Air to air single split outdoor units, whether supplied or offered to sayply to create a ducted or non-ducted system	$\frac{10kW}{\leq to \leq}$ $\frac{39kW}{2}$	3.10	628
17	Air to air single-split outdoor units, whether supplied or offered for supply to create a ducted or non-ducted system	39k₩ < to ≤ 65k₩	2.90	628
18	Air to air multi-split outdoor units, whether or net supplied or offered for supply as part of a multi-split system	← 4 kW	3.66	628
19	Air to air multi-split outdoor units, whether or not supplied or offered for supply as part of a multi-split system	$\frac{4kW}{\leq to \prec}$ $\frac{10kW}{2}$	<u>3.22</u>	628
20	Air to air multi-split outdoor where whether or not supplied or offered for supply as part of a multi-split system	$\frac{10kW}{\leq to \prec}$ $\frac{39kW}{2}$	3.10	628
21	Air to air multi-split sufficient units, whether or not supplied or offered for supply as part starmed split system	39k₩ ≤ to ≤ 65k₩	2.90	628
Equation F4.				
Lifetime The Energy Ar The Lifetime, i	vings from the installation of a new AC are assumed to persist at a constant level if years, is the figure corresponding to the phase and capacity class in Table F4.3.	for the ex	pected lifeti	me of the AC.
Table F4.3 Table F4.6				
Product Class Phase	Cooling Capacity or Heating			
All	Capacity Lifetime (years) All 10			

Name of Activity

INSTALL AN ELECTRONICALLY COMMUTATED MOTOR TO POWER A FAN IN AN INSTALLED REFRIGERATED CABINET, FREEZER OR COOL ROOM

Equipment Requirements

- The End-User Equipment must be an electronically commutated (brushless DC) motor. 1
- The nominal input power (W) of the End-User Equipment as declared by the manufacturer must be less than or equal to 500 2. W at full capacity with the impeller fitted.
- 3 The output power (W) or airflow volume (m³/hour) of the End-User Equipment as declared by the manufacturer must be equal to or greater than the existing refrigeration fan it replaces.
- The End-User Equipment must meet any other requirements specified by the Scheme Administrator, including the suitability of the impeller for the motor.

Installation Requirements

- The End-User Equipment must be installed into a refrigerated cabinet or reach in freezer as defined by the Greenhouse and 1 Energy Minimum Standards (Refrigerated Cabinets) Determination 2019, or a cool room evaluator unit that is in use (i.e. not a new refrigeration system).
- The End-User Equipment must replace an equivalent shaded pole motor or a permanent spin capacitor motor as identified by 2 the manufacturer of the End-User Equipment.
- 3. The installation must be according to manufacturer guidelines and any requirement specified by the Scheme Administrator.

Equipment Energy savings

Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings = (Input Power × (a – Average Power $(1 \div COP)) \times Hours \times Lifetime / 10^6$

Where:

- Input Power, in Watts, is the nominal input power of the new End User-Equipment at full throttle with the impeller fitted.
- *a* is the regression coefficient and *b* is the error in Regression Analysis between the nominal input power of a sample of fans powered by an electronically commutated motor and fans powered by a shaded pole motor or a permanent split capacitor motor and are the corresponding figures for the End User Equipment nominal power consumption in Table F5.1. *Average Power* is the average input power of the new End-User Equipment over a year compared to its nominal input power
- and is the corresponding figure the End-User Equipment's control system in Table F5.2.
- COP is the co-efficient of performance of the refrigeration system and is the corresponding figure for the refrigeration system in Table F5.3.
- Hours is the number of hours the fanis active per year and is the corresponding figure for the refrigeration system in Table F5.3
- Lifetime, in years, is the useful life of the End-User Equipment and is the corresponding figure for the refrigeration system in Table F5.4.

Table F5-1

1 abic 1 5.1			
End-User Equipment	minal input power	a	b
Less than or equal to 34 V	V	1.7692	19.385
Greater than 34W and les	s than or equal to 500 W	1.2698	6.453

Table F5 2

Control system	Average Power
No control system in place	1
Temperature or pressure dependent speed control	0.8
Timer speed control (with low speed setting at least 8 hours per day)	0.8

Table F5.3

Refrigerator system type	COP	Hours
Refrigerated cabinet	2.8	8000
Reach in freezer	1.8	8000
Cool room	2.6	8000

Lifetime

The energy savings from the new End User Equipment are assumed to persist at a constant level for the expected lifetime of the equipment. The Lifetime, in years, is the corresponding figure for the refrigerator system type in Table F5.4.

Tabl	e F	5.4

Table F5.4							
Refrigerator type	Years						
Refrigerated cabinet	4						
Reach in freezer	4						
Cool room	7						
w	Sec		s-C	JUDA	NC	on	

Name of Activity

INSTALL AN ELECTRONICALLY COMMUTATED MOTOR TO POWER A VENTILATION FAN

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be an electronically commutated (brushless DC) motor.
- The nominal input power (W) of the End-User Equipment as declared by the manufacturer must be less than or equal to 500 2. W at full capacity with the impeller fitted.
- The output power (W) or airflow volume (m³/hour) of the End-User Equipment as declared by the manufacturer must be equal 3. to or greater than the existing ventilation fan it replaces.
- The End-User Equipment must meet any other requirements specified by the Scheme Administrator, including the uitability 4 of the impeller for the motor.

Installation Requirements

- ned in ISO The End-User Equipment must be part of a ducted fan or partition fan in an air-handling system, as 1 13349:2010.
- 2 The End-User Equipment must replace an equivalent shaded pole motor or a permanent point conscitor motor as identified by the manufacturer of the End-User Equipment.
- 3. The installation must be according to manufacturer guidelines and any requirements spe cified by the Scheme Administrator.

Equipment Energy savings

Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings = (Input Power \times (a – Average Power urs × Lifetime / 10⁶

Where:

- Input Power, in Watts, is the nominal input power of the new Ind Aser-Equipment at full throttle with the impeller fitted.
- *a* is the regression coefficient and *b* is the error in regression analysis between the nominal input power of a sample of fans powered by an electronically commutated motor and fass powered by a shaded pole motor or a permanent split capacitor motor and are the corresponding figures for the End-User Equipment nominal power consumption in Table F6.1. *Average Power* is the average input power of the new End-User Equipment over a year compared to its nominal input power and is the corresponding figure the End-User Equipment s control system in Table F6.2. *Hours* is the number of hours the fan is active per year and is the corresponding figure in Table F6.3 for the BCA building electronic and Building of the of the set of th
- classification and Business Classification of the entity utilising the End-Use Service.
- Lifetime, in years, is the useful life of the End User Equipment and is the corresponding figure for the ventilation system in Table F6.4.

Table F6.1		
End-User Equipment nominal input pover	a	b
Less than or equal to 34 W	1.7692	19.385
Greater than 34W and less than onequal to 500 W	1.2698	6.453

Table F6.2

Control system	Average Power
No control system in place	1
Temperature or pressure dependent speed control	0.8
Timer speel control (with low speed setting at least 8 hours per day)	0.8

Building classification	Business Classification	Annual operating hours			
BCA Class 2 (multi-unit dwellings)	Services provided by the body corporate or building owner	6300			
BCA Class 3 (hotels)	All	6300			
BCA Class 5 (offices)	All	2800			
BCA Class 6 (shops or shopping centres)	All	4000			
BCA Class 6 (restaurants or cafes)	All	5200			
BCA Class 7a (car parks)	All	6900			

BCA Class 7b (warehouses)	ANZSIC Division A (Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing)	8760
BCA Class 7b (warehouses)	Other than ANZSIC Division A	5100
BCA Class 8 (factories)	ANZSIC Division A (Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing)	5100
BCA Class 8 (factories)	ANZSIC Division C (Manufacturing)	5100
BCA Class 8 (factories)	Other than ANZSIC Division A or ANZSIC Division C	2800
BCA Class 9a (clinics)	All	2800
BCA Class 9a (hospitals)	All	8760
BCA Class 9b (theatres)	All	5200
BCA Class 9b (schools)	All	2000
BCA Class 9c (aged care)	All	6300

Lifetime

event of the second sec The energy savings from the new End User Equipment are assumed to persist at a constant level for the expected fetime of the equipment. The Lifetime, in years, is the corresponding figure for the fan type in Table F6.4.

Table F6.4	
Fan type	Years
Ducted fan	7
Partition fan	7

Name of Activity

INSTALL A NEW HIGH EFFICIENCY MOTOR

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a 3 phase electric motor rated 'high efficiency' within the meaning of Part 5 of the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Three Phase Cage Induction Motors) Determination 2019 when tested in accordance with subclause 6.1.3 of IEC60034-2-1.
- The electric motor must be a registered product under GEMS and comply with the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum 2. Standards (Three Phase Cage Induction Motors) Determination 2019.

Installation Requirements

- The electric motor must be installed. 1.
- 2. The electric motor must have a rated output from 0.73kW to <185kW.

Equipment Energy Savings

Deemed Equipment Electricity Savings = $((P \times LUF \times (New Efficiency)))$ + (Baseline Ef 100 <u>Efficiency \div 100))) \times LUF x</u> Asset Life \times 8760 \div 1000

Where:

- *P* is the rated output of the new electric motor as recorded in the GEMS Regis UF is the Default Load Utilisation Factors for the Business Classification and End-Use Service Efficiency, in %, is the Full Load Effic
 - the GEMS Registry.
 - Baseline Efficiency, in %, is:

OFF.

- the Full Load Efficiency of the existing motor as determined using IEC60034-2-1 and recorded in the GEMS Registry; or 0 the corresponding value for the number of poles and rated output of the new electric motor from Table F7.3, if the existing motor is not listed in the GEMS Registry of it the new electric motor is New End User Equipment. For 0
- intermediate values of rated output, the efficiency shall be determined by linear interpolation
- New Efficiency, in %, is the Full Load Efficience of the new electric motor as determined using IEC60034-2-1 and recorded in the GEMS Registry.
- LUF is the Default Load Utilisation Factors for the relevant High Efficiency Motor as set out in Table F7.1 (where the
- Business Classification and End-Use Service relevant to the Energy Savings are known), or otherwise Table F7.2 Asset Life, in years, of the High Efficiency Motor is set out in Table F7.4 for the corresponding rated output of the High Efficiency Motor.

Load Utilisation Factor	Refrigeration and freezing	Water/liquid pumping	Air compression	Air handling, fans, ventilation	Process Drives	Milling, mixing, grinding	Material handling/ conveying
Division A Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	0.14	0.32	0.27	0.28	0.32	0.2	0.2
Division B Mining	0.09	0.36	0.32	0.41	0.32	0.32	0.28
Division C Manufacturing	0.28	0.32	0.27	0.32	0.27	0.24	0.28
Division D Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	0.11	0.32	0.24	0.28	0.28	0.12	0.17
Division E Construction	0.09	0.24	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.14	0.2
Division F Wholesale Trade	0.2	0.14	0.07	0.13	0.13	0.03	0.11
Division G Retail Trade	0.17	0.09	0.07	0.13	0.13	0.03	0.07
Division H Accommodation and Food Services	0.24	0.11	0.04	0.14	0.13	0.09	0.11
Division I Transport, Postal and Warehousing	0.17	0.11	0.08	0.13	0.17	0.03	0.16
Division J Information Media and Telecommunications	0.11	0.09	0.04	0.1	0.11	0.03	0.03
Division K Financial and Insurance Services	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.03
Division L Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.03
Division M Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	0.17	0.07	0.05	0.08	0.08	0.04	0.03
Division N Administrative and Support Services	0.11	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03
Division O Public Administration and Safety	0.69	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03
Division P Education and Training	0.11	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03

Table F7.1	Default Load Utilisation Factor for High Efficiency Motors – Where Business Classification and End-Use Service are known
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Load Utilisation Factor	Refrigeration and freezing	Water/liquid pumping	Air compression	Air handling, fans, ventilation	Process Drives	Milling, mixing, grinding	Material handling/ conveying
Division Q Health Care and Social Assistance	0.11	0.08	0.11	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.03
Division R Arts and Recreation Services	0.09	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.03
Division S Other Services	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.64	0.03	0.03
		Ch					
	•						Page 184

Table F7.2 Default Load Utilisation Factor for High Efficiency Motors – Where Business Classification or End-Use Service are not known

Rated output (kW)	LUF
0.73 to < 2.6	0.09
2.6 to < 9.2	0.10
9.2 to < 41	0.11
41 to < 100	0.13
100 to < 185	0.15

Table F7.3

Deted Ordered (LW)	Baseline	efficiency (%)		Baseline of	Baseline efficiency (%) (60hz)			
Rated Output (kW)	2 poles	4 poles	6 poles	8 poles	2 poles	4 poles	6 poles	8 poles	
0.73	77.4	79.6	75.9	66.2	75.5	78.0	73.0	66.0	
0.75	77.4	79.6	75.9	66.2	75.5	78.0	75.0	66.0	
1.1	79.6	81.4	78.1	70.8	82.5	84.0	85.5	75.5	
1.5	81.3	82.8	79.8	74.1	84.0	84.0	86.5	82.5	
2.2	83.2	84.3	81.8	77.6	85.5	87.5	87.5	84.0	
3	84.6	85.5	83.3	80.0	87.5	87.5	87.5	85.5	
4	85.8	86.6	84.6	81.9	87.5	\$7.5	87.5	85.5	
5.5	87.0	87.7	86.0	83.8	88.5	9.5	89.5	85.5	
7.5	88.1	88.7	87.2	85.3	89.5	89.5	89.5	88.5	
11	89.4	89.8	88.7	86.9	90.2	91.0	90.2	88.5	
15	90.3	90.6	89.7	88.0	90.2	91.0	90.2	89.5	
18.5	90.9	91.2	90.4	88.6	91.0	92.4	91.7	89.5	
22	91.3	91.6	90.9	89.1	91.0	92.4	91.7	89.5	
30	92.0	92.3	91.7	89.8	91.7	93.0	93.0	91.0	
37	92.5	92.7	92.2	90.3	92.4	93.0	93.0	91.7	
45	92.9	93.1	92.7	90.7	93.0	93.6	93.6	91.7	
55	93.2	93.5	93.	91.0	93.0	94.1	93.6	93.0	
75	93.8	94.0	/3.1	91.6	93.6	94.5	94.1	93.0	
90	94.1	94.2	94.0	91.9	94.5	94.5	94.1	93.6	
110	94.3	94.5	94.3	92.3	94.5	95.0	95.0	93.6	
132	94.6	94.7	94.6	92.6	95.0	95.0	95.0	93.6	
160	94.8	94.9	94.8	93.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	93.6	
>150160 < 185	95.0	5 .1	94.9	93.3	95.4	95.0	95.0	93.6	

Table F7.4 Asset Life for High Efficiency Motors (t)

Rated output (kW) of High lifficiency Motor	t (Asset life (years))
0.73 to < 2.6	12
2.6 to < 9.2	15
9.2 to < 41	20
41 to < 100	22
100 to <18	25

1

Name of Activity

3.

REPLACE EXISTING GAS FIRED STEAM BOILER WITH A NEW HIGH EFFICIENCY GAS FIRED STEAM BOILER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be a single, or multiple, Gas fired steam boiler(s) as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 2. The existing End-User Equipment is installed at a Site classified under the BCA as one or more of the following: Class 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 buildings.
 - The existing End-User Equipment must be:
 - a. more than 10 years old; and
 - b. be in working order at the time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The replacement End-User Equipment must be a new single, or multiple, Gas fired steamboiler(s) as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 2. The replacement End-User Equipment must have a nameplate capacity of 200 kW or higher.
- 3. Replacement End-User Equipment with a nameplate capacity of 1000 kW or above must have a linkageless (two service/stepper motors) burner with a turn-down ratio of at least 4:1.
- 4. Replacement End-User Equipment with a nameplate capacity of 2000 kW or above must include an oxygen trim system and have a linkageless (two service/stepper motors) burner with a turn-down ratio of at least 4:1.
- 5. The replacement End-User Equipment must have a fuel-to-fluid officiency of at least 80% when at high fire conditions.
- 6. The replacement End-User Equipment must meet any relevant standards and legislation.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be disconnected and removed; these tasks must be performed or supervised by a qualified person in accordance with relevant standards and legislation.
- 2. The installation must be in accordance with manufacturer guidelines, relevant standards and legislation and any requirements specified by the Scheme Administrator.

Activity Energy Savings

For each Implementation:

Deemed Equipment Gas Savings = $P \times DEI \times LUF \times Lifetime \times 8760 \div 1000$

Where:

All

- P, in kW, is the lower of the nameplate capacity of the replacement or existing End-User Equipment. •
- DEI is the Default Efficiency Improvement (as a fraction, not as a percentage) for replacing existing End-User Equipment with replacement End-User Equipment as specified in Table F8.1.
- LUF is the assigned Load Utilisation Factor for all Gas fired steam boilers as specified in Table F8.2.
- Lifetime is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F8.3.

PANCE Table F8.1 Default Efficiency Improvement (DEI) for replacing existing End-User Equipment **DEI for replacing existing End-User Equipment Existing End-User** Equipment installation year Steam boiler with a burner Steam boiler with burner that is >10 years old replaced ≤ 10 years ago Pre 1990 0.064 0.053 1990 and after 0.059 0.048

0.206

Table F8.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fired steam boilers **Business classification** LUF

Lifetime		
Table F8.3 End-User Equipment Lifetime	2	
End-User Equipment type	Years	
All	10	

NOT OFFICIANCE

Name of Activity

3.

REPLACE EXISTING GAS FIRED HOT WATER BOILER OR GAS FIRED WATER HEATER WITH A NEW HIGH EFFICIENCY GAS FIRED HOT WATER BOILER OR A NEW GAS FIRED WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be a single, or multiple, Gas fired hot water boiler(s), or Gas fired water heater(s) as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 2. The existing End-User Equipment is installed at a Site classified under the BCA as one or more of the following: Class 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 buildings.
 - The existing End-User Equipment must be:
 - a. more than 10 years old; and
 - b. be in working order at the time of replacement.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The replacement End-User Equipment must be a new single, or multiple, Gas fired hot water boiler(s), or Gas fired water heater(s) as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 2. The replacement End-User Equipment must not be a Gas fired storage water heater or a Gas fired instantaneous water heater as defined in AS4552 or AS/NZS 5263.1.2.
- 3. The replacement End-User Equipment must have a nameplate capacity of 200 kW or higher.
- 4. Replacement End-User Equipment with a nameplate capacity of 1000 kV or above must have a linkageless (two service/stepper motors) burner with a turn-down ratio of at least 41.
- 5. Replacement End-User Equipment with a nameplate capacity of 2000 kW or above must include an oxygen trim system and have a linkageless (two service/stepper motors) burner with a turn-down ratio of at least 4:1.
- 6. The replacement End-User Equipment must have a fuel to this efficiency of at least 85% at a return water temperature of 60°C when at high fire conditions.
- 7. The replacement End-User Equipment must meet any relevant standards and legislation.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be disconnected and removed; these tasks must be performed or supervised by a qualified person in accordance with relevant standards and legislation.
- 2. The installation must be in accordance with manufacturer guidelines, relevant standards and legislation and any requirements specified by the Schure Administrator.

Activity Energy Savings

For each Implementation

Doomod Fauinmont	$Cas Savings = P \times DEI \times LUF \times Lifetime$	$\times 0760 + 1000$
Deemeu Equipiteni	$as Subings - r \land DEI \land LOF \land Lijeline$	$\times 0700 \div 1000$

Where:

- in kW, is the lower of the nameplate capacity of the replacement or existing End-User Equipment.
- *DEI* is the Default Efficiency Improvement (as a fraction, not as a percentage) for replacing existing End-User Equipment with replacement End-User Equipment as specified in Table F9.1.
- *LUF* is the assigned Load Utilisation Factor for all Gas fired hot water boilers or water heaters as specified in Table F9.2.
- *Lifetime* is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F9.3.

Table F9.1 Default Efficiency Improvement (DEI) for replacing existing End-User Equipment

Existing End-User Equipment	DEI for replacing existing End-User Equipment			
installation year				
	Hot water boiler or water heater Hot water boiler or water heater with			
	with a burner that is >10 years old	burner replaced ≤ 10 years ago		
Pre 1990	0.059	0.048		

1990 and after	0.053		0.042			
Table F9.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fired hot water boilers and water heaters						
Business classification		LUF				
All		0.206				

Cable F9.3 End-User Equipment Lifetime		
End-User Equipment type	Years	
All	10	-

Name of Activity

INSTALL AN OXYGEN TRIM SYSTEM ON A GAS FIRED STEAM BOILER, HOT WATER BOILER OR WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be installed on a Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 2. The Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater on which the End-User Equipment is installed must be located at a Site classified under the BCA as one or more of the following: Class 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 buildings.
- 3. The End-User Equipment cannot replace existing End-User Equipment regardless of its condition.
- 4. The Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater on which the End-User Equipment is installed must have an existing digital burner control system capable of receiving a signal from a flue gas sensor for oxygen trim purposes, or have one installed at the time of commissioning of the End-User Equipment.

Equipment Requirements

1. The End-User Equipment must be an oxygen trim system including a flue gas sensor connected to a control panel, capable of sending a signal to a control damper on the burner air supply or variable speed drive on the fan motor.

Implementation Requirements

1. The installation must be in accordance with manufacturer guidelines, relevant standards and legislation and any requirements specified by the Scheme Administrator.

Activity Energy Savings

For each Implementation:

Deemed Equipment Gas Savings = $P \times DEI \times UF \times Lifetime \times 8760 \div 1000$

Where:

- *P*, in kW, is the current nameplate capacity of the Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater on which the End-User Equipment is installed. The nameplate capacity that can be used is capped at 3000kW. An Installation on a larger Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater must use this capped figure.
- *DEI* is the Default Efficiency Improvement (as a fraction, not as a percentage) for installing the End-User Equipment as specified in Table F10.1.
- *LUF* is the assigned Load Utilisation Factor for all Gas fired steam boilers, hot water boilers, or water heaters as specified in Table F10.2.
- *Lifetime*, is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F10.3.

Table P101 – Default Efficiency Improvement (DEI) for installing End-User Equipment

Activity	DEI
Install End-User Equipment on a steam boiler	0.018
Install End-User Equipment on a hot water boiler or water heater	0.015

Table F10.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fired steam boilers, hot water boilers, and water heaters

Business classification	LUF
All	0.206

Lifetime

Table F10.3 End-User Equipment Lifetime	
End-User Equipment type	Years
All	10

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Name of Activity

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REPLACE BURNER ON A GAS FIRED STEAM BOILER, HOT WATER BOILER, OR WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be a Gas fired burner as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 2. The existing End-User Equipment must be installed on a Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 3. The Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater on which the End-User Equipment is installed must be located at a Site classified under the BCA as one or more of the following: Class 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 buildings.
 - The existing End-User Equipment must be:
 - a. in working order at the time of replacement;
 - b. more than 10 years old; and
 - c. have an air/fuel ratio that is controlled via a mechanical linkage.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The replacement End-User Equipment must be a Gas fired burner as defined in ANNZS 3814.
 - Replacement End-User Equipment that has a nameplate capacity of 1000000 or more must: a. be of the linkageless (two service/stepper motors) type;
 - be of the mixageless (two service/stepper motor)b. have a turn-down ratio of at least 4:1; and
 - c. be capable of receiving a signal from a flue gas sensor for oxygen trim purposes.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. Existing End-User Equipment that is replaced must be disconnected and removed; these tasks must be performed or supervised by a qualified person in accordance write relevant standards and legislation.
- 2. The installation must be in accordance with manufacturer guidelines, relevant standards and legislation and any requirements specified by the Scheme Administrator.

Activity Energy Savings

For each Implementation:

Deemed Equipment Gas Savings $= 8 \times DEI \times LUF \times Lifetime \times 8760 \div 1000$

Where:

P, in kW is the current nameplate capacity of the Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater on which the End-User Equipment is installed. The nameplate capacity that can be used is capped at 3000kW. Installation on a larger Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater must use this capped figure. *UNI* is the Default Efficiency Improvement (as a fraction, not as a percentage) for replacing the End-User

Equipment as specified in Table F11.1. LUF is the assigned Load Utilisation Factor for all Gas fired steam boilers, hot water boilers, or water heaters as

specified in Table F11.2.

Lifetime, is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F11.3.

Table F11.1 – Default Efficiency Improvement (DEI) for replacing End-User Equipment

Activity	DEI
Replace End-User Equipment	0.027

Table F11.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fired steam boilers, hot water boilers, and water heaters

Business classification	LUF
All	0.206

Lifetime		
Table F11.3 End-User Equipment Lifetime		
End-User Equipment type	Years	
All	10	

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Name of Activity

INSTALL AN ECONOMISER ON A GAS FIRED STEAM BOILER, HOT WATER BOILER, OR WATER HEATER

Eligibility Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be installed on a Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 2 The Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater on which the End-User Equipment is installed thust be located at a Site classified under the BCA as one or more of the following: Class 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 buildings.
- The End-User Equipment cannot replace existing End-User Equipment regardless of its condition. 3.
- The End-User Equipment cannot be installed on a condensing Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler r water 4. heater.
- 5. In cases where the End-User Equipment will be pre-heating a stream other than feedwater, wheat ejection stream must be available to run through the End-User Equipment at least 80% of the operating time of the Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater.

Equipment Requirements

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be a heat exchanger that uses the product of combustion from a Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater, to heat a fluid stream such arboiler feedwater.
- The End-User Equipment must be of the condensing kind if it is installed on a Gas fired hot water boiler or water 2.
- heater. The Gas fired hot water boiler or water heater stack must be constructed of stainless steel. The End-User Equipment can be of the condensing or non-condensing kind if it is installed on a Gas fired steam 3. boiler. The steam boiler stack can be constructed of carbon steel only if the End-User Equipment is of the noncondensing kind and the exhaust temperature can be maintained above dewpoint at all points in the stack.
- The End-User Equipment must be fitted with a control system with minimum flow rates such that manual intervention is not required for operation, unless the End-User Equipment is specifically designed to run dry. 4.

Implementation Requirements

- 1. At the time of commissioning, the exhaust emperature exiting the End-User Equipment whilst at high firing must be below 180°C for steam boilers, or below 100°C for condensing steam boilers, hot water boilers and water heaters.
- The installation must be in accordance with manufacturer guidelines, relevant standards and legislation and any requirements specified by the Scheme Administrator.

Activity Energy Saving

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For each Implementation:

Deemed Equipment Gas Savings = $P \times DEI \times LUF \times Lifetime \times 8760 \div 1000$

Where:

- *P* is the current nameplate capacity of the Gas fired steam boiler, hot water boiler, or water heater on which the End-User Equipment is installed, in kW.
- *DEI* is the Default Efficiency Improvement (as a fraction, not as a percentage) for installing the End-User Equipment as specified in Table F12.1.
- *LUF* is the assigned Load Utilisation Factor for all Gas fired steam boilers, hot water boilers, or water heaters as specified in Table F12.2.
- *Lifetime* is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F12.3.

Activity	DEI	
Install End-User Equipment on a steam boiler	0.041	
Install End-User Equipment on a hot water boiler or water heater	0.030	
Table F12.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fired steam boilers, h	ot water boilers;	s, and v
Table F12.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fired steam boilers, he Business classification	ot water boilers;	s, and

Lifetime	· · · · ·
Table F12.3 End-User Equipment Lifetime	\sim
End-User Equipment type	Years
All	
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#### Name of Activity

#### INSTALL A SENSOR BASED BLOWDOWN CONTROL ON A GAS FIRED STEAM BOILER

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be installed on a Gas fired steam boiler as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 2. The Gas fired steam boiler on which the End-User Equipment is installed must be located at a Site classified under the BCA as one or more of the following: Class 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 buildings.
- 3. The End-User Equipment cannot replace existing End-User Equipment regardless of its condition.

#### **Equipment Requirements**

1. The End-User Equipment must be a sensor based blowdown control, capable of automatically blowing down based on a sensor reading of the concentration of total dissolved solids (TDS) in the steam boler.

#### Implementation Requirements

1. The installation must be in accordance with manufacturer guidelines, relevan standards and legislation and any requirements specified by the Scheme Administrator.

#### Activity Energy Savings

For each Implementation:

Deemed Equipment Gas Savings =  $P \times DEI \times LUF \times ifetime \times 8760 \div 1000$ 

Where:

- *P* is the current nameplate capacity of the Cas fired steam boiler on which the End-User Equipment is installed, in kW.
- *DEI* is the Default Efficiency Imployement (as a fraction, not as a percentage) for installing the End-User Equipment as specified in Table F13.1. Use your average operating pressure as defined in AS/NZS 3814, or the next lowest pressure in this table. If your average operating pressure is less than 8 bar, use 8 bar.
- *LUF* is the assigned Load Utilisation Factor for all Gas fired steam boilers as specified in Table F13.2.
- *Lifetime* is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F13.3.

Table F13.1 – Defaul Efficiency Improvement (DEI) for installing End-User Equipment

Activity type	Steam boiler operating pressure (bar)					
	8	10	12	15		
Installation of a sensor based blowdown control	0.0032	0.0034	0.0036	0.0038		
able F13.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fi	ired steam boi	lers				
Table F13.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fi Business classification	ired steam boi	lers				

#### Lifetime

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#### Name of Activity

#### INSTALL A BLOWDOWN FLASH STEAM HEAT RECOVERY SYSTEM ON GAS FIRED STEAM BOILER

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be installed on a single, or multiple, Gas fired steam boiler(s) as defined in AS/NZS 3814.
- 2. The Gas fired steam boiler on which the End-User Equipment is installed must be located at a Site classified under the BCA as one or more of the following: Class 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 buildings.
- The Gas fired steam boiler on which the End-User Equipment is installed must have an existing sensor based blowdown control, or have a sensor based blowdown control installed at the time of commissioning of the End-User Equipment.
- 4. The End-User Equipment cannot replace existing End-User Equipment regardless of its condition

#### **Equipment Requirements**

1. The End-User Equipment must be a blowdown flash steam heat recovery system that it jects flash steam from boiler blowdown into the boiler feed water tank via a sub-surface sparge ling.

#### **Implementation Requirements**

1. The installation must be in accordance with manufacturer guideline. Mevant standards and legislation and any requirements specified by the Scheme Administrator.

#### Activity Energy Savings

For each Implementation:

Deemed Equipment Gas Savings =  $P \times DEI \times MF \times Lifetime \times 8760 \div 1000$ 

Where:

- *P* is the current nameplate capacity of the Gas fired steam boiler on which the End-User Equipment is installed, in kW. For End-User Equipment that recovers flash steam from blowdown from multiple steam boilers, the combined nameplate capacity of the steam boilers can be used.
- *DEI* is the Default Efficiency Improvement (as a fraction, not as a percentage) for installing the End-User Equipment as specified in Table F14.1. Use your average operating pressure as defined in AS/NZS 3814, or the next lowest pressure in this table. If your average operating pressure is less than 8 bar, use 8 bar.
- *LUF* is the assigned Load Utilisation Factor for all Gas fired steam boilers as specified in Table F14.2. *Lifetime* is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F14.3.

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Table 714.1 – Default Efficiency Improvement (DEI) for installing End-User Equipment					
Activity type	Steam boiler average operating pressure (bar)				
7	8	10	12	15	
Installation of a blowdown flash steam heat recovery system	0.0052	0.0059	0.0065	0.0072	

#### Table F14.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fired steam boilers

ŀ	Business classification	LUF
A	All	0.206

Lifetime

Table F14.3 End-User Equipment Lifetime					
End-User Equipment type Years					
All 10					

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#### Name of Activity

#### INSTALL A RESIDUAL BLOWDOWN HEAT EXCHANGER ON GAS FIRED STEAM BOILER

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

- 1. The End-User Equipment must be installed on single, or multiple, Gas fired steam boiler(s) as defined in /NZS 3814.
- 2. The Gas fired steam boiler on which the End-User Equipment is installed must be located at a Site classified under the BCA as one or more of the following: Class 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 buildings.
- 3. The Gas fired steam boiler on which the End-User Equipment is installed must have an existing sensor based blowdown control, or have a sensor based blowdown control installed at the time of commissioning of the End-User Equipment.
- 4. The End-User Equipment cannot replace existing End-User Equipment regardless of its condition
- 5. A fluid stream below 40°C, such as boiler makeup water, must be available at all times to transfer heat from the boiler blowdown.

#### **Equipment Requirements**

1. The End-User Equipment must be a residual blowdown heat exchanger; such that it transfers heat from the steam boiler's blowdown fluid to a fluid stream with a temperature not exceeding 10°C, such as steam boiler makeup water.

#### Implementation Requirements

1. The installation must be in accordance with manufacturer guidelines, relevant standards and legislation and any requirements specified by the Scheme Administration

#### **Activity Energy Savings**

For each Implementation:

Deemed Equipment Gas Savings =  $P \times DH \times LUF \times Lifetime \times 8760 \div 1000$ 

Where:

- *P* is the current nameplate capacity of the Gas fired steam boiler on which the End-User Equipment is installed, in kW. For End-User Equipment that recovers heat from blowdown from multiple steam boilers, the combined nameplate capacity of the steam boilers can be used.
- DEI is the Default Efficiency Improvement (as a fraction, not as a percentage) for installing the End-User Equipment as specified in Table F15.1. Use your average operating pressure as defined in AS/NZS 3814, or the rest lowest pressure in this table. If your average operating pressure is less than 8 bar, use 8 bar.
  UF is the assigned Load Utilisation Factor for all Gas fired steam boilers as specified in Table F15.2.
  - Lifetime is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F15.3.

#### Table F15.1 – Default Efficiency Improvement (DEI) for installing End-User Equipment

Activity type	Steam boiler operating pressure (bar)					
	8	10	12	15		
Installation of a residual blowdown heat exchanger	0.0038	0.0037	0.0036	0.0035		

Table F15.2 Load Utilisation Factor (LUF) for Gas fired steam boilers

Business classification LUF
All 0.206

Fable F15.3 End-User Equipment LifetimeEnd-User Equipment type	Years	
All	10	
	Reup	Motowik
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#### Name of Activity

#### <u>REPLACE ONE OR MORE EXISTING HOT WATER BOILERS OR WATER HEATERS WITH ONE OR</u> <u>MORE AIR SOURCE HEAT PUMP WATER HEATER SYSTEMS</u>

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

- <u>1.</u> The existing End-User Equipment must be gas or electric resistance hot water boiler(s) or water heater(s).
- 2. The existing gas or electric resistance hot water boiler(s) or water heater(s) does not have to be in working order at the time of replacement.
- 3. The existing End-User Equipment must be a gas hot water boiler(s) or gas water heater(s) if the new End-Use Equipment is a gas boosted air sourced heat pump
- 4. The End-User Equipment must not be installed in a BCA Class 1 or 4 building.

#### **Equipment Requirements**

- 1. The installed End-User Equipment must be an air source heat pump water heater as defined by AS/NZS 4234
- 2. The installed End-User Equipment must achieve minimum annual energy savings, when determined as an air
- sourced heat pump in accordance with the modelling procedure Published by the Scheme Administrator, of:
   60% when modelled in climate zone HP3-AU if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;
   60% when modelled in climate zone HP5-AU if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 7 or 8;
- 3. The installed End-User Equipment must be certified to comply with ASAVZS X12 if it has a storage volume less than or equal to 700L.

#### **Installation Requirements**

- 1. The existing End-User Equipment must be removed.
- 2. The replacement End-User Equipment must be installed at a Site in accordance with the Equipment Requirements.
- 3. The activity, including the removal of any existing land. User Equipment, must be performed or supervised by a suitably qualified licence holder in compliance with the relevant standards and legislation.

#### **Equipment Energy savings**

If the system(s) being replaced are gas-fired hot water boilers or gas-fired water heaters:

Deemed Activity Gas Savards = 
$$\sum_{systems} \left[ \left( \frac{RefElec}{0.788} \right) - HPGas \right] \times Capacity Factor \times Lifetime/3.6$$

$$Deemed \ Activity \ Electricity \ Savings = \sum_{systems} [-HPElec] \times Capacity \ Factor \times Lifetime/3.6$$

If the system(s) being replaced are electric resistance hot water boilers or electric resistance water heaters:

$$Qeemed \ Activity \ Gas \ Savings = \sum_{systems} [-HPGas] \times Capacity \ Factor \times Lifetime/3.6$$

 $Deemed \ Activity \ Electricity \ Savings = \sum_{systems} [RefElec - HPElec] \times Capacity \ Factor \times Lifetime/3.6$ 

Where:

- *RefElec* is the annual electrical energy (GJ/year) used by a reference electric resistance water heater determined in accordance with the modelling procedure Published by the Scheme Administrator and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator;
- *HPElec* is the annual electrical energy (GJ/year) used by the End-User Equipment, determined in accordance with the modelling procedure Published by the Scheme Administrator and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator;

- *HPGas* is the annual gas energy (GJ/year) used by the End-User Equipment, determined in accordance with the modelling procedure Published by the Scheme Administrator, when modelled in the climate zone in which it is installed and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator;
   *Capacity Factor* is:
  - 1, if HPCap <= WHCap; or</li>
     WHCap / HPCap, if HPCap > WHCap

Where *HPCap* is the total rated capacity (kW) of the heat pump water heater(s) being installed, as defined in in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator, and *WHCap* is the total rated capacity (kW) of the End-User Equipment being replaced.

• *Lifetime* is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F16.1.

Lifetime	46
Table F16.1	
End-User Equipment type     Years       All     12	
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#### Name of Activity

#### INSTALL ONE OR MORE AIR SOURCE HEAT PUMP WATER HEATER SYSTEMS

#### Eligibility Requirements

1. The New End-User Equipment must not be installed in a BCA Class 1 or 4 building.

#### **Equipment Requirements**

- 2. The New End-User Equipment must be an air source heat pump water heater as defined by AS/NZS 4234.
- 3. The New End-User Equipment must achieve minimum annual energy savings, when determined as an an
- sourced heat pump in accordance with the modelling procedure Published by the Scheme Administrator,
- a. 60% when modelled in climate zone HP3-AU if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 2, 3, 4, 5
  - b. 60% when modelled in climate zone HP5-AU if the Site is in BCA Climate Zone 7 or 8
- 4. The New End-User Equipment must be certified to comply with AS/NZS 2712 if it has a storage notume less than or equal to 700L.

#### **Installation Requirements**

- 1. The New End-User Equipment must be installed at a Site in accordance with the Equipment Requirements.
- 2. The activity must be performed or supervised by a suitably qualified licence holder in compliance with the

 $\times$  Lifetime/3.6

**HPGas** 

relevant standards and legislation.

#### **Equipment Energy savings**

Deemed Activity Gas Savings =  $\sum_{n=1}^{n}$ 

Deemed Activity Electricity Series  $c = \sum [-HPElec] \times Lifetime/3.6$ 

Where:

- <u>RefElec</u> is the annual electrical energy (UJ/year) used by a reference electric resistance water heater determined in accordance with the model interpretedure Published by the Scheme Administrator and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator:
- <u>HPElec</u> is the annual electrical energy (GJ/year) used by the End-User Equipment, determined in accordance with the modelling procedure Published by the Scheme Administrator and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator;
- HPGas is the annual gas energy (GJ/year) used by the End-User Equipment, determined in accordance with the modelling provedure Published by the Scheme Administrator and accepted in a manner determined by the Scheme Administrator;
  - *Letime* is the number of years that savings will be deemed as specified in Table F17.1.

# Lifeture Table F17.1 End-User Equipment Years All 12

Schedule G – (deleted)

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